GOVERNMENT COLLEGE(A) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE UG: BCOM AND BBA MODEL PAPERS 2021-22

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

I Year B Com (General & CA) Semester – I COM301: Fundamentals of Accounting

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max Marks: 50

 $\underline{SECTION - A} \quad (5 \times 3 = 15 Marks)$

Answer any FIVE of the following. ఈ క్రింది ప్రశ్నలలో ఐదింటికి సమాధానాలు వ్రాయుము.

- Advantages of Financial Accounting.
 ఆర్థిక గణక శాస్త్రం యొక్క ప్రయోజనాలు.
- 2. Classification of Accounts భాతాల వర్షకరణ
- Write about briefly various Subsidiary Books
 వివిధ రకాల సహాయక పుస్తకాలను గూర్పి క్లుప్తంగా బ్రాయుము.
- 4. Journalise the following transactions in the books of Rama Krishna. 2016 March 1, Rama Krishna commenced Business with Rs. 14,000

March 3, Goods purchased from Rajesh Rs. 3,000

March 18, Cash paid to Rajesh Rs. 2,000

March 25, Wages paid Rs. 500

ఈ క్రింది వ్యవహారాలకు రామ కృష్ణ పుస్తకాలలో చిట్టా పద్దులు వ్రాయుము.

2016 మార్చి 1, రామ కృష్ణ రూ. 14,000/- నగదుతో వ్యాపారా $n_{\rm g}$ ప్రారంభించెను.

మాల్స్ 3, రాజేష్ దగ్గర కొన్న సరుకు రూ. 3,000/-

మాల్చి 18, రాజేష్ కు చెల్లించిన నగదు రూ. 2,000/-

మాల్న 25, వేతనాల చెల్లింపు రూ. 500

5. Prepare Purchase Book from the following particulars.

2016 July 1, Goods purchased from Ramu Rs. 10,000

July 8, Goods purchased from Suneel Rs. 4,000

July 12, Goods purchased from Praveen for cash Rs. 3,000

July 24, Goods purchased from Vijay Rs. 6,000 (Trade Discount 5%)

క్రింది వ్యవహారాలతో కొనుగోలు చిట్టా తయారు చేయండి.

2016 జూలై 1, రాము దగ్గర సరుకు కొనుగోలు రూ. 10,000

జూలై 8, సునీల్ వద్ద సరుకు కొనుగోలు రూ. 4,000

జూలై 12, ప్రబీణ్ దగ్గర నగదుకు సరుకు కొనుగోలు రూ. 3,000

జూలై 24, విజయ్ దగ్గర కొన్న సరుకు రూ. 6,000 (వర్షకపు డిస్కౌంట్ 5%)

- Explain the importance of Bank Reconciliation Statement.
 బ్యాంకు నల్మల సమస్వయ పట్టిక యొక్క స్థాముఖ్యతను ఐవరంపుము.
- 7. Analyse the reasons for the any four differences in the Cash Book and Pass Book balances. నగదు పుస్తకం, పాస్ పుస్తకం నల_కల మధ్య పుంచే తేడాలకు గల కారణాలను ఏమైనా నాళ్లంటిన పినేచించుము.
- 8. Prepare Trail Balance for the following particulars.

	Rs.		Rs.
Capital	62,000	Cash in hand	35,000
Cash at Bank	10,000	Salaries	2,000
Sales	2,25,000	Buildings	20,000
Bills Receivable	5,000	Purchases	2,00,000
Opening Stock	20,000	Bills Payable	5,000
Ha San numer			

ఈ క్రింది వివరాల నుండి అంకణాను తయారు చేయండి.

	ರ್.		ರ್ಯ.
మూలధనం	62,000	చేతిలో నగదు	35,000
ಬ್ಯಾಂకು ಲ್ ನಗದು	10,000	ಚಿತಾಲು	2,000
ಅಮ್ಡಕಾಲು	2,25,000	భవనాలు	20,000
వసూలు జిల్లులు	5,000	కొనుగోర్బ	2,00,000
ప్రారంభవు సరుకు	20,000	చెల్లింపు జల్లులు	5,000

$\underline{SECTION - B} \quad (5 \times 7 = 35 \text{ Marks})$

Answer ALL questions. ప్రశ్నలన్నింటికి సమాధాన బుమ్ము.

Define Accounting? Describe the Objectives and functions.
 అకౌంటింగ్ ను నర్వచించి, ద్వేయాలను, విధులను తెలపండి.

(Or)

10. Journalise the following transactions in the books of Kalpana.

2016 March 1 - Commenced business with cash Rs. 1,00,000

March 3 - Cash deposited into Bank Rs. 25,000

March 6 - Cash Sales Rs. 20,000

March 10 - Purchased Machinery by cheque Rs. 30,000

March 16 - Sold goods to Ratan Rs. 15,000

March 19 - Withdrew from bank for private use Rs. 5,000

March 24 - Salaries paid Rs. 9,000

March 29 - Cash paid to Ratan Rs. 13,500

ఈ క్రింది వ్యవహారాలకు కల్పన పుస్తకాలలో చిట్టా పద్దులు బ్రాయండి.

2016, ಮಾಲ್ವ 1 – ನಗದುಟ್ ವ್ಯಾಪಾರ ಪ್ರಾರಂಭಂ ರೂ. 1,00,000

3 - బ్యాంకులో జమ చేసింది రూ. 25,000

6 – నగదు అమ్మకాలు రూ. 20,000

10 —చెక్కు ద్వారం యంత్రం కొనుగోలు రూ. 30,000

- 16 రశన్ గు అమ్మని పదుగు దూ. 15,000
- 19 කුලීෆ්ස් සක්ත්ර සිංග්ර සැංග්ර කිරෙසී සිංග රාං. 5,000
- 24 జీతాల పెల్లంపు దూ. 9,000
- 29 రతన్ చెబ్లంచిన నగడు రూ. 13,500
- 11. Record the following transactions in the Three Column Cash Book.
 - 2016 May 1 Balance of Cash Rs. 20,000 and Bank Rs. 27,000
 - 2 Received Cash Rs. 4,000 and Cheque Rs. 4,800 from Bindu and Discount allowed Rs. 200
 - 4 Cash deposited into Bank Rs. 4,000
 - 6 Paid Cash Rs. 2,000 and Cheque Rs. 2,400 and Discount received Rs. 100
 - 14 Paid by cheque to Divya Rs. 4,500
 - 20 Withdrew from bank for office use Rs. 3,000
 - 26 Wages paid Rs. 4,000
 - 28 Rent paid through cheque Rs. 2,000

క్రింది వ్యవహారాలను మూడు వరుసల నగదు చిట్టాలో బ్రాయుము.

- 2016 మే 1- నగదు నిల్మ రూ. 20,000 మరియు బ్యాంకు రూ. 27,000
 - 2 అందు నుండి వచ్చిన నగదు రూ. 4,000, చెక్కు రూ. 4,800 మరియు డిస్కౌంట్ రూ. 200.
 - 4 బ్యాంకులో జమ చేసినది రూ. 4,000
 - 6 మహేష్ కు చెల్లింపు నగదు ద్వారా రూ. 2,000, చెక్కు ద్వారా రూ.2,400, పచ్చిన డిస్కౌంట్ రూ.100
 - 14 చెక్కు ద్వారా దివ్య కు చెల్లింపు రూ. 4,500
 - 20 ఆఫీస్ అవసరాల నిమిత్తం బ్యాంకు నుండి తీసింది రూ. $3{,}000$
 - 26 వేతనాల చెల్లింపు రూ. 4,000
 - 28 చెక్కు ద్వారా అద్దె చెల్లింపు రూ. 2,000

(Or)

- 12. Prepare a Petty Cash Book from the information given below.
 - 2016 January 1, Cash given to the Petty Cashier Rs. 5,000
 - 2, Paid Carriage Rs. 50 and Stationary Rs. 100
 - 3, Paid Coolie Charges Rs. 20, Travelling Expenses Rs. 150
 - 4. Paid expenses in relation to Refreshments Rs. 500
 - 5, Paid postage Rs. 100 and Sundry Expenses Rs. 100

క్రింది వివరాల నుండి చిల్లర నగదు చిట్టా తయారు చేయండి.

- 2016 జనవర్, 1. చిన్న షరాబు కు ఇచ్చిన నగదు రూ. 5,000
 - 2. రవాణా చెల్లింపు రూ.50, స్టేషనర్ రూ. 100
 - 3. కూరీ ఖర్సుల చెబ్లింపు రూ. 20, ప్రయాణ ఖర్సులు రూ. 150
 - 4. బందుకు సంబందించిన ఖర్పుల చెల్లింపు రూ. 500
 - 5. పోస్ట్ జి చెల్లెంపు రూ.100 మరియు వివిధ ఖర్చులు రూ. 100

- 13. From the following particulars prepare Bank Reconciliation Statement as on 31-3-2016
 - Bank balance as per Cash Book Rs. 12,000
 - 2. Cheques issued but not presented for payment Rs. 4,500
 - 3. Direct deposits in the Bank by the Customer Rs. 3,500
 - Cheques deposited but not collected Rs. 7,500
 - Bank charges debited only in passbook Rs. 500
 - Interest credited only in pass book Rs. 1,000

క్రింది వివరాల ఆధారంగా మాల్చ 31, 2016 నాటికి బ్యాంకు నిల్వల సమన్వయ పట్టికను తయారు ವೆಯಂಡಿ.

- 1. నగదు పుస్తకం ప్రకారం పున్న నిల్మ రూ. 12,000
- 2. සංච చేసిన చెక్కు చెల్లింపుకు దాఖలు కానివి రూ . 4,500
- 3. ආමංග ත්රා 6 නෙන්න් සහ ත්රීත් 6 හා 6 නෙන්න් 6 නෙන්න්
- 4. వసూలుకు ప౦పిన చెక్కులు వసూలు కానివి రూ. 7,500
- 5. పాస్ పుస్తకంలో డెజట్ చేసిన బాంక్ చార్జీలు రూ. 500
- 6. పాస్ పుస్తకంలో మాత్రమె క్రెడిట్ చేసిన వడ్డీ రూ. 1,000

- 14. From the following particulars prepare Bank Reconciliation Statement as on 31-12-2015 1.Overdraft balance as per Pass Book Rs. 16,500

 - Interest on overdraft debited only in Pass Book Rs. 250
 - 3. Bank charges debited only in Pass Book Rs. 50
 - 4. Cheques issued but not presented for payment Rs. 3,000
 - 5. Cheques deposited but not collected Rs. 4,000
 - 6. Interest on Investment collected by banker, recorded only in Pass Book Rs. 2,000 క్రింది వివరాల ఆధారంగా డిసెంబర్ 31, 2015 నాటికి బ్యాంకు నిల్వల సమన్వయ పట్టిక **ತಯಾರು ವೆಯಂಡಿ**.
 - 1. పాస్ పుస్తకం ప్రకారం ఓవర్ డ్రాఫ్డ్ నిల్మ రూ. 16,500
 - 2. పాస్ పుస్తకంలో మాత్రమే డెజట్ చేసిన ఓవర్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ పై వడ్డీ రూ. 250
 - 3. పాస్ పుస్తకంలొ డెజిట్ చేసిన బాంక్ చార్లీలు రూ. 50
 - 4. සංර చేసిన చెక్కులు చెల్లింపుకు దాఖలు కానివి రూ. $3,\!000$
 - ${f 5}$, వసూలుకు పంపిన చెక్కులు వసూలు కానివి రూ. ${f 4,}000$
 - 6. బ్యాంకరు పెట్టుబడుల మీద వడ్డీ పసూలు చేసి, పాస్ పుస్తకంలో మాత్రమే నమోదు చేసినందుకు రూ. 2,000
- 15. Explain the various types of Errors. వివిధ రకాల తప్పలను వివరించండి.

16. Prepare Trial Balance from the following Balances.

	Rs.		Rs.
Cash	85,600	Bank	7,800
Capital	1,00,000	Creditors	6,000
Purchases	40,000	Discount received	200
Sales	35,000	Discount allowed	500
Salaries	5,000	Advertisements	700
Furniture	300	Interest received	500
Stationery	800	Drawings	1,000

ਉಂದ ಇಪ್ಪಿನ ಸಲ್ಯಲ ಸಚ್ಚಯಂತ್ ಅಂರಡ್ ಚರ್ಯರು ವಿಯಂಡಿ,

	හැ.න		ひゅ,ಲು
ನಗದು	85,600	ಬ್ಯಾಂರು	7,800
ಮಾಲಧನಂ	1,00,000	නාාශ සංශුයා	6,000
రానుగోలు	40,000	వబ్బన డిస్కాంర్	200
అమ్మకాలు	35,000	జబ్బన డిస్కాంర్	500
ಚಿತ್ತಾಲು	5,000	ప్ర రట నలు	700
ఫర్మచరు	300	చబ్బన దడ్డి	500
స్టేషనల	800	ಎ	1,000

17. From the following Trial Balance of Hima Bindu. Prepare Final Accounts as on 31-3-2016.

Particulars	Debit Balance (Rs.)	Credit Balance (Rs.)
Purchases and Sales	1,25,000	1,75,000
Returns	1,000	4,700
Rent	2,500	500
Opening Stock	15,000	
Debtors and Creditors	30,000	25,000
Salaries	22,500	7 <u></u>
Wages	10,800	
Machinery	10,000	
Furniture	10,000	
Cash	29,400	
Interest	2,500	
Discount	5,000	1,000
Drawings	6,300	
Capital		63,800
·-	2,70,000	2,70,000

Closing Stock Rs. 15,000

31.3.2016 నాటి హిమఐందు అంకణా అధారంగా ముగింపు లెక్కలు తయారు చేయండి

ຄສບ•ຍນ	යික්ර (ජාංචා)	වුයන් (ජා∙.භා)
కౌనుగోర్కు, అమ్మకాలు	1,25,000	1,75,000
ສາຄຸ້ານອນ ສາຄຸ້ານອນ	1,000	4,700
అద్దె	2,500	500
స్రారంభపు సరుకు	12,000	
യാന്യസ്സ് ല , ബാന്ദ്രാര്	30,000	25,000
ಜ್ಞಿತಾಲು	22,500	
వేత నాలు	10,800	
ಯಂಕ್ರಾಲು	10,000	
ఫర్మచరు	10,000	
ನಗದು	29,400	
పడ్డీ	2,500	70
డిస్కాంట్	5,000	1,000
ಸಾಂತವಾಡಕಾಲು	6,300	
మూలధనం		63,800
	2,70,000	2,70,000

ముగింపు సరుకు రూ. 15,000

(Or)

18. From the following Trial Balance of Lakshmi Narayana. Prepare Final Accounts as on 31-3-2016.

Particulars	Debit Balance	Credit Balance
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)
Opening Stock	75,000	
Purchases, Sales	2,45,000	3,50,000
Wages	50,000	
Discount		5,000
Furniture	17,000	
Salaries	7,500	
Rent	4,950	
Sundry Expenses	7,050	
Creditors		15,030
Divident paid	9,000	
Capital		1,00,000
Debtors	37,500	
Bank Overdraft		17,500
Plant, Machinery	29,000	
Cash at Bank	16,200	
General Reserve		15,500
Patents	4,830	
	5,03,030	5.03.030

Adjustments:

1. Closing Stock Rs. 82,000

2. Depreciation on Furniture - 10%, Machinery - 10%

3. Outstanding Salaries Rs. 1,000

4. Prepaid Rent Rs. 450

31.3.2016 ನಾಟಿ ಲಕ್ಷ್ಮಿ ನಾರಾಯಣ ಅಂಕಣಾ ಆಧಾರಂಗಾ ಮುಗಿಂಪು ಲಕ್ಕಲು ತರ್ಯಾರು ವೆಯಂಡಿ.

ಕಿಸರಾಲು	විසති	පුයග්
	(ರ್ಚಾಲು)	(හැ.లා)
ప్రారంభపు సరుకు	75,000	
ಕೌಸುಗ್'ಲು, ಅಮ್ನಕಾಲು	2,45,000	3,50,000
వేతనాలు	50,000	
යී∂ැ₃ටහි		5,000
ఫర్నచరు	17,000	
జీతాలు	7,500	
అద్దె	4,950	
ಶಿ ವಿಧ ಕುರ್ಗುಲು	7,050	
ಬುಣ ದಾ ತಲು		15,030
చెల్లించిన డివిడెండ్	9,000	
మూలధనం		1,00,000
ఋၛႄ႘ၟၹၟၙၑႄ	37,500	
బ్యాంకు ఓవర్ డ్రాఫ్ట్		17,500
ప్లాంట్, యంత్రాలు	29,000	
బ్యాంకు లో నగదు	16,200	
ಸಾಧಾರಣ ಲ ಜರು _ವ		15,500
పేటెంట్లు	4,830	,
	5,03,030	5.03.030

సర్దుబాట్లు:

- 1. ముగింపు సరుకు రూ. 82,000/-.
- 2. తరుగుదల ఫర్నెచర్ పై 10% మరియు యంత్రాల పై 10%
- 3. చెစ్లించార్సిన జీతాలు రూ. 1,000
- 4. ముందుగా చెల్లించిన అద్దె రూ. 450/-.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.c.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

1 Year B Com (General & CA) Semester – I COM302: Business Organisation and Management MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max Marks: 50

 $\underline{SECTION - \Lambda} \quad (5 \times 3 = 15 Marks)$

Answer any FIVE of the following. ఈ క్రేంది వానిలో బదింటికి సమాధానమిమ్ము.

- Classification of Industries పంశ్రమలను పర్గికరించుము
- Difference between Business, Profession and Employment. వ్యాపారము , వృత్తి మలయు ఉద్యోగము మధ్య తేడాలు
- 3. Multi National Companies
- 4. Difference between Memorandum and Articles of Association సంస్థాపన పత్రం మరియు నియమావరి మధ్య తేడాలు
- Company Incorporation కంపెనీ వ్యవస్థాపన
- 6. Levels of Management గుర్వహణ స్థాయిలు
- Types of Plans. ప్రణాజికల రకాలు
- Line Organisation. లైన్ వ్యవస్థ

$\underline{SECTION - B} \quad (5 \times 7 = 35 Marks)$

Answer ALL questions. ಈ ಕ್ರಿಂದ ಪ್ರಸ್ನಲನ್ನಿಂಟಿಕೆ ಸಮಾಧಾನಮಮ್ಮ.

9. Define Trade. Explain various aids to trade వర్తకము నిర్యవించి, వివిధ రకాల వర్తక సదుపాయాలు గురించి వివలించండి.

Or

- 10. What are the factors influencing the choice of suitable form of Organisation.
 వ్యవస్థా స్వరూపాన్మి ఎంపిక చేసుకొనుటకు ప్రభావితం చేసే అంశాలు పవి.
- 11. Define Partnership Firm. Explain the merits and demerits of Partnership firm. ఖాగస్వామ్మ బ్యాపారాన్మ సిర్వచింది. అందరి ప్రయోజనాలు మరియు లోపాలను వివరించండి.

Or

12. What are the differences between Private Company and Public Company ప్రైవేటు కంపనీ మలయు పబ్లక్ కంపెనీ ల మధ్య తేడాలు ఏఐ.

13. Define Memorandum of Association. Explain the various clauses in it. సంస్థాపన పత్రమును నిర్వచించి అందరి వివిధ గ్రామాలను గూర్తి వివరించండి.

Or

- Define Prospectus. Explain its contents.
 పరిచయ పత్రమును నిర్యచించి, అందరి అంతాలను వివరించండి.
- 15. Describe the Henry Fayol's Principles of Management. పాశ్రీ ఫియల్స్ నర్వహణ సూత్రాలను తెల్బము.

Or

- 16. Define Management. State the Characteristics of Management. నిర్వహణను నిర్వచించి. నిర్వహణ యొక్క లక్షణాలను తెల్పుము.
- 17. Explain the functions of Management. నిర్వహణా విధులను వివరింపుము.

Or

18. Enumerate the merits and demerits of Planning. ప్రణావికీకరణ యొక్క ప్రయోజనాలను మరియు లోపాలను వివరింపుము.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

I Year B Com (General) Semester - I

COM303: Business Environment MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max Marks: 50

 $\underline{SECTION - \Lambda} \quad (5 \times 3 = 15 Marks)$

Answer any FIVE of the following. ఈ క్రింది వానిలో ఐదింటికి సమాధానదుమ్ము.

- 1. Legal Environment న్యాయపరమైన వాతావరణం
- 2. Economic Growth ఆర్థిక వృద్ధి
- 3. National Development Council පැමිණ ඉතුනුවූ කාංජව
- Union Budget
 యూనియన్ బడ్జెట్
- 5. Monetary Policy ద్రవ్య బధానం
- Social Justice సామాజిక న్యాయం
- 7. Political Stability రాజకీయ స్టిరత్వం
- Globalisation ప్రపంచీకరణ

$\underline{SECTION - B} \quad (5 \times 7 = 35 Marks)$

Answer ALL questions. ಈ ಕ್ರಿಂದ ప్రశ్నలన్నింటెకి సమాధానమమ్మ.

 Define Business Environment, explain the macro economic factors affecting business environment.
 బ్యాపార పర్యాపరణాన్మ నిర్వచింది, బ్యాపార పర్యాపరణాన్మి ప్రభావితం చేసే స్థూల ఆర్ధిక కారకాల గూల్పి వివరించండి.

Or

- 10. Define Business Environment, explain the micro economic factors affecting business environment.
 ಪ್ರಾಪಾರ పర్యావరణాన్ని నిర్వచింది, వ్యాపార పర్యావరణాన్న ప్రభావితం చేసే సూక్ష్మ ఆర్ధిక కారకాల గూల్పై వివరించింది.

Explain the structure and functioning of NITI Aayog.

వీడి అయోగ్ నిర్మాణం మరియు పనిడీరు గురించి వవరించండే .

13. Explain the objectives and limitations of fiscal policy.

ర్లెష్మ విధానం లక్ష్మాలను మరియు పరిమితులను గూర్పి వివరించింది.

Or

- Explain the structure and functioning of Competition Law in India.
 భారతదేశం లో పకటి చట్టం యొక్క నిర్మాణం మండుు పనితీరును వివరించండి.
- 15. Define Social Justice? Explain the various schemes of social justice in India. సామాజిక న్యాయం గూర్ప బవరించండి. భారతదేశంలో సామాజిక న్యాయం యొక్క బవిధ పథకాలను గూర్ప బవరించండి.

Or

- Explain the concept of Social Responsibility. సామాజిక బాధ్యత అనే భావనను వివరంచండి.
- 17. Describe the functions of WTO WTO విధులను తెల్పుము.

Or

18. Explain about the SAARC SAARC ను గూర్తి వివరింపుము.

(Accredited by NAAC "A+" Grade)

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & APPLICATIONS I B.Com. Computer Applications SYLLABUS (W.E.F 2020-2021)

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

MODEL QUESTION PAPER (W.E.F 2020-2021) SEMESTER – I

Time: 2 1/2 Hrs.

Max Marks: 50 M

SECTION - I

Answer any Two of the following:

2X5M=10 M

- 1. Explain types of Computers
- 2. Write the advantages of Word Processing
- 3. What is cell reference? Explain its types
- 4. Explain about Application of Multimedia

SECTION -II

4X10M=40 M

- Answer ALL Questions:
- 5. Define Computer? Explain the Basic components of Computer System
- 6. Define Operating System? Explain the various Functions of Operating System
- 7. What is Word Processing? Explain the features of Word Processing

(Or)

- 8. Explain the process of Mail Merge in Word Processing
- 9. Explain in detail various Functions in Spread Sheet

(Or)

- 10. What is Macro? Explain how to create and Record a Macro in Spread Sheet
- 11. Explain creation of power point presentation in detail.

(Or)

12. Explain different parts of power point window

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

I Year B Com (BIFS & AT-Hons.) Semester - I

COM301: Fundamentals of Accounting MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max Marks: 50

 $5 \times 3 = 15M$

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following.

1. Advantages of Financial Accounting.

2. Classification of Accounts

3. Write about briefly various Subsidiary Books

4. Journalise the following transactions in the books of Rama Krishna.

2016 March 1, Rama Krishna commenced Business with Rs. 14,000

March 3, Goods purchased from Rajesh Rs. 3,000

March 18, Cash paid to Rajesh Rs. 2,000

March 25, Wages paid Rs. 500

5. Prepare Purchase Book from the following particulars.

2016 July 1, Goods purchased from Ramu Rs. 10,000

July 8, Goods purchased from Suneel Rs. 4,000

July 12, Goods purchased from Praveen for cash Rs. 3,000

July 24, Goods purchased from Vijay Rs. 6,000 (Trade Discount 5%)

6. Explain the importance of Bank Reconciliation Statement.

7. Analyse the reasons for the any four differences in the Cash Book and Pass Book balances.

8. Prepare Trail Balance for the following particulars.

N 3 6	Rs.		Rs.
Capital	62,000	Cash in hand	35,000
Cash at Bank	10,000	Salaries	2,000
Sales	2,25,000	Buildings	20,000
Bills Payable	5,000	Purchases	2,00,000
Opening Stock	20,000	Bills Payable	5,000

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions.

 $5 \times 7 = 35 \text{ M}$

9. Define Accounting? Describe the Objectives and functions.

(Or)

10. Journalise the following transactions in the books of Kalpana.

2016 March 1 - Commenced business with cash Rs. 1,00,000

March 3 - Cash deposited into Bank Rs. 25,000

March 6 - Cash Sales Rs. 20,000

March 10 - Purchased Machinery by cheque Rs. 30,000

March 16 - Sold goods to Ratan Rs. 15,000

March 19 - Withdrew from bank for private use Rs. 5,000

March 24 - Salaries paid Rs. 9,000

March 29 - Cash paid to Ratan Rs. 13,500

11. Record the following transactions in the Three Column Cash Book.

2016 May 1 - Balance of Cash Rs. 20,000 and Bank Rs. 27,000

- 2 Received Cash Rs. 4,000 and Cheque Rs. 4,800 from Bindu and Discount allowed Rs. 200
- 4 Cash deposited into Bank Rs. 4,000
- 6 Paid Cash Rs. 2,000 and Cheque Rs. 2,400 and Discount received Rs. 100
- 14 Paid by cheque to Divya Rs. 4,500
 - 20 Withdrew from bank for office use Rs. 3,000
- 26 Wages paid Rs. 4,000
- 28 Rent paid through cheque Rs. 2,000

(Or)

- 12. Prepare a Petty Cash Book from the information given below.
 - 2016 January 1, Cash given to the Petty Cashier Rs. 5,000
 - 2, Paid Carriage Rs. 50 and Stationary Rs. 100
 - 3, Paid Coolie Charges Rs. 20, Travelling Expenses Rs. 150
 - 4. Paid expenses in relation to Refreshments Rs. 500
 - 5, Paid postage Rs. 100 and Sundry Expenses Rs. 100
- 13. From the following particulars prepare Bank Reconciliation Statement as on 31-3-2016
 - 1. Bank balance as per Cash Book Rs. 12,000
 - 2. Cheques issued but not presented for payment Rs. 4,500
 - 3. Direct deposits in the Bank by the Customer Rs. 3,500
 - 4. Cheques deposited but not collected Rs. 7,500
 - 5. Bank charges debited only in passbook Rs. 500
 - 6. Interest credited only in pass book Rs. 1,000

(Or)

- 14. From the following particulars prepare Bank Reconciliation Statement as on 31-12-2015
 - 1. Overdraft balance as per Pass Book Rs. 16,500
 - 2. Interest on overdraft debited only in Pass Book Rs. 250
 - 3. Bank charges debited only in Pass Book Rs. 50
 - 4. Cheques issued but not presented for payment Rs. 3,000
 - 5. Cheques deposited but not collected Rs. 4,000
 - 6. Interest on Investment collected by banker, recorded only in Pass Book Rs. 2,000
- 15. Explain the various types of Errors.

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(Or)

16. Prepare Trial Balance from the following Balances.

	R	S.		Rs.
Cash	85,600	Bank	7,800	
Capital	1,00,000	Creditors	6,000	
Purchases	40,000	Discount received	200	
Sales	35,000	Discount allowed	500	
Salaries	5,000	Advertisements	700	
Furniture	300	Interest received	500	
Stationery	800	Drawings	1,000	

From the following Trial Balance of Hima Bindu. Prepare Final Accounts as on 31-3-2016.

Particulars	Debit Balance (Rs.)	Credit Balance (Rs.)
Purchases and Sales	1,25,000	1,75,000
Returns	1,000	4,700
Rent	2,500	500
Opening Stock	15,000	
Debtors and Creditors	30,000	25,000
Salaries	22,500	
Wages	10,800	
Machinery	10,000	
Furniture	10,000	
Cash	29,400	
Interest	2,500	
Discount	5,000	1,000
Drawings	6,300	
Capital		63,800
Сарнаі	2,70,000	2,70,000

Closing Stock Rs. 15,000

(Or)

18. From the following Trial Balance of Lakshmi Narayana. Prepare Final Accounts as on 31-3-2016.

Particulars	Debit	Credit
	Balance	Balance
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)
Opening Stock	75,000	1222
Purchases, Sales	2,45,000	3,50,000
Wages	50,000	
Discount		5,000
Furniture	17,000	1 -1 2
Salaries	7,500	
Rent	4,950	
Sundry Expenses	7,050	
Creditors		15,030
Divident paid	9,000	
Capital		1,00,000
Debtors	37,500	
Bank Overdraft		17,500
Plant, Machinery	29,000	
Cash at Bank	16,200	
General Reserve		15,500
Patents	4,830	
	5,03,030	5.03.030

Adjustments:

- 1. Closing Stock Rs. 82,000
- 2. Depreciation on Furniture 10%, Machinery 10%
- 3. Outstanding Salaries Rs. 1,000
- 4. Prepaid Rent Rs. 450

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.c.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

I Year B Com (BIFS & AT-Hons.) Semester – I COM302: Business Organisation and Management MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max Marks: 50

SECTION - Λ (5×3 = 15Marks)

Answer any FIVE of the following.

- 1. Classification of Industries
- 2. Difference between Business, Profession and Employment.
- 3. Multi National Companies
- 4. Difference between Memorandum and Articles of Association
- 5. Company Incorporation
- 6. Levels of Management
- 7. Types of Plans.
- 8. Line Organisation.

SECTION - B $(5 \times 7 = 35 \text{Marks})$

Answer ALL questions.

9. Define Trade. Explain various aids to trade

Or

- 10. What are the factors influencing the choice of suitable form of Organisation.
- 11. Define Partnership Firm. Explain the merits and demerits of Partnership firm.

Or

- 12. What are the differences between Private Company and Public Company
- 13. Define Memorandum of Association. Explain the various clauses in it.

Or

- 14. Define Prospectus. Explain its contents.
- 15. Describe the Henry Fayol's Principles of Management.

Or

- 16. Define Management. State the Characteristics of Management.
- 17. Explain the functions of Management.

Or

18. Enumerate the merits and demerits of Planning.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.c.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

I Year B Com (BIFS & AT-Hons.) Semester - I

COM303: Business Environment MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max Marks: 50

SECTION – A $(5\times3 = 15Marks)$

Answer any FIVE of the following.

- 1. Legal Environment
- 2. Economic Growth
- 3. National Development Council
- 4. Union Budget
- 5. Monetary Policy
- 6. Social Justice
- 7. Political Stability
- 8. Globalisation

SECTION - B $(5 \times 7 = 35 \text{Marks})$

Answer ALL questions.

9. Define Business Environment, explain the macro economic factors affecting business environment.

Or

- 10. Define Business Environment, explain the micro economic factors affecting business environment.
- 11. Critically examine the factors affecting economic growth and development.

- 12. Explain the structure and functioning of NITI Aayog.
- 13. Explain the objectives and limitations of fiscal policy.

- 14. Explain the structure and functioning of Competition Law in India.
- 15. Define Social Justice? Explain the various schemes of social justice in India.

Or

- 16. Explain the concept of Social Responsibility.
- 17. Describe the functions of WTO

Or

18. Explain about the SAARC

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

I Year B.A (ESC) Semester - I

COM302: Business Organisation and Management MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max Marks: 50

 $\underline{SECTION - A} \quad (5 \times 3 = 15 Marks)$

Answer any FIVE of the following. ఈ క్రింది వానిలో ఐదింటికి సమాధానమిమ్మ.

- Classification of Industries పంశ్రమలను వర్గికరించుము
- 2. Difference between Business, Profession and Employment. వ్యాపారము ,వృత్తి మరియు ఉద్యోగము మధ్య తేడాలు
- Multi National Companies బహుక జాతీయ కంపెనీలు
- Difference between Memorandum and Articles of Association సంస్థాపన పత్రం మలయు నియమావరి మధ్య తేడాలు
- Company Incorporation కంపెనీ వ్యవస్థాపన
- 6. Levels of Management నిర్వహణ స్థాయిలు
- 7. Types of Plans. ప్రణాజికల రకాలు
- 8. Line Organisation. లైన్ వ్యవస్థ

$\underline{SECTION - B} \quad (5 \times 7 = 35 Marks)$

Answer ALL questions. ಈ ಕ್ರಿಂದ ప్రశ్నలన్నింటికి సమాధానమమ్మ.

9. Define Trade. Explain various aids to trade

ವರ್ರತಮು ನಿರ್ವವಿಂದಿ, ವಿವಿಧ ರಕಾಲ ವರ್ರಕ ಸದುವಾಯಾಲು ಗುರಿಂದಿ ವಿವರಿಂచಂಡಿ.

Or

- 10. What are the factors influencing the choice of suitable form of Organisation.
 - వ్యవస్థా స్వరూపాన్ని ఎంపిక చేసుకొనుటకు ప్రభావితం చేసే అంతాలు ఏవి.
- 11. Define Partnership Firm. Explain the merits and demerits of Partnership firm. ಭಾಗನ್ಯಾಮ್ಯ ವ್ಯಾಪಾರಾಸ್ನ ಸಿರ್ವವಿಂದಿ. ಅಂದರಿ ಪ್ರಯಾಜನಾಲು ಮರಿಯು ಲೌಪಾಲನು ಏವರಿಂದಂತೆ.

O

12. What are the differences between Private Company and Public Company ప్రైవేటు కంపనీ మరియు పబ్లెక్ కంపెనీ ల మధ్య తేడాలు ఏవి.

13. Define Memorandum of Association. Explain the various clauses in it. సంస్థాపన పత్రమును నర్యచించి అందరి వివర్గ బ్లాజులను గూర్తి వివరంచండే.

Or

- Define Prospectus. Explain its contents.
 ഇവന ഉപ്പാരം ഉപ്പാര
- 15. Describe the Henry Fayol's Principles of Management. హెస్ట్ ఫియల్స్ నిర్వహణ సూత్రాలను తెల్బము.

Or

- 16. Define Management. State the Characteristics of Management. నిర్వహణను నిర్వచించి, నిర్వహణ యొక్క లక్షణాలను తెల్ముము.
- 17. Explain the functions of Management. నిర్వహణా విధులను వివరింపుము.

Or

Enumerate the merits and demerits of Planning.
 ప్రణాలెకీకరణ యొక్క ప్రయోజనాలను మరియు లోపాలను వివరంపుము.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch) 1 Year B.A (ESC) - Semester - II

COM303: Business Environment MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following. ಈ ಕ್ರಿಂದಿ ವಾಸಿಲ್ ಎರಿಂಟಿಕೆ ಸಮಾಧಾನಮಿಮ್ಮು.

- Legal Environment ಸ್ಮಾಯವಿರಮಿನ ವಾಕಾವರಣಂ
- 2. Economic Growth ఆర్థిక ష్కర్
- National Development Council జాతీయ అధివృద్ధి మండరి
- 4. Union Budget యూనియన్ బర్జెట్
- 5. Monetary Policy ర్లెవ్య విధానం
- 6. Social Justice ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಸ್ಯಾಯಂ
- 7. Political Stability ರಾಜತಿಯ ಸ್ಥಿರತ್ಯಂ
- 8. Globalisation ప్రపంచీకరణ

$\underline{SECTION - B} \quad (5 \times 7 = 35 Marks)$

Answer ALL questions. ఈ క్రింది ప్రశ్నలన్మింటికి సమాధానబుమ్ము.

- 9. Define Business Environment, explain the macro economic factors affecting business
 - వ్యాపార పర్యాపరణాన్మి నిర్వచించి, వ్యాపార పర్యాపరణాన్ని ప్రభావితం చేసే స్టూల అర్ధిక కారకాల గూర్ప ವಿವರಿಂದಂಡೆ.

Or

- 10. Define Business Environment, explain the micro economic factors affecting business environment.
 - వ్యాపార పర్యాపరణాన్ని నిర్వచించి, వ్యాపార పర్యాపరణాన్ని ప్రభావితం చేసే సూక్ష్మ అర్ధిక కారకాల గూర్స్తి **ಶಿವರಂ**ರಂತಿ.

Critically examine the factors affecting economic growth and development.
 అర్థిక వృద్ధి మరియు అభివృద్ధిని ప్రభావితం చేసే అంశాలను విమర్శనాత్మకంగా పరశీవించింది.

Or

12. Explain the structure and functioning of NITI Aayog. మీజి అయోగ్ నిర్మాణం మరియు పనితీరు గురించి వివరించండి .

Explain the objectives and limitations of fiscal policy.

ర్రవ్య విధానం లక్ష్యాలను మరియు పరిమితులను గూర్పి వివరించండి.

O

- 14. Explain the structure and functioning of Competition Law in India. భారతదేశం లో పికటీ చట్టం యొక్క నర్మాణం మలయు పనితీరును వివలంచండి.
- 15. Define Social Justice? Explain the various schemes of social justice in India. సామాజిక న్యాయం గూల్ప్ వివరించండి. భారతదేశంలో సామాజిక న్యాయం యొక్క వివధ పధకాలను గూల్ప వివరించండి.

Or

- 16. Explain the concept of Social Responsibility. సామాజిక బాధ్యత అనే భావనను వివరించండి.
- 17. Describe the functions of WTO WTO విధులను తెల్పుము.

Or

18. Explain about the SAARC SAARC ను గూర్తి వివరింపుము.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

I Year B Com (General & CA) - Semester - II

COM304: Financial Accounting MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following. ఏవైనా ఐదింటికి సమాధానములు వ్రాయుము

 $(5\times3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. What are the causes of Depreciation? ತರುಗುದಲ ಕು ಗಲ ಕಾರಣಾಲು ಏಮಟಿ ?
- 2. What is secret reserve and advantages of secret reserve? రహస్య రిజర్యుఅంటే ఏమిటి ? దాని ఉపయోగాలు రాయండి.
- 3. A firm desires to debit its Profit and Loss Account with a uniform figure every year in respect of repairs and renewals. It expects that considering the life of the asset in question Rs. 10,000 will be the average amount to be spent per year. Actual repairs are Rs.1,000 in the first year, Rs. 2,300 in the second year and Rs. 3,700 in the third year. Show the Provision for Repairs and Renewals Account. ఒక సంస్థ ప్రతీ సంవత్సరం ఒకే విధమైన మొత్తమును మరమ్మత్తులు మరియు నవీకరణల కొరకు లాభ నష్టాల ఖాతాకు చెచిట్ చేయాలని నిశ్వయించారు. ఆస్త్రి జీవితాన్ని పరిగణనలోకి తీసుకుంటే రూ. 10,000 సంవత్సరానికి సగటున ఖర్వు చేయాన్ని ఉంటుంది. అసలు మరమ్మతులు మొదటి సంవత్సరంలో రూ. 1,000, రూ. 2,300, రెండో సంవత్సరంలో రూ. మూడో సಂವತ್ಸರಂಲ್ 3,700 ರೂಪಾಯಲು. ಮರಮ್ಮತುಲು ಮರಿಯ ನವಿತರಣಲ ಛಾಣಾನು ತಯಾರು ವೆಯುಮು.
- 4. Explain the features of joint venture. ಕಮ್ಮಡಿ ವ್ಯಾಪಾರಂ ಯುಕ್ಕ ಲಕ್ಷಣಾಲು ವಿವರಿಂದಂಡಿ.
- 5. What are the features of the Bill. జిల్లు కు వుండే లక్షణాలు ఏవి.
- Explain different types of Commissions. వివిధ రకాల కమిషన్ గూర్ని రాయండి.
- 7. A firm purchases a 5 years' lease for Rs. 4,00,000 on 1st January. It decides to write off depreciation on the Annuity Method, presuming the rate of interest to be 5 % per annum. The annity tables show that a sum of Rs. 92,390 should be written off every year. Show the Lease Account for five years. Calculations are to be made to the nearest rupee. ఒక సంస్థ 5 సంవత్సరాల లిజును జనవరి 1 న రూ. 4,00,000 లకు కొనుగోలు చేసినది. వార్షిక పద్ధతిలో తరుగుదల రాయాలని , సంవత్సరానికి 5% వడ్డీ రేటుతో నిర్ణయించుకుంటుంది. వార్షిక పట్టికలు రూ. ప్రతి సంవత్సరం 92,390 లు తగ్గిస్తూ, ఐదేళ్లపాటు ರಿಜ ಛಾತಾನು ತಯಾರು ವೆಯುಮು. ಸಮಿಪ ರಾವಾಯಿತಿ ಲಿಕ್ಕಲು ವೆಯಾರಿ.
- 8. What are the steps involved in 'Renewal of Bill'. සలు నబ్ఆరణ లో వుందే దశలు ఏప్.

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions ಅಸ್ತ್ರಿ ಪ್ರಕೃಲಕು ಸಮಾಧಾನ ಬುಮ್ಮು. $(5\times7 = 35 \text{ Marks})$

9. In January 1st 2014 machinery was purchased for rupees 10,500 and spend rupees 500 on its erection .Find out the amount of depreciation at 10 % to be charged under Fixed installment method every year and Prepare the plant account for the 4 years assuming that it is sold away for Rs 8,500 at the end of 4th year.

జనవర్ 1,2014 నాడు ఒక యెంత్రాన్స్ రూ.10,500 కౌనుగోలు చేసినారు. మరియు దాని స్థాపనకు రూ.500 గ్రార్స్ చేసారు , సంవత్సరానికి 10% దాష్కన స్థిర నిల్మల పద్దతి ప్రకారం 4 సవత్సరాలుకు తరుగుడల పిర్మాటు చేసి, 4ప సవత్సరం చివరన యెంత్రాన్స్ రూ. 8,500లకు అబ్బనట్లుగా భావించి , డిసెంబర్ 31 అకౌంటింగ్ సంవత్సరం చివర తేది అనుకున్నప్పడు ,యెంత్రం ఖాతాను 4 సంవత్సరాలకు తయారు చేయండి.

- 10. Nagesh purchased a Machine for Rs. 1,00,000 on 1st April, 2014. He purchased a second Machineon 1st January, 2015 for Rs. 50,000. On 31st December, 2016 the second Machine was sold for Rs. 40,000. He closes his books on 31st December every year and charges depreciation at 10% on written down value method. Show Machinery Account for 3 years. పెప్రిల్ 1, 2014 నాడు ఒక యంత్రాన్మనగేష్ రూ. 1,00,000 లకు కానుగోలు చేసినారు. అకడు రెండోప యంత్రాన్మ జనవం 1, 2015న రూ. 50,000 లకు కానుగోలు చేసిను. డెసెంబర్ 31, 2016 న రెండోప యంత్రాన్మ రూ. 40,000 లకు అమ్మెను. ప్రతి సంవత్సరం అకను భాతాలను డెసెంబర్ 31 న ముగిస్తారు మలయు తరుగుదల తగ్గుతున్మ నిల్మల పద్ధతిపై 10%. యంత్రం భాతాను 3 సంవత్సరాలకు తయారు చేయండి.
- 11. Bala Ram Ltd. maintains a provision for doubtful debts at 5 % on debtors and a provision for discount at 2% on debtors. The ledger balances for the year ending 2015 was as follows:

Particulars	1-1-2015	31-12-2015
Provision for doubtful debts	Rs. 1000	
Provision for discount	Rs. 400	
Bad debts written off		Rs. 300
Discount allowed		Rs. 200
Sundry debtors		Rs. 10,000

Prepare bad debts account, provision for doubtful debts account and provision for discount account in the books of Bala Ram Ltd. for the year ending 31-12-2015. బల రామ్ లెమిటెడ్ వారు సంశయాత్మక రాని బాకిల కొరుకు ఏర్పాట్లు 5%, డెస్కౌంట్ కొరకు ఏర్పాట్లు 2% వివర్గ ఋణ గ్రస్తుల పై ఏర్పాటు చేస్తున్నారు. 31-12-2015 తెది నాటికి వివరాలు క్రెంది విధంగా ఉన్నవి.

ಬಿ ಷರಾಲು	1-1-2015	31-12-2015
సంశయాత్మక రాగి బాకిల కొరుకు ఏర్పాట్లు	రూ . 1000	
డిస్కాంట్ కొరకు ఏర్పాట్లు	மு . 400	
రద్దుపరచిన రాని బాకీలు		மு. 300
ಇಪ್ಪಿನ ಡಿಸ್ಮಾಂಟ್		రూ . 200
စစ္စ္တင္ ဃာက ႐ွည္ခ်ာ့ၿာ		மு∙ . 10,000

31-12-2015 తేదినాడు రాని బాకీల ఖాతా, సంశయాత్మక రాని బాకీల కొరుకు ఏర్పాట్లు ఖాతా డిస్కాంట్ కొరకు ఏర్పాట్లు ఖాతా ను బల రామ్ లిమిటెడ్ పుస్తకాలలో తయారు చేయండి.

(Or)

- 12. Write about the different types of reserves. వివిధ రకాల రిజర్ముల గూర్పి రాయండి.
- 13. Pushpa purchases goods with Rs. 50,000 from Raghava on 1st August, 2014. She accepted a bill for Rs. 50,000 payable 2 months after due date. Raghava gets the bill discounted at 5% p.a. Pass Journal Entries in the books of Pushpa and Raghava. పుష్ప రూ. 50.000 ల సరుకును రాఘవ వద్ద ఆగస్ట్ 1. 2014న కొనుగోలు చేసిను. అందుకు గాను ఆమె రూ.50.000 లకు 2 నెలలకు పెల్లును అంగీకలంచెను. రాఘవ ఆ పెల్లును తన బ్యాంకు పెద్ద సంవత్సరానికి 5% హెచ్చన డిస్కౌంట్ చేసుకొనెను. పుష్ప మలయు రాఘవ పుస్త కాలలో చిట్టా పద్దులు ప్రాయండి.

- 14. Sandhya has drawn a bill for 3 months on Surya for the amount due from him for Rs. 10,000. On due date Sandhya received Rs. 4,000 from him and drew a new bill for the balance of Rs. 6,000 for a further period of 2 months with an interest of 6% p.a. which bill was accepted by Surya. On the due date of the new bill Surya failed to pay and dishonoured it. Pass journal entries in both the parties.

 సూర్య నుండి రావలసిన రూ. 10,000 ల బారీ మొత్తానికి సంధ్య ఇ నెలలరు ఒక ఇల్లును బ్రాసినిట్. గడువు తేదిన సంధ్య అతని నుండి రూ. 4,000 తీసుకాని, మగతా మొత్తం రూ. 0,000 లకు సంవత్సరానికి 6% పడ్డితో మరో 2 నెలలకు కొత్త ఇల్లును బ్రాయాగా సూర్య అంగీకలంచినాడు. కొత్త ఇల్లు గడువు నాడు సూర్య ఆ మొత్తాన్ని చెల్లంచనందున ఇల్లు అనాదరణ పొందినట్. ఇరువురి పుస్తకాలలో బిట్టా పద్దులు బ్రాయండి.
- 15. Raju of Amaravathi Sent 200 sewing machines costing Rs.500 each on consignment basis to Hemanth of Hyderabad to be sold by Hemanth at a Commission of 5 % on sales. Raju paid Rs.1500 towards expenses. On Machines reaching Hyderabad, Hemanth paid Rs.800 towards unloading charges. His other expenses were: Godown rent Rs. 1250 and Sales man's Salary Rs.700. Hemanth sold 150 sewing machines at Rs.600 each and sent account sales along with bank draft. Prepare ledger accounts in the books of consignor. అమరావతి లో రాజు 200 కుట్టు మషన్లను ఒక్కౌకటి రూ.500 హెప్పన హైదరాబాద్ లో ఉన్న హేమంత్ కు అమ్మకాలపై 5% కమిషన్ కు పంపడమైంది ,రాజు రూ.1500 ఖర్చు చెల్లెంచినాడు.సరుకు హైదరాబాద్ చేలనప్పడు హేమంత్ రూ.1500 బగుమతి కొరకు ,రూ.700 అమ్మకపుదారుని జీతము ,రూ.1250 గిర్డంగులు కు ఖర్చు చేసినాడు .హేమంత్ 150 కుట్టు మషన్లను ఒక్కౌకటి రూ.600 హెప్పన అమ్మనాడు మలయు మగిలిన మొతాన్న రాజు కు పంపినాడు .రాజు పుస్తకాలలో అవసరమైన ఖాతాలను చూపించందే .

(Or)

- 16. Kalya of Kakinada consigned 100 radios valued at rupees 500 each to the Prasanth of Rajahmundry and paid rupees 350 fright. To take delivery of goods Prasanth paid rupees 150 for expenses. Prashant sold the radios for 80,000. His Commission being 5% is on gross sales and the due balance was sent to Kalyan prepare the necessary accounts in the books of Kalyan.

 కాకినాడ లో కళ్యాణ్ 100 రేడియోలను ఒక్కౌకటి రూ .500 హిమ్మన రాజమండ్రి లో ఉన్న ప్రశాంత్ కు పంపడమైంది ,కళ్యాణ్ రూ .350 ప్రైట్ చెబ్లందినాడు.సరుకు రాజమండ్రి చేలనమృడు ప్రశాంత్ రూ .150 ఖర్చు చేసినాడు .ప్రశాంత్ సరుకును 5% కమిషన్ పై అన్నింటిని రూ .80,000 లకు అమ్మనాడు మలయు మిగిలిన మొతాన్మి కళ్యాణ్ కు పంపినాడు .కళ్యాణ్ పుస్తకాలలో అవసరమైన ఖాతాలను చూపించండే .
- 17. Ashok and Basha were partners in a joint venture sharing profits and losses in the proportion of 1:1 respectively. Ashok supplies goods to the value of Rs. 5,000 and incurs expenses amounting to Rs.400. Basha supplies goods to the value of Rs.4,000 and his expenses amounted to Rs.300. Basha sells goods on behalf of the venture and realises Rs.12, 000. Basha is entitled to a commission of 5 % on sales. Basha settles his account by draft. Prepare accounts in the books of Basha.
 అనేక మంయు బాషా లు వరసగా 1:1 సిష్టతిలో లాభాలు పండుకోవడం కొరకు ఉమ్మడి వ్యాపారం లో చేరినారు. అనేక రూ. 50,00 పెలువ గల సరుకును వ్యాపారానికి అందివినాడు మంయు రూ.400 ఖర్చు చేసినాడు. B రూ.4,000 పెలువ గల సరుకును వ్యాపారానికి అందివినాడు మంయు రూ.300 ఖర్చు చేసినాడు. బాషా సరుకును 5 %కమషన్ పై 12,000. అమ్మనాడు. బాషా బ్యాంకు డ్రాఫ్ట్ పంపడం ద్వార పలష్మలంచడం జరిగింది. అవసరమైన ఖాతాలను బాషా పుస్తకాలలో చూపండి

(Or)

18. Distinguish between Consignment and Joint Venture. కస్ సైన్ మెంట్ కు మరియు ఉమ్మడి వ్యాపారానికి మధ్య గల తేడాలను తెల్పుము.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.c.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)
I Year B Com (General & CA) – Semester – II

COM305: Business Economics MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

 $(5\times3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following.

ప్రవైనా బెంంటికి సమాధానములు బ్రాయుము . 1. Business Economics

- I. Business Economics వ్యాపార అర్ధ శాస్త్రం
- Diminishing Marginal Utility. షీణోపాంత ప్రయోజన సూత్ర
- Total outlay method మొత్తం వ్యయ పద్ధతి
- Fixed Cost స్టిర వ్యయము
- 5. Cobb-Douglas Production Function. కాబ్ డగ్రస్ ఉత్పత్తి ఫలం-
- DefineMarket మార్కెట్ ను సర్వచించుము.
- Oligopoly characteristics పలమత స్వామ్యం – లక్షణాలు
- Kinds of Economic systems. ఆర్థక వ్యవస్థల రకాలు.

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions

ಅನ್ನಿ ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధాన మిమ్ము.

 $(5\times7=35 \text{ Marks})$

9. Elucidate the Nature and Scope of Business Economics. వ్యాపార అర్థనాస్టం యొక్క స్మభావం మరియు పరిధిని వివరించండి.

(Or)

- 10. Explain the relationship between Micro and Macro Economic analysis. సూక్ష్మ మరియు స్టూల అర్దశాన్న విద్దేషణల మధ్య సంబంధాన్ని వివరించండి.
- 11. Explain the Law of Demand and its exceptions. డిమాండ్ సూత్రాన్మి మరియు దాని మనహాయింపు లను వివరించండి.

(Or)

- 12. Explain the Methods of measuring elasticity of demand. డిముండ్ వ్యాక్ చత్యం యొక్క పద్ధతులను వివరించండి.
- 13. Describe the Classification of costs. వ్యయాల వర్గకరణను తెల్పము.

(Or)

14. Write about Internal economies of Scale. ഉഠർഗ്ഗ് പ്രോലസ് സൗറ്റ് ഈന്ധ്യാ. Explain Characteristics of Perfect competition.
 పరిపూర్ణ పిశిటీ మూరె₈ట్ యొక్క లక్షణాలను వివరంపుము.

(Or)

- 16. Explain Price determination under Monopoly. ఏకస్యామ్య మార్కెట్ లో ధర నిర్ధారకాలను వివరించండి.
- 17. Define National Income and explain the different methods of Measuring National Income. జాతీయ ఆదాయం అనగా నేమిజాతీయ ఆదాయాన్మి మదింపు చేయు పద్ధతులను ३ వివరింపుము.

18. Explain the concepts of liberalization, Privatization and globalization. సరతీకరణ.ప్రైవేటీకరణ మలయు ప్రపంచీకరణ భావనలను వివలంపుము .

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

I Year B Com (General) - Semester - II

COM306::Banking Theory and Practice MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following. ఏమైనా ఐదింటికి సమాధానములు బ్రాయుము . $(5\times3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Commercial Banks వాణిజ్య బ్యాంకులు
- 2. Drawbacks of Unit Banking యూనిట్ బ్యాంకింగ్ లోపాలు
- Uses of INTERNET Banking ఇంటర్మెట్ బ్యాంకింగ్ ఉపయోగాలు
- Functions of Regional Rural Banks ప్రాంతీయ గ్రామీణ బ్యాంకుల బధులు
- 5. Types of Customers ఖాతాదారులలో రకాలు
- 6. Payment Gateways చెల్లింపు మార్గాలు
- Know Your Customer(KYC) నీ భాతాదారు గూర్పి తెలుసుకో
- Holder in Due course హోల్డర్ ఇన్ డ్యూ కోర్స్

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions అన్ని ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధాన మిమ్ము.

 $(5\times7=35 \text{ Marks})$

9. Define Bank. Explain the various functions of commercial banks. బ్యాంకును నిర్యచించి. వాణిజ్మ బ్యాంకుల వివిధ విధులను వివలచండి.

(Or)

- 10. Differentiate between Reserve Bank and Commercial Banks activities. రాజర్యు బ్యాంకు మరియు వాణిజ్య బ్యాంకు కార్మకలాపాలను విభేదించుము.
- 11. Define Branch Banking. Explain the advantages and Disadvantages of Branch Banking?

පුංඛේ සැංදීරුර් నා බර_{්ධ}වයට, පුංඛේ සැංදීරේර් හු්බොසෙන් වා නාවර්ගා ණිඛාවනා ඔක්වරයටයි.

(Or)

12. Explain the Recent Innovations in Indian Banking Sector. భారత దేశ బ్యాంకింగ్ రంగంలో నూతన ఆబిష్మరణలను వివరించుము. Discuss the Role and Importance of Co-operative Banks in India.
 భారతదేశంలో సహకార బ్యాంకుల పాత్ర మరియు ప్రాముఖ్యతను చర్చించుము.

(Or)

- 14. Explain the Role of NABARD in agricultural development. వ్యవసాయాణవృద్ధిలో నాబార్డ్ పాత్రమ వివరించుము.
- 15. Define Banker and Customer. Explain about various types of customers. బ్యాంకరు మరియు ఖాతాదారు పదాలను నిర్వచించి, వివిధ రకాల ఖాతాదార్లు గూర్పి వివరించుము.

(Or)

- 16. Explain about general relationship between Banker and Customer. బ్యాంకర్ మరియు థాతాదారు మధ్యగలసాధారణ సంబంధాన్మి వివరించుము.
- 17. Explain the Duties and Responsibilities of Collecting Banker. వసూలు బ్యాంకరు విధులు మరియు భాద్యతలను వివరించుము.

(Or)

18. Explain about Statutory Protection to Collecting Banker. వసూలు బ్యాంకరుకు గల శాసనాత్మక రక్షణను వివరించుము.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Accredited by NAAC "A+" Grade)

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & APPLICATIONS B.Com. Computer Applications SYLLABUS (W.E.F 2020-2021)

MODEL QUESTION PAPER (W.E.F 2020-2021) E-commerce and Web Designing

SEMESTER - II

Time: 2 ½ Hrs.

Max Marks: 50 M

2X5M=10 M

SECTION -

Answer any Two of the following:

Write the benefits of e-commerce

Explain about anchor tag with an example.

Explain about frames

Explain features of CSS

SECTION -II

Answer ALL Questions:

4X10M=40 M

5. Define E-Commerce? Explain the Advantages and Disadvantages of E-Commerce

(F)

- Explain in detail EDI?
- 7. What is HTML? Explain the Advantages and Disadvantages of HTML
- 8. Explain how creating a simple Web Page using HTML Tags
- Explain in detail Frames in HTML

- (Or)
 10. Discuss Embedding Multimedia in HTML
- 11. Define Style Sheets? Explain features of Style Sheets
- Explain about document type definition in XML.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

1 Year B Com - BIFS & AT (Hons) - Semester - II

COM304: Financial Accounting MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following.

 $(5\times3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. What are the causes of Depreciation?
- 2. What is secret reserve and advantages of secret reserve?
- 3. A firm desires to debit its Profit and Loss Account with a uniform figure every year in respect of repairs and renewals. It expects that considering the life of the asset in question Rs. 10,000 will be the average amount to be spent per year. Actual repairs are Rs.1,000 in the first year, Rs. 2,300 in the second year and Rs. 3,700 in the third year. Show the Provision for Repairs and Renewals Account.
- 4. Explain the features of joint venture.
- 5. What are the features of the Bill.
- 6. Explain different types of Commissions.
- 7. A firm purchases a 5 years' lease for Rs. 4,00,000 on 1st January. It decides to write off depreciation on the Annuity Method, presuming the rate of interest to be 5 % per annum. The annity tables show that a sum of Rs. 92,390 should be written off every year. Show the Lease Account for five years. Calculations are to be made to the nearest rupee.
- 8. What are the steps involved in 'Renewal of Bill'.

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions

 $(5 \times 7 = 35 \text{ Marks})$

9. In January 1st 2014 machinery was purchased for rupees 10,500 and spend rupees 500 on its erection. Find out the amount of depreciation at 10 % to be charged under Fixed installment method every year and Prepare the plant account for the 4 years assuming that it is sold away for Rs 8,500 at the end of 4th year.

(Or)

10. Nagesh purchased a Machine for Rs. 1,00,000 on 1st April, 2014. He purchased a second Machineon 1st January, 2015 for Rs. 50,000. On 31st December, 2016 the second Machine was sold for Rs. 40,000. He closes his books on 31st December every year and charges depreciation at 10% on written down value method. Show Machinery Account for 3 years.

11. Bala Ram Ltd. maintains a provision for doubtful debts at 5 % on debtors and a provision for discount at 2% on debtors. The ledger balances for the year ending 2015 was as follows:

Particulars	1-1-2015	31-12-2015
Provision for doubtful debts	Rs. 1000	1
Provision for discount	Rs. 400	
Bad debts written off		Rs. 300
Discount allowed		Rs. 200
Sundry debtors		Rs. 10,000

Prepare bad debts account, provision for doubtful debts account and provision for discount account in the books of Bala Ram Ltd. for the year ending 31-12-2015.

(Or)

- 12. Write about the different types of reserves.
- 13. Pushpa purchases goods with Rs. 50,000 from Raghava on 1st August, 2014. She accepted a bill for Rs. 50,000 payable 2 months after due date. Raghava gets the bill discounted at 5% p.a. Pass Journal Entries in the books of Pushpa and Raghava.

(Or)

- 14. Sandhya has drawn a bill for 3 months on Surya for the amount due from him for Rs. 10,000. On due date Sandhya received Rs. 4,000 from him and drew a new bill for the balance of Rs. 6,000 for a further period of 2 months with an interest of 6% p.a. which bill was accepted by Surya. On the due date of the new bill Surya failed to pay and dishonoured it. Pass journal entries in both the parties.
- 15. Raju of Amaravathi Sent 200 sewing machines costing Rs.500 each on consignment basis to Hemanth of Hyderabad to be sold by Hemanth at a Commission of 5 % on sales. Raju paid Rs.1500 towards expenses. On Machines reaching Hyderabad, Hemanth paid Rs.800 towards unloading charges. His other expenses were: Godown rent Rs. 1250 and Sales man's Salary Rs.700. Hemanth sold 150 sewing machines at Rs.600 each and sent account sales along with bank draft. Prepare ledger accounts in the books of consignor.

(Or)

- 16. Kalya of Kakinada consigned 100 radios valued at rupees 500 each to the Prasanth of Rajahmundry and paid rupees 350 fright. To take delivery of goods Prasanth paid rupees 150 for expenses. Prashant sold the radios for 80,000. His Commission being 5% is on gross sales and the due balance was sent to Kalyan prepare the necessary accounts in the books of Kalyan.
- 17. Ashok and Basha were partners in a joint venture sharing profits and losses in the proportion of 1:1 respectively. Ashok supplies goods to the value of Rs. 5,000 and incurs expenses amounting to Rs.400. Basha supplies goods to the value of Rs.4,000 and his expenses amounted to Rs.300. Basha sells goods on behalf of the venture and realises Rs.12, 000. Basha is entitled to a commission of 5 % on sales. Basha settles his account by draft. Prepare accounts in the books of Basha.

(Or

18. Distinguish between Consignment and Joint Venture.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch) I Year B Com - BIFS & AT (Hons) - Semester - II

COM305: Business Economics MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following.

 $(5\times3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Business Economics
- 2. Diminishing Marginal Utility.
- 3. Total outlay method
- 4. Fixed Cost
- 5. Cobb-Douglas Production Function.
- 6. DefineMarket
- 7. Oligopoly characteristics
- Kinds of Economic systems.

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions

 $(5\times7=35 \text{ Marks})$

9. Elucidate the Nature and Scope of Business Economics.

(Or)

- 10. Explain the relationship between Micro and Macro Economic analysis.
- 11. Explain the Law of Demand and its exceptions.

- 12. Explain the Methods of measuring elasticity of demand.
- 13. Describe the Classification of costs.

(Or)

- 14. Write about Internal economies of Scale.
- 15. Explain Characteristics of Perfect competition.

- 16. Explain Price determination under Monopoly.
- 17. Define National Income and explain the different methods of Measuring National Income.

(Or)

18. Explain the concepts of liberalization, Privatization and globalization.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Accredited by NAAC "A" " Grade)

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & APPLICATIONS

1 B.Com - BIFS (W.F.F 2020-2021)

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY MODEL QUESTION PAPER (W.E.F 2020-2021) SEMESTER – II

Time: 2 1/2 Hrs.

Max Marks: 50 M

SECTION - I

Answer any TWO of the following:

2X5M=10 M

- 1. Explain types of Computers
- 2. Discuss Wild card characters
- 3. Write the advantages of Word Processing
- 4. Explain about Application of Multimedia

SECTION -II

Answer ALL Questions:

4X10M=40 M

5. Define Computer? Explain the Basic components of Computer System

(Or)

- 6. Explain in detail various types of memories
- 7. Define Operating System? Explain the various Functions of Operating System

(Or)

- 8. Write any 5 internal & external DOS Commands
- 9. What is Word Processing? Explain the features of Word Processing

(Or)

- 10. Explain the process of Mail Merge in Word Processing
- 11. Explain in detail various Functions in Spread Sheet

(Or)

12. What is Macro? Explain how create and Record a Macro in Spread Sheet

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A'" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch) I B.COM – AT (Hons) – Semester – II

COM262::INCOME TAX LAW AND PRACTICE MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE questions

- 1. Assessment year
- 2. Income tax act 1961
- 3. Incidence of tax
- 4. Perquisites
- 5. Tax Rebate
- 6. Rebate under Sec.87A
- 7. Municipal rental value
- 8. Set off and Carry forward of losses

SECTION-B

Answer ALL questions

5X7=35M

5X3=15M

9. How do you determine the Residential Status of different assesses.

Or

- 10. Mrs. Mangala, a citizen of India went to England on 2-10-2009 for higher studies for a period of two years. After she came back, she was employed in a multinational company in India. The company sent her for 6 months training to Germany on 1-3-2012. She was transferred to the company's Head Office in Newyork on 15-8-2013. However, she left India on 2-10-2013 and reported for duty on 5-10-2013. She visited India during the months of November and December 2013. The company transferred her back to her original post in India and she returned to India on 26-1-2016. Determine her residential status for the Assessment year 2016-17.
- 11. Define the Income. How do you treat an income as an Indian Income or as a Foreign Income?

Or

- 12. Mr. Bill a citizen of USA furnished the following particulars of his income relevant to the previous year 2016-17
 - a) Agricultural Income from USA entire amount spent for software development in New York Rs. 300000.
 - b) Profit on sale of building in Bangalore 1/4 of received in New York Rs. 600000.
 - c) Dividend from Suzuki Inc. Japan entire amount received in New York Rs. 90000.
 - d) Profit from software business in Japan received in Newyork controlled from India Rs.320000.
 - e) Profit on sale of car in Newyork entire amount received in Mumbai Rs. 120000.
 - f) Interest on deposits with an Indian company Rs.2000.

Compute his taxable income if he is

- i) Resident
- ii) Not ordinary Resident
- iii) Non-Resident
- 13. What are Perquisites? Explain the different types of perquisites.

Or

14. Mr. Madhava aged 45 years is working as assistant in the marketing department if TTD Ltd. Bangalore. His salary income details are as follows.

Basic salary Rs. 15000 pm

Dearness allowance Rs. 5000pm

Dearness pay Rs.2000pm

Commission Rs. 45000pa

Entertainment allowance Rs. 700 pm (Rs.6000 spent on entertainment during the year)

House Rent allowance Rs. 7500 pm (Rent paid Rs. 9000 pm)

Compute taxable salary for the Assessment year 2016-17

15. What are the deductions allowed from Annual Value of House Property while computing the Income from House Property?

Or

- 16. Mr.X is the owner of property. It is given on rent of Rs. 11000 pm. Municipal value of property is Rs.135000. Fair rent is Rs.143000 and standard rent is Rs.130000. Municipal tax paid by Mr. X is Rs.26000 on 1-4-2015 rent is increased from Rs. 11000 pm to Rs. 14000 pm, with retrospective effect from 1-4-1014. Arrears of rent are paid 1-4-2015. Find out taxable income from house property for the Assessment year 2016-17.
- 17. What do you mean by Set-off and Carry Forward of losses?

Or

18. Give the format of total income and tax liability.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A'" Grade)

UG- SKILL DEVELOPMENT COURSE (For the admitted batch 2020-21)

For All Programmes SEMESTER -II

ADVERTISING MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time: 2Hrs.

Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FOUR Questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

4x5 = 20 Marks

- 1. Types of Advertising ప్రకటనల యొక్క రకాలు
- 2. Objectives of Advertising ప్రకటనల యొక్క లక్ష్మాలు
- 3. Advertising Agency ప్రకటనల ఏజెన్స్
- 4. Laws in Advertising ప్రకటనలలో చెట్టాలు
- 5. Typical advertisement **విలక్షణమైన ప్రకటన**
- 6. Role of ASCI ASCI ಯುಕ್ಕ ಪಾತ್ರ
- 7. Local Advertising స్థానిక ప్రకటన
- Advertising Copy పకటన కాపీ

SECTION - B

Answer any THREE Questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

3x10= 30 Marks

9. What is the meaning of Advertising? Explain the characteristics and importance of advertising. ప్రకటనల అర్ధం ఏమిటి? ప్రకటనల లక్షణాలు మరియు ప్రాముఖ్యతను వివరించండి

(OR)

- 10. What factors determining opportunities a Product/service in Advertising? ప్రకటనలో ఉత్పత్తి/సేవ అవకాశాలను నిర్ణయించే అంశాలు ఏమిటి?
- 11. What are the basic objectives and functions of Advisory Statutory Bodies in India? భారతదేశంలో సలహా చట్టబద్దమైన సంస్థల ప్రాథమిక లక్ష్యాలు మరియు విధులు ఏమిటి?

(OR)

- 12. Briefly explain the role and responsibilities of AAAI. AAAI పాత్ర మరియు బాధ్యతలను క్లుప్తంగా వివరించండి.
- 13. Explain the process of Advertising. ప్రకటన ప్రక్రియను వివరించండి.

(OR)

14. Discuss how the advertising industry contributes to the economic growth of the country. దేశ ఆర్ధిక వృద్ధికి ప్రకటనల పరిశ్రమ ఎలా దోహదపడుతుందో చర్చించండి.

GOVERNEMNET COLLEGE (A), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A*" Grade)

SKILL DEVELOPMENT COURSE SEMESTER II MODEL QUESTION PAPER

BUSINESS COMMUNICATION

Time: 2Hours.

Max Marks: 50 M

SECTION-A

Answer any FOUR questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

4 x5 = 20 M

- 1. What is the process of communication?
- 2. Write a short note on Strategies of Effective Communication.
- 3. Explain the types of Business communication
- 4. Write a brief note on organizational Hierarchy.
- 5. Write about online communications
- 6. Write about 'Preparation of business meeting agenda'
- 7. Write a brief note on 'agenda notes'
- 8. Write about circulation of minutes.

SECTION-B

Answer all the questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

3 x10=30 M

9. Explain organizational communication and its barriers.

OR

- 10. Give an overview regarding the importance of communication in your own words.
- 11. Explain the Categories and Methods of Business communication

OR

- 12. Explain various levels of communication in an organization.
- 13. What are the characteristics of a good business communication?

OR

14. Write about various types of Business Meetings.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

Rs. 6,400

Rs.1,200 Rs. 640

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

II Year B Com (General & CA) - Semester - III

COM307: ADVANCED ACCOUNTING MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time: 2 1/2Hours

Max Marks: 50

PART-A

Answer Any FIVE Questions

5x3=15M

1) Entrance Fee ప్రవేశ రుసుము

2) Ascertain the paid for stationery during 2019:

Expenditure towards stationery as per

Income and Expenditure account for 2019

Stock of stationery 31-12-2019

Stock of stationery 1-1-2019

2019 స్ట్రేషనర్ విలువను లెక్కింపుము.

ည့်ရဲလစ် စုတ္ပႏ

2019 ఆదాయ వ్యయాల భాతా ప్రకారం రూ 6,400.

31-12-2019 న స్ట్రేషనరీ నిల్మ రూ 1,200.

1-1-2019 న స్టేషనరీ నిల్మ రూ 640.

3) Statement of Affairs

ವ್ಯವహారాల ನಿವೆದಿಕ

4) Features of Hire Purchase System

అద్దె కొనుగోలు పద్దతి యొక్క లక్షణాలు.

5) Ravi purchased a T.V. on Hire Purchase System. The Cash price of the T.V. was Rs.7,200. He agreed to pay in four quarterly instalments of Rs. 2,000 each at the end of each quarter. Calculate interest for each quarter.

రవి అద్దె కొనుగోలు పద్దతిలో టీవి కొనుగోలు చేసారు. టీవి నగదు ధర రూ .7,200. అతను రూ. 2,000 చొప్పన ನಾಲುಗು ತ್ರೌಮಾಸಿಕ ಪಾಯಿದಾಲಲ್ ವಿಶ್ಲಿಂపು ವೆಯಡಂ ಜರುಗುತುಂದಿ.

ప్రతి త్రైమాసికానికి వడ్డీని లెక్కించండి.

6) Fixed and Fluctuating Capitals

ಸ್ಥಿರ ಮರಿಯು ವರ ಮೂಲಧನಾಲು

7) A and B share profit in the ratio of 5:3. They admit C as a partner. Their new profit-sharing ratio is 7:5:4. Calculate the Sacrificing Ratio.

ธ: з నిష్పత్రిలో A మరియు B లాభ నష్టాలను పంచుకుంటారు . వారు C ని భాగస్వామిగా అంగీకరించారు. వాలి కొత్త లాభాల భాగస్వామ్య నిష్పత్తి 7: 5: 4. త్యాగ నిష్పత్తిని లెక్కించండి.

8) Realisation Account

ಏರಿಷ್ಠಾರ ಛಾತಾ

Distinguish between Receipts and payments Account and Income and Expenditure
Account

ವರ್ನಲ್ಲ ವಿಕ್ಷಿಂಪುಲ ಕಾಣ ಮರಿಯು ಅರಾಯ ವ್ಯಯಾಲ ಕಾಣಲ ಮಧ್ಯ ತೆರಾಲನು ಗುರಿಂದಿ ಕ್ರಾಯಂದೆ.

(Or)

 Following are the summary of Receipts and payments of Pattabhi Memorial Trust for the year ended 31st December 2008:

Receipts	Rs.	Payments	Rs.
Balance at bank on 1-1-2008:		Salaries	7,150
Building Fund	19,000		
Current Account	1,260		
Members Subscription	12,900	Books	2,100
Fees from non-members	1,200	Rent and taxes	900
Donation for Building	5,000	Electricity	600
Interest on Deposit for	1,140	Telephone	400
Building Fund			
Misc. Receipts	2,500	General Expenses	1,700
•		Scooter Expenses	350
		Cost of Old Scooter	3,860
		Balances on 3-12-2008:	
		Deposit in Building Fund	25,140
		Current account	800

Additional Information:

- (i) In 2008, they purchased a plot for Rs. 8,000.
- (ii) Fees from non-members include Rs. 50 as fees received in advance for 2009.
- (iii) Rent of Rs. 50 for January, 2009 was paid on 15th of December, 2008.
- (iv) Salaries of Rs. 650 for December, 2008 were not paid up to 15th of January, 2009. Prepare Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31st December, 2008 and a Balance Sheet as on that date.

పట్టాధి మెమోలియల్ ట్రస్ట్ యొక్క వసూక్ష్మ చెల్లింపుల వివరాలు క్రింది విధంగా ఉన్నవి. 31 డిసింబర్ 2008 తో ముగిసిన సంవత్సరానికి:

వసూ ల్ఫ	Rs.	చెల్లింపులు	Rs.
1-1-2008 న బ్యాంక్ వద్ద బ్యాలెన్స్:		ಕೆ ಕಾಲು	7,150
ఇబ్డింగ్ బధ	19.000		
දුල්රණ භංඛං	1,260		
సభ్యుల సభ్యత్యం	12,900	పుస్తకాలు	2,100
సభ్యులు కాని వారి నుండి ఫీజులు	1,200	అద్దె మరియు పన్నులు	900
భవనం కోసం విరాశం	5,000	ವಿದ್ಯುತು	600
బ ల్డింగ్ ఫండ్ కోసం డిపాజిట్ మీద పడ్డీ	1,140	ట్లేఫోన్	400
ಬಿಬಿದ ವಸು•ಕ್ಕು	2,500	ನೌದಾರಣ ආರ್ಬುಲು	1,700

నూ్డటర్ ఖర్చులు	250
పాడ స్కూటర్ ఖర్బలు	9,860
эт-тө-воов న బా _క ంగ్ నర్గ బ్యాలెన్స్, జెల్డింగ్ నిధ	85,140
ಟ್ಟರಿಯ ಬಿತ್ತಾ	100

అదనపు సమాచారం:

- (i) 2008 లోవారు ఒక ప్లాట్**ను కొనుగోలు చేసారు రూ. 8.00**0.
- (ii) ೭೦೦೧೯ಲ್ ಸಭ್ಯುಲು ರಾಸ ವಾರ ನುಂಡೆ ఫీజు ಮುಂದುಗಾನೆ ಅಂದುರುನ್ನ ಫೆಜು ರೂ.೮೦.
- (前) అద్దెరూ. 50 జనవర్, 2009 కే సంబంధించినది,15 డేసింబర్ 2008 న చెబ్లెంచారు.
- (iv) ಡಿಸಿಂಬರ್, 2006 ಕೆ సಂಬಂಧಂವಿನ ಜೆಕಾಲು ರೂ. 650 ಜನವರಿ 15, 2009 ವರಕು ವಿಶ್ವಂ ವಬಡಲೆದು.
- 31 డిసింబర్, 2008 తో ముగిసిన సంవత్సరానికి ఆదాయం మరియు వ్యయ థాతాను మరియు ఆ తేదీ నాటికి ఆస్త్రి అష్కల పట్టి ని తయారు చేయండి.
- 11. Distinguish between Single Entry System and Double Entry System. ఒంటి పద్దు విధానము మరియు జంట పద్దు విధానము మధ్య తేడాలను గురించి వ్రాయండి.

OR

12. Mr. Ramlal keeps his books under single entry system.

Particulars	1-1-2017	31-12-2017
Turriculars	Rs	Rs
Bank overdraft	10,000	12,000
Furniture	20,000	20,000
Land and Building	70,000	70,000
Investments		10,000
Sundry Debtors	20,000	30,000
Sundry Creditors	30,000	40,000
Stock	45,000	50,000
Motor Car (1-7-2017)		20,000
Cash	10,000	20,000
Plant and Machinery	40,000	40,000

During the year he withdraw Rs.10,000 for personal use. On 1-7-2017 he introduced further capital of Rs. 20,000 by selling his private house. Adjustments:

- a) Appreciate Land and Building by 20%.
- b) Debtors include Rs. 1,000 from a customer who is insolvent and is irrecoverable.
- c) Maintain RDD at 5% on Debtors.
- d) Depreciate Plant and Machinery at 10%, Furniture at 5%, and Motor car at 10%. Prepare a statement showing profit or loss for the year 2017.

బుసర్ రాంలాల్ తన పుస్తకాలనుఒంటి పద్దు బిదానము ప్రకారం రాస్తూ ఉంటారు.

బిఖాలు 1-1-2017(రు•) 31-12-2017(రు•) బ్యాంక ఓపర్(ర్రాఫ్ట్ 10,000 12,000

\$9 ₄ 35	80,000	80,000
Çir మ మరియు భవనం	70,000	70.000
ည်းမှာထာထာ	****	10,000
ညာက ႐ုံည်တ	80,000	30,000
තාශ යාඅත	000,00	40,000
ಸರುಕು	45,000	50,000
ಮೀಟಾರ್ ಆಾರ್ (1-7-2017)		20,000
ಸಗ ದು	10,000	20,000
ಕ್ಷಾಂಟಾ-ಯಂಕ್ರಾಲು	40,000	40,000

సర్దుబాట్లు:

- ಕಿ) ಛಾಮಿ ಮರಿಯು ಥವನಾನ್ನಿ 20% ಮೆರ ಶಿಂವಂಡಿ
- ఐ) రుణగ్రస్టులలో రూ. 1,000 దివాలా తీసిన భాతాదారు నుండి రావాలి మరియు తిరిగి పాందలేదు.
- c) ఋಣ ಗ್ರಸ್ತುಲು ೬ು ಸಂಕರ್ಯಾಕ್ಕಳ ಚಾತಿಲ ಸಧ ಕ% ವದ್ದ ವರ್ನ್ಫಾಟು ವೆಯಂಡಿ .
- d) ప్లాంటు-యంత్రాలు 10% పద్ద, ఫల్నచర్ 5% పద్ద మరియు మోటార్ కారు 10% పద్ద తగ్గించండి. 2017 సంవత్సరానికి లాభం లేదా నష్టాన్ని చూపించే నివేదిక ను తయారు చేయండి.
- 13. A mini bus is purchased for Rs.1,60,000 under hire-purchase arrangement on 1.1.2006. The amount payable is Rs. 40,000 on 1.1.2006 on entering the agreement and the balance in three annual instalments of Rs.50,000 each at the end of each year. Depreciation is charged at 10% on written down value method. Pass the necessary journal entries in the books of both the parties.
 - 1.1.2006 న అద్దె-కొనుగోలు పద్ధతి పైన రూ .1.60,000 కు మినీ బస్సు కొనుగోలు చేయబడింది.1.1.2006 న ఒప్పందాన్మి నమోదు చేసిన తర్వాత రూ 40,000 తక్షణ చెల్లింపు చేసారు.మరియు మిగిలిన మొత్తమును ప్రతి సంవత్సరం చివరిలో రూ .50,000 చొప్పన మూడు వార్షిక వాయిదాలలో చెల్లించవలెను. తగ్గుతున్న నిల్వల పద్ధతిపై తరుగుదల 10% విధించబడుతుంది. అవసరమైన పుస్తకాలలో చిట్టా పద్దులను వ్రాయండి.

OR

- 14. On 1st Jan. 2018 a company purchased wagons on the Hire purchase System. The each price of the wagons was Rs.59,600 and the payment was to be made as follows: Rs.16,000 was to paid on agreement and the balance in 3 instalments of Rs.16,000 each at the end of each year. 5% interest per annum is charged by the wagon company. The buyers have decided to write off 10% annually on the diminishing cash value. Prepare necessary ledger accounts in the books of the buyer.
 - រ జనవరి 2018 న ఒక కంపెనీ అద్దె కొనుగోలు పద్ధతి లో వేగన్లను కొనుగోలు చేసింది. వేగన్ ఒక్కౌక ధర రూ. 58,600 మరియు దెల్లింపు క్రింది బధంగా చేయారి:
 - రూ. 16,000 అగ్రిమెంటోపై దెల్లెందాలి మరియు మెగిలినది ప్రతి సంవత్సరం చివరిలో రూ .16,000 చొప్పన 3 బాయిదాలలో దెల్లెందాలి. వేగన్ కంపెనీ ద్వారా సంవత్సరానికి 5% వర్డీ వసూలు చేయబడుతుంది. కొనుగోలుదారులు తగ్గుతున్న నిల్వల పద్ధతి పైన 10% నిర్ణయించారు. కొనుగోలుదారు పుస్తకాలలో అవసరమైన ఆవర్ణా ఖాతాలను తయారు చేయంది.

A and B are partners in a firm sharing profits and losses 60% and 40% respectively.
 Their Balance Sheet as on 31.12.2002 was as follows.

	iabilities	Rs	Assets	Rs
Creditors	idonnico .	40,000	Cash at bank	2,000
Capitals		1.0,000	Debtors	25,000
A	40,000		Stock	40,000
В	30,000	70,000	Plant and Machinery	43,000
		1,10,000		1,10,000

The partners agree to take C as partners on the following terms.

- (a) That C will pay Rs.20,000 as capital for 40% of future profits of the firm.
- (b) The assets are to be re-valued before his admission. The stock can be reduced to Rs.35,000 and plant and Machinery be depreciated by 10%.
- (c) That a provision of 2 ½ % be created against debtors.
- (d) As the new partner is unable to pay anything for goodwill, a goodwill account an be raised in the books of the firm for Rs.30,000.

Prepare necessary ledger accounts to record the above transactions and prepare the resultant balance sheet.

A మరియు B ఒక సంస్థ భాగస్వామ్య లాభాలు మరియు నష్టాలు వరుసగా 60% మరియు 40%. 31.12.2002 నాటికి వారి ఆస్త్రీ-అష్టల పట్టే క్రింది విధంగా ఉంది.

అష్టలు	Rs	ఆస్తులు	Rs
රාශ ದಾతలා	40.000	ಲ್ಯಾಂ ಕುಲ್ ನಗರು	2,000
ಮ ಾ ಲಧನಂ		ဃာက ကြည်ာ့ပာ	25,000
A 40.000		సరుకు	40,000
В 30,000	70,000	ప్లాంటు-యంత్రాలు	43,000
	1,10,000		1,10,000

కింది నిబంధనల ప్రకారం భాగస్వాములుగా C ని తీసుకోవడానికి భాగస్వాములు అంగీకలస్సున్నారు.

- (ఎ) సి భదిష్యత్తులో సంస్థ యొక్క 40% లాభాలకు గాను రూ. 20,000 మూలధనం చెల్లిసారు.
- (ఐ) అతని ప్రవేశానికి ముందు ఆస్తులను తెరిగి మూల్మాంకనం చేసారు. సరుకు ను రూ .35,000 కి తగ్గించి మరియు స్టాంట్ మరియు యంత్రాలను 10% తగ్గించవచ్చు.
- (సి) ఋణ గ్రస్తుల పై 2 ½% నిధి ని ఏర్పాటు చేయారి.
- (డి) కొత్త భాగస్వామి గుడ్ఐల్ కోసం ఏమి చెల్లించలేనందున, సంస్థ యొక్క పుస్త కాలలో ఒక గుడ్ఎల్ ఖాతాను రూ. 30,000 లకు పెంచారు.

పై లావాదేవీలను నమోదు చేయడానికి అవసరమైన ఆవర్ణా భాతాలను తయారు చేయండి మరియు ఆస్త్రి అష్కల పట్టిని తయారు చేయండి.

16. P.Q and R partners sharing profits and losses equally. The Balance Sheet at 31" Dec. 2008 is as follows:

Liabilities	Rs	Assets	Rs
Sundry Creditors	5,000	Cash at Bank	3,000
Current Accounts:		R's current account	2,500
P	2,000	Bill's receivable	5,000
Q	3,000	Sundry debtors 20,000	
Reserve	6,000	Less : Bad debts provision 1,000	19,000
Capitals: P	10,000	Stock	18,000
Q	15,000	Fixtures	3,500
R	10,000		
(4)	51,000	180	51,000

R reties on the data and the following adjustments are to be made for the purpose

- 1) Goodwill is valued at Rs.12,000
- 2) Fixtures to be depreciated by 5%
- 3) Stock to be appreciated by 10%
- 4) Bad debts provision to be increased by Rs.500
 Find out the amount due to R and transfer it to his loan account. Pass journal entries, open partners capital accounts and revaluation account, and prepare the opening Balance Sheet of the continuing partners.

P, Q మరియు R భాగస్వాములు లాభాలు మరియు నష్టాలను సమానంగా పంచుకుంటారు. 31 డిసింబర్ 2008 లో ఆస్త్రి – అష్కల క్రింది విధంగా ఉంది:

అష్టలు	Rs	ഒ స്ತാലാ	Rs
ರುಣ ದಾಕಲು	5,000	ಬ್ _ಕ ಂಕುಲ್ ನಗದು	3,000
දුරුණ කි.		R's ජටර්භ ආණ	2,500
Р	2,000	వసూలు జి ల్లులు	5,000
Q	3,000	రుణ గ్రస్తులు	
0 101		20,000	
ರಿಜರ್ಬ್ಯ	6,000	Less : ರಾನಿ ಬಾಕಿಲ ರಜರುವ	19,000
		1,000	
ಮುಲಧನ•ಲು : P		సరుకు	18,000
	10,000		
Q		සෆීරතුවා	3,500
	15,000		

		R
	10,000	
51,000	51,000	

R ឯರಮಣ సಂದರ್ಭಂಗಾ ಕಿಂದಿ ಸರ್ಧಬಾಟ್ಲು ವೆಯಾಶಿ

- 1) గుడ్బల్ బలుప రూ .12.000
- ឧ) ఫిక్షర్లలు 5% తగ్గించబడతాయి
- 3) సరుకు ను 10% పెంచాలి
- 4) ರಾನಿ ಬಾಕಿಲ ನಿಧಿ ನಿ ರೂ.500 ಪಿಂದಾರಿ

R ಕೆ ವಿಶ್ಲಂವಾಶ್ಸಿನ ಮುತ್ತಾನ್ನ ಲಿಕ್ಕಿಂವಂಡಿ ಮಲಯು ದಾನಿನಿ ಅತನ ಅಷ್ಟ್ರ ಛಾಡಾಕು ಬದಿಶಿ ವೆಯಂಡಿ. ವಿಟ್ಟಾ ಏದ್ದುಲು ಪ್ರಾಸಿ , ಭಾಗನ್ನಾಮ ಮಾಲಧನ ಛಾಡಾಲನು ಮರಿಯು పುನರ್ರ್ಯಾಲ್ಯಾಂಕನ ಛಾಡಾ ನು ತಯಾರು

చేయండి.

17. Distinguish between dissolution of partnership and dissolution of a Firm. ఖాగస్వామ్యాన్ని రద్దు చేయడం మరియు ఒక సంస్థను రద్దు చేయడం మధ్య తేడాను గుల్తంచండి.

OR

18. The Balance Sheet of A,B and C sharing profit and loss as 3:2:1 respectively stood as follows on 30th June 2004.

			Rs
Liabilities	Rs	Assets	
Creditors	50,400	Cash at Bank	3,700
Reserve fund	22,000	Stock	20,100
Capital Accounts:		Debtors	62,600
. A	30,000	Investments	16,000
В	20,000	Furniture	6,500
C	10,000	Building	23,500
	1,32,400		1,32,400

The firm was dissolved as on that date. For the purpose of dissolution, the investments were valued at Rs.18,000 and stock at Rs.17,500. A agreed to take over the investments and B to take over the stock. C took over the furniture at book value. Debtors and Buildings realised Rs.57,000 and Rs.25,000 respectively. Expenses of realisation amounted to Rs.450. In addition one bill for Rs.500 under discount was dishonoured and had to be taken up by the him. Give necessary ledger accounts to close the books of the firm.

A, B మరియు C లాభము మరియు నష్టాలను వరుసగా 3: 2: 1 గా పంచుకుంది, 30 జూన్ 2004 న ఆస్త్రి అష్టల పట్టి ఈ క్రింది విధంగా ఉంది.

అష్టలు	Rs	ക് മ്പ്വാ	Rs
ರುಣ ದಾಹಲು	50.400	ಬ್ಯಾಂಕುಲ್ ನಗದು	3.700
ರಜರು ಪ	22,000	సరుకు	20,100
ಮು•ಲಧನ ಥ•छ•		ರುಣ ರೈಕ್ಷಾತ್ರಾ	62,600

A	30,000	<u> ఇ</u> ట్టుబ αు	16,000
В	20,000	ఫల్ _{నె} చర్	6,500
С	10,000	భవనాలు	23,500
	1,32,400		1,32,400

ఆ తేదీ నాటికి సంస్థ రద్దు చేయబడింది. రద్దుకు గాను , పెట్టుబడుల విలువ రూ. 18,000 మరియు సరుకు రూ. 17,500. A భాగస్వామి కంపెనీ పెట్టుబడులను స్వాధీనం చేసుకోవడానికి మరియు B భాగస్వామి కంపెనీ సరుకు ను స్వాధీనం చేసుకోవడానికి అంగీకరించింది. C ఫర్మిచర్ ను ఫుస్తక విలువతో స్వాధీనం చేసుకొనెను. రుణ గ్రస్తులు మరియు భవనాలు లను రూ. 57,000 మరియు రూ. 25,000 వరుసగా పెంచినారు . పరిష్మార ఖర్చులు రూ. 450. అదనంగా ఒక జిల్లు ను రూ. 500 రూపాయలకు డేస్కౌంట్ చేయగా అనాదరణ జరిగినది. సంస్థ యొక్క పుస్తకాలను మూసివేయుటకు అవసరమైన ఆవర్ణా ఖాతాలను తయారు చేయండి.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A+" Grade)

Model Question Paper

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)
II B.Com (General/Computers)
III SEMESTER

COM308::BUSINESS STATISTICS

Time: 2 1/2Hours

Max Marks: 50

PART - A

Answer any <u>FIVE</u> Questions .All questions carry equal marks ఏ వైనా అయిదు ప్రశ్నలకునమాధానములు వ్రాయండి.

5x3=15 M

- What are the differences between Primary and Secondary data?
 ప్రాంథమిక ధల్లాంశం మంయు బ్యతీయ దత్తాంశం మద్య తేడాలు ప్రాయండి.
- Find the Arithmetic Mean of the following data.
 బగుప దత్రంశానికి అంకమధ్యమం లెక్కించండి.

X	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40
F	5	9	13	21	20	15	8	3

3. Calculate the Mean Deviation from Mean from the following data. దగువ దతరాశానికి అంకమద్యమం ద్వారా మద్యమ వచలనం లెక్కించండే

SI. No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Numbers	3000	4000	4200	4400	4600	4800	5800

- Explain the features of Good Average.
 మంచి సగటు యొక్క లక్షణములు బ్రాయండి.
- 5. Importance of Index Numbers సూచీ సంఖ్యల యొక్క ప్రాధాన్యత
- 6. Explain the types of Correlation సహ సంబంధము రకాలు ఖాయండి
- Explain the objectives of Dispersion.
 ఖగ్గరణ మానము యొక్క లక్షణములు ప్రాయండి.
- 8. Calculate PE from the following data

No. of pairs = 10, Coefficient of Correlation value 0.72 కేంది దతాంశం నకు సంభావ్యత ధోషము లెక్కించండి.

జతల సం $\phi_{\rm g} = 10$, సహసంబంధ గుణకము = 0.72

PART-B

Answer <u>ALL</u> the Questions. All questions carry equal marks. అన్ని ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధానములు రాయండే 5 X 7 = 35 M

9. Define Statistics, Explain the importance and limitations. గణాంక శాస్త్రం అనగా నేమి? ప్రాధాన్మతను మరియు పరిమితులు వ్రాయండి

(or

10. Draw Histogram and find out the Mode from the following Data.

ваю верова яки втака был Ats споловия па_совод

BUD DIE	Chapted Name	bita Manadii Wood	MAT THE EL MINE		-	1	1 10 20	70-80
	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	10-80
Interval		1	-	-	130	15	2	13
Frequency	5	9	1.3	21	20	13	1.0	

11. Find the Arithmetic Mean from the following data.

ಕಿಂದ ದಕ್ಷಾಂಕಂ ಸಕ್ತು moಕನಾದ್ಯನಾಂ ಕಿಕ್ಕಿಂಪಂಡಿ.

600 04-0	110 10111	and the same		200		1	1 10 70	70.90
Marks	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
	-	0	1.2	21	20	15	8	3
No. of Students	1.5	9	13	21	20	10		

(Or)

12. Calculate the Mode from the following data.

විංස යණුංජo න්ජා පෟණාජජනා චරි_ෂංජoයි

					-	1	120.25	25 10
Age	0-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30	30-35	35-40
	-	3.0		10	0	1	3	2
No. of Persons	14	6	8	10	9		13	

13. Calculate Co-efficient of Quartile Deviation from the following data

కింది దత్తాంశం నరు చతుర్ధాంశ విచలన గుణకంను లెక్కించండి

	-0-00 100					
Marks	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
		10	25	45	10	5
Students	5	10	23	45	10	_

(Or)

14. During the 10 weeks of a session, the marks scored by two students Raghu and Madhav taking the computer programme course are given below Who is better

scorer? Raghu or Madhav and who is more consistent?

10නංගංව කුන්ස ඒ ජර්නෑදේවර් නුංලාං ම්බාජාත් කස්ප්රා කියැදුපුව බොජෑ ත්ෙරා ఈ පිටස කිස්පාල එමසි.

ಇದ್ದರಲ್ ಎವರು ಎಕ್ಕುವ ಸ್ಥಿರಂಗ್ ಈಸ್ಮಾರು?

Raghu score	58	59	60	54	65	66	52	75	69	50
				71	73	84	65	66	56	46
Madhav score	87	89	78	71	13	84	03	00	30	4

15. Calculate Co-efficient of Correlation from the following data.

ಕೆಂದಿ ದಕ್ಷಾಂಕಂ ನಕ್ಕು ಸಘನಂಬಂಧ ಗುಣಕಮು ಶಿಕ್ಕಿಂದಂಡೆ.

х	11	7	9	5	
Y	10	8	6	5	

(Or

 Rank of Students in Accounting and Statistics are given, Calculate Co- efficient of Rank Correlation.

అక్కౌంటింగ్ మరియు గణాంక శాస్త్రము లో బెద్మార్ధులకు పబ్బిన ర్యాంకులు దిగువ ఇవ్వబడినవి. వాటి ఆధారము గా ర్మాంకు సహసంబంధ గుణకము లెక్మించండి

Ranks in Accounting	3	4	2	6	1	5
Ranks in Statistics	3	1	4	2	5	6

17. Calculate the Price Index from the following Data and Check whether Time Reverse test is satisfied:

రాగువ దత్తాంశం నకు ధర సూచీ లెక్కించి , కాల పంపర్తన పరిక్షను సంశ్వప్తి. పరుస్తుందో లేదో శెల్మండి.

Commodity	Base	vear	Current year		
•		Quantity (Kgs.)	Price (Rs.)	Quantity (Kgs.)	
A	32	50	30	50	
В	30	35	25	40	
С	16	55	18	50	

(Or)

18. Construct the Consumer Price Index Number for 2000 on the basis of 1999 using family budget method from the following Data. దగువ ఇచ్చిన కుటుంబ బడ్జెట్ వివరాల ఆధారము గా 2000 సంవత్సరానికి , వినియోగదారు దర సూచ్ సంఖ్య ను 1999 సంవత్సరము ను ఆదారము గా తీసుకుని లెక్మించండి?

Commodity	Rice	Wheat	Pulses	Ghee	Oil
Weights	40	20	15	20	5
Price (per unit Rs. 1999)	16	40	0.50	5.12	2.00
Price (per unit Rs. 2000)	20	60	0.50	6.25	1.50

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A+" Grade)

(w.c.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)
II Year B Com (General) – Semester – III

COM309:: MARKETING MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE of the following

(5x3 = 15M)

1. Selling Concept

అమ్మకపు భావన

2. Marketing Environment

మార్కెటింగ్ పలసరాలు

3. Consumer Behaviour

ವಿನಿಯಾಗಧಾರುನಿ ప్రవర్తన

4. Packaging and Labeling

ಪ್ಯಾಕಿಂಗ್ ಮಲಯು ಲೆಪಿಶಿಂಗ್

5. Penetration Pricing

ಧರ ವ್ಯಾಪ್ತಿ

6. Online Marketing

అంతర్జాల మార్కెటింగ్

7. Publicity

ప్రచురణ

8. Objectives of Pricing

ధర ఉద్దేశ్యాలు

SECTION-B

Answer ALL the Questions.

(5x7 = 35M)

9. What is the different concept of marketing? మార్కెటింగ్ భావనలోగల భేదాలు పమిటి?

(OR)

- 10. What is marketing mix variables? మార్కెటింగ్ మిశ్రమ చర కారకాలు అంటే ఏమిటి?
- 11. What is buyer behavior? Explain the stages in buying decision process కానుగోలు ధారుని ప్రవర్తన అంటే ఏమటి ? కొనుగోలు నిర్ణయ ప్రక్రియలో గల దశలను గూల్ప వివరింపుము.

(OR)

- 12. What is market segmentation? Explain the stages in buying decision process. మార్కెట్ ఖండన అంటే ఏమిటి? ఖండనలో గల దశలను గూల్ప వ్రాయుము?
- 13. What are various product management decision taken by a manager?

గార్యాహకుడు తీసుకునే బవిధ ఉత్పత్తి గార్వహణ గార్హయాలు ఏమిటి?

(OR)

- 14. What is PLC? Explain the strategies followed at each stage of PLC. ఉత్పత్తి జీవిత చక్రం అంటే ఏమిటి? ఉత్పత్తి జీవిత చక్రములో అనుసరించవలిసిన ఫ్యూహాలు గూల్పి వివరించండి.
- 15. Explain the importance and factor influencing pricing

 ధర నిర్ణయమును ప్రభావితం చేసే కారకాలను మరియు ధర నిర్ణయం యొక్క ప్రాముక్కతను వివరించుము

 (OR)
- 16. Explain the different pricing strategies? What are new product pricing methods? వివిధ రకాల ధర నిర్ణయ వ్యూహాలను వివరించండి . కొత్త వస్తువుల ధర నిర్ణయ పద్ధతులు ఏమిటి ?
- 17. Explain Promotion mix. ప్రేత్యహిక మిశ్రమము గూర్పై వ్రాయుము.

(OR)

18. What are distribution channels? Explain their sole and importance in marketing. పంపిణీ వ్యవస్థ అంటే ఏమిటి? మార్కెటింగ్ లో పంపిణీ వ్యవస్థల యొక్క పాత్ర మలయు ప్రాముక్యతను గూల్ప ప్రాయుము.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Accredited by NAAC "A" Grade)

II - B.Com (Computer Applications) EM &TM :: Semester - III

(For Admitted Batch 2020-21)

Paper : CAP169 :: Programming with C &C++

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any TWO questions from the Following:

2 x 5M=10M

- 1. Write the Structure of C program
- 2. Write about Break and Continue Statement
- 3. Explain about Array?
- 4. Write the Structure of C++ Program

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions.

4 x 10M=40M

5. a) Write about Data Types C Language with suitable examples

(or)

- b) Explain about Operators in C Language
- 6. a) Write about If and Switch Statement with examples

(or) -

- b) Write about types of Loops in C Language with Flow Charts and example syntax.
- 7. a) Write about Array Declaration and Initialization in C?

(or)

- b) Write a C program for Addition of two arrays
- 8. a) Explain about basic concepts of OOP?

(or)

b) Explain about different types of Inheritances

* * .

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A+" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)
II Year B Com (General & CA) Semester – IV

COM310: Corporate Accounting

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

 $(5\times3 = 15Marks)$

Answer any FIVE of the following. ఈ క్రింది ప్రశ్నలలో ఐదింటికి సమాధానాలు వ్రాయుము.

1. Forfeited shares వాటాల జన్న

X ltd. As 10,000 shares of Rs. 100 each. The board of directors as resolved to issue 2 bonus shares
of Rs. 100 each for every 5 shares in the company. From the following information write the
journal entries for the issue of bonus shares:

General Reserve

Rs. 2,00,000

Profit and Loss A/c

Rs. 1,50,000

Shares premium A/c

Rs. 1,50,000

X kd.వారు 10,000 వాటాలు ఒక్కొక్కటి రూ. 100 2వాటాలకు గాను 5 కంపనీ డైరెక్టర్లు బోర్డ్ ప్రతి .బోనస్ వాటాలను

ఒక్కొక్కటి రూ. 100 చొప్పన జాలి చేయదలచెను .బిగువన ఇచ్చిన వివరాల ఆధారంగా అవసరమైన చిట్టాపద్దులు

ത്രായാര്മ.

ಸಾದಾರಣ ರಜರ್ಯುರ್ಯ.2,00,000

ಲಾಭ-ಸವ್ಷಾಲ ಘಾಠಾ ರూ. 1.50,000

ವಾಟ್ ಪ್ರಿಮಯo **ರ್ಯ. 1,50,000**

- 3. B Limited issued 5,000 10% Debentures of Rs.100 each. Assuming that all the debentures issued are taken up and paid up for, pass the Journal Entries in the books of the company in each of the following cases:
 - The Debentures are issued at a premium of 10%
 - ii) The Debentures are issued at par and repayable at par.

B වඩාසියි කරා 5,000 10% ශීඩිරස්රා යුණි ජිමේ ජා.100. ඕාඡු 0 මතු ශීඩිරස්රා සෟච ස්ථා ස්තාවු සමාග දාංකර සි සැගස් සංඛ්යාව සංඛ්යා සහ සම්බාහ සහ සම්බාහ සහ සම්බාහ සහ සමාග සහ

i) යිඩිංచరు ను 10% ప్రీమియం కు జాలీ చేస్తే

ii) යීඩ ංచరు ముఖ තිలువలు జాలీ మరియు තිమోచనం చేస్తే

 Non- Convertible Debentures మార్కు కోవడానికి బీలులేని డిబెంచర్లు

5. Need for Valuation of Goodwill

ಗುಡಿ ಏಲ್ ಮೂಲ್ಯಾಂಕನಮು ಯುಕ್ಕ ಆವಸ್ಯಕತ

6. Average Profits Method

సగటు లాభాల పద్ధతి

 Net Profit Method నికర లాభాల పద్దతి

8. Companies Act ,2013 కంపెనీల చట్టం, 2013

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions.

ప్రశ్వలన్నింటికి సమాధాన మిమ్ము.

9. R.S. Co., Ltd, having a nominal capital of Rs. 20, 00,000 in share of Rs. 100 each, invited applications for 10,000 shares, payable as follows.

	Rs.
On Application	25-/
On Allotment	35-/
On First call	20-/
On Second and final call	20-/

The company received application for 9,000 shares. All the applications were accepted. All money due as stated above were received with the exception of first and second and final call on 250 shares, these shares were forfeited and re-issued as fully paid @ Rs. 90 per share.

Write journal entries relating to above transactions and show the balance sheet of the company.

ఆర్ .యన్ .కంపెనీ లెమిటెడ్ నామమాత్రపు మూలధనం రూ 100 విలువ గల వాటాలలో . రూ. 20,00,000 కలదు 10,000వాటాలకి దరభాస్తులు ఆహ్యాని౦చి౦ది. చెల్లింపు విధానం క్రింది విధం గా ఉంది.

	రూ.
దరఖాస్తుతో	25
కేటాయింపు మీద	35
మెదటి పిలుపు మీద	80
ටිංශ්ත් කාවරහා ඡාඩ බ්లාතුා කිය	20

కంపెనీ 9,000 వాటాల కోసం దరభాస్తులు రాగా అన్నింటిని అంగీకరించింది.పైన పేరొ_కన్న విధంగా 250 వాటాలపై మొదటి పిలుపు, రెండవ మరియు తుది పిలుపు మిసహా అన్ని వాటాల పై పూర్తి సామ్ము వసూలు అయినది .ఈ వాటాలను జప్ప చేసి వాటా 1 కి రూ 90 .చొప్పన చెల్లించిన విధంగా తిరిగి జారీ చేయడమైనది.

పై వ్యవహారాలకు అవసరమైన చిట్టపద్దులు వ్రాసి కంపెనీ ఆస్త్రి అష్టల పట్టిని చూపండి.

OR

10. Naidu Company Ltd, having a nominal capital of Rs. 20, 00,000 in share of Rs. 100 each, invited applications for 10,000 shares, payable as follows.

Rs. On Application 25-/

On Allotment	30-/
On First call	25-/
On Second and final call	20-/

The company received application for 8,000 shares. All the applications were accepted. All money due as stated above were received with the exception of first and second and final call on 250 shares. Write journal entries relating to above transactions of the company.

నాయుడు కంపెనీ లెమిటెడ్ నామమాత్రపు మూలధనం రూ. 100 విలువ గల వాటాలలో రూ 20,00,000 కలదు . 10,000 వాటాలకి దరభాస్తులు ఆహ్మాని౦చి౦ది చెల్లి౦పు విధానం క్రి౦ది విధ౦గా ఉ౦ది.

	ರ್.
దరఖాస్తుతో	25
కేటాయింపు మీద	30
మెదటి పిలుపు మీద	25
రెండవ మరియు తుది పిలుపు మీద	20
కంపెనీ 8,000 వాటాల కోసం దరథాస్తులు రాగా అన్నింటిని అ	ಂಗಿಕಲಂದಿಂದಿ .ಪ್ರಿನ ಪೆರ್ಕೌಸ್ನ ವಿದಂಗಾ 250 ವಾಟಾಲ
ಪ್ತಿ ಮದಲಿ ಎಲುವು .ರಿಂಡವ ಮರಿಯು ತುದಿ ಎಲುವು ಮಿನಬ್ ಅನ್ನಿ ವ	
పై వ్యవహారలుకు అవసరమైన చిట్టపద్దులు వ్రాయండే .	

11. What is the Debenture? Explain the various types of Debentures.

డిబెంచర్ అనగా నేమి? వివిధ రకాల డిబెంచర్లను గూర్చి వివరించండి.

OR

- 12. A Limited issued 4,000 15% Debentures of Rs.100 each. Assuming that all the debentures issued are taken up and paid up for, pass the Journal Entries in the books of the company in each of the following cases:
 - iii) The Debentures are issued at Rs.90 each
 - iv) The Debentures are issued at a premium of 10%
 - v) The Debentures are issued at a discount of 5% are payable at a Premium of 4%.
 - vi) The Debentures are issued at par and repayable at par.

ದಿಗುವ ಸಂದರ್ಭ್ಯಲಲ್ ವಿಟ್ಟಾ ಏದ್ದುಲು ಪ್ರಾಯಂಡಿ.

- i) ఒక్కౌక్య డిబెంచరు రూ .90 జారీ చేస్తే
- i) යීඩිංచරා 10% ව් කාරාංජා සංචි ඩ්් වූ
- ii) යීඩoచරා %5යී ಸ್ಥಾಂಟುಕು සారీ ಮಲಿಯು %48್ರೆ ಮಿಯಂಡಿ ۚ ಬಿಮಾ చనం చేసే
- iv) ලීඩිරයරා කාఖ නිలාක්లා සංර කාවරජා නිඛ්නය්තර සි්ද්
- 13. From the following information calculate the valuation of goodwill the net profits of a company for the five years are: 2009- Rs. 80,000/-; 2010 Rs. 90,000/- 2011 Rs.94, 000/-; 2012 Rs

On Allotment 30-/
On First call 25-/
On Second and final call 20-/

The company received application for 8,000 shares. All the applications were accepted. All money due as stated above were received with the exception of first and second and final call on 250 shares. Write journal entries relating to above transactions of the company.

నాయుడు కంపెనీ විබාහියි. నానుమాత్రవు మూలధనం రూ. 100 විවාස గల සాటాలలో రూ 20,00,000 కలడు . 10,000 සాటాలకి దరఖాస్తులు ఆహ్మా బంచింది చెల్లింపు విధానం క్రింది విధం గా ఉంది.

	Øэ».	
దరఖాస్తుతో	25	
కేటాయింపు మీద	30	
మెదటి పిలుపు మీద	26	
ටිංයන් කාචරායා ජාස බ්පාතුා කිරෙ	os	
ಕಂಪಿಸಿ в,೦೦೦ ವಾಟಾಲ ಕ್ ಸಂ ದರಥಾಸ್ತುಲು ರಾಗಾ	യരുറല്റെ താറിട്രാമാല . ഉപ്പു എന്നു കുടു എന്നു വെ	ವಾಕ್ರೋ
<u>ඩි</u> ඩාරස් ඩ්පාතු ,ටිංයන් කපරාා ඡාස ඩ්පාතු සා	సనహా అన్నె వాటాల పై పూర్తి సామ్ము వసూలు అయినది .	

11. What is the Debenture? Explain the various types of Debentures. డిబెంచర్ అనగా నేమ? వివిధ రకాల డిబెంచర్లను గూల్పి వివరించండి.

OR

- 12. A Limited issued 4,000 15% Debentures of Rs.100 each. Assuming that all the debentures issued are taken up and paid up for, pass the Journal Entries in the books of the company in each of the following cases:
 - iii) The Debentures are issued at Rs.90 each

ತ್ತಿ ವ್ಯವಪ್**ರಲು**ಕು ಅವಸರಮನ ವಿಟ್ಟಬರ್ದುಲು ಪ್ರಾಯಂಡಿ .

- iv) The Debentures are issued at a premium of 10%
- v) The Debentures are issued at a discount of 5% are payable at a Premium of 4%.
- vi) The Debentures are issued at par and repayable at par.

විතාහිරි කහර A 4.000 15% ශීවීට ස්රාද් සම්පූති රහා 100 බොණු 0 මති යු සම්පූති ස්ථා සම්පූති ස්ථාව අංක 0 වී සහස් තරයට පුළුම් ස්ථාව කුරෝවේ.

i) ఒక° දු ලිවිටරේරා ජාං ,ඉට සංඒ ධීව්

i) డేబెంచరు 10% ప్రీమియంకు జార్ చేస్తే

ii) డేబెంచరు %5డిసౌకరటుకు జారీ మరియు %4ప్రీమియంతో బమోచనం చేస్తే

iv) යීඩිංයරා කාසා කිలාක්లා සංර කාචරාා කඩාංයන් ර ධීව්

13. From the following information calculate the valuation of goodwill the net profits of a company for the five years are: 2009- Rs. 80,000/-; 2010 - Rs. 90,000/- 2011 - Rs.94, 000/-; 2012 - Rs

80,000/- and 2013 - Rs. 96,000/-. The capital employed in the business is Rs. 800,000/- on which a reasonable return of 10% is expected.

ದಿಗುವ ಇದ್ದಿನ ವಿವರಾಲ ಅಧಾರಂಗಾ ಗುಡಿ ಏಲೆ ಏಲುವನು ಲಿಕ್ಡಿಂಚಂಡಿ.

ෆිප් කරා තිරක්ස් ුපාප පාදහප කිනිපාපා: 2008- ජూ. 80.000/-; 2010 − ජూ. 80.000/- 2011 − ජూ.94.000/-; 2012 − ජూ. 80.000/- කිවරයා 2013 − ජూ. 86.000/- කවරයා 2013 − ජూ. 86.0000/- කවරයා 2013 − ජూ. 86.00

OR

14. From the following information calculate the valuation of goodwill under two years purchase of super profits method. The net profits of a company for the five years are: 2016- Rs. 80,000/-; 2017 - Rs. 90,000/- 2018 - Rs.94, 000/-; 2019 - Rs 80,000/- and 2020 - Rs. 96,000/-. The capital employed in the business is Rs. 8, 00,000/- on which a reasonable return of 10% is expected.

దిగువ ఇచ్చిన వివరాల అధారంగా రెండు సంవత్సరల కొనుగోలు మీద అదనపు లాభాల పద్ధతిలో గుడ్ విల్ విలువసు లెక్కించండి.

గత ఐదు సంవత్సరాల లాభాల వివరాలు: 2016- రూ. 80,000/-; 2017 — రూ. 90,000/- 2018 — రూ. 94, 000/-; 2019 — రూ. 80,000/- మరియు 2020 — రూ. 96,000/-. వినియోగించిన మూలధన విలువ రూ. 8,00,000/- అంచనా వేసిన రాబడి రేటు 10%.

15. The following is the summarized balance sheet of XYZ ltd. As on 31st Dec. 2015

Rs	Assets	Rs
10,00,000	Investments	38,00,000 10,25,000
20.00.000	Stock in trade	5,72,000
20,00,000	Sundry debtors	12,78,000
15,00,000	Cash and bank	2,25,000
12,00,000	Balance	
8,00,000		
2,75,000		
1,25,000		
69,00,000	Ta a st	69,00,000
	10,00,000 20,00,000 15,00,000 12,00,000 8,00,000 2,75,000 1,25,000	10,00,000 Fixed assets Investments 20,00,000 Stock in trade Sundry debtors 15,00,000 Cash and bank 12,00,000 Balance 8,00,000 2,75,000 1,25,000

For the purpose of valuation of shares, fixed asset are to be depreciated by 10% and investments are to be revalued Rs.10, 80,000. Debtors will realise Rs. 12,14,100. Interest on debentures is due for 9 months and preference dividend for 2005 in also due, neither of these has been provided in the balance sheet. Calculate the value of equity share.

డిసెంబర్ 31, 2015 నాటి XYZ కంపెనీ లెమలెడ్ ఆస్త్రి అష్టల పట్టీ దిగువ ఇవ్వడమైనది

అష్యలు	Rs	ఆస్తులు	Rs
ລາ ຢ່າ ຄັນຍຸປຸລັດ	10,00,000	^{ညီ} ့ <mark>ပ ဇ</mark> ည်းပာ	38,00,000
10,000 ಕ% ಅಧಿಕೃತ್ರು ವಾಟಾಲು ಒಟ್ _ಕ ಕ್ಕಟಿ		ಶ್ಚಿಕಾಣಭಾವಾ	10,25,000
రూ. 100 చౌన్బన పూర్తాగా చెబ్లెంచినది 2.00,000 ఈక్కిటి వాటాలు ఒక్కౌక్కటి	20,00,000	ముగింపు సరుకు	5,72,000
ජා ±o.చొప్పన పూర్తగా చెల్లెంచినది సాధారణ రజర్ము	18,00,000	ఋణగ్రస్తులు	12,78,000
లాభనష్టాల ఖాతా	12,00,000	್ಯಾಂಕು,ನಗದುನಿಲ್ಯಲು	2,25,000
6% ಡಿಬಿಂಕರ್ಲು	8,00,000		
ವಿ ದ್ಧರ ಯಣದಾತಲು	2,75,000	=	
සි වූ රජන් ප්රියුපා	1,25,000		
	69,00,000		69,00,000

వాటాలను బెలువ కట్టుటకు స్త్రీరాస్తుల పై %10 తరుగుదల ఏర్పాటు చేయాలి .పెట్టుబడులను రూ. 10,80,000 గా తిలిగ్ బెలువ కట్టాలి ఋణగ్రస్తుల .పై వసూలయ్యే మొత్తం రూడిబెంచర్లు .12,14,100 . పైనెలల 9 వర్డీ చెల్లించవలసి ఉన్నది 2015 అలాగే .కు ఆధీక్యపు వాటాలు పై డివిడెండును చెల్లించవలసి ఉన్నది ఈ .రెండెంటికే సంబందించి ఆస్త్రీ అష్టల పట్టీలో ఎలాంటి ఏర్పాటు లేదుప్రతి ఈక్యిటీ వాటా విలువ .ను కనుగానండి.

OR

- 16. The following particulars of Naidu Ltd. as on 31 st March, 2020 are available:
 - A. 1,00,000 Equity Shares of ` 100 each fully paid ` 1,00,00,000
 - B. 10,000 12% Preference shares of `100 each fully paid `10,00,000
 - C. Securities Premium '11,50,000
 - D. Profit and Loss Account '33,58,000
 - E. General Reserve `18,85,000
 - F. Current liabilities: Creditors ' 31,20,000 Bills Payable ' 10,60,000
 - G. Average Profit after Tax (for last three years) ` 5,85,000
 - H. 20% of profit after tax is transferred to General Reserve every year
 - I. Fictitious Assets '80,000
 - J. Normal Rate of Return is 10%

Considering the above information, compute the value of equity share by Fair value method. කංදා 31, 2020 තැනීම් තැරාායා වනාහියි රාාජු මුංග නත්පා මරයාන්ෂාණි

ര്ത്യയ

- A. 1.00.000 ថមពី_នពី តាមមេយ ឧញ_{ិន}ឋ_នពី 100 នយង វេមន ង្សាក្កកា ដិគ្គ០៨ងនា ថា», 1,00,00,000
- B. 10000 18% అధిర్మపు వాటాలు ఒక్కౌర్యటి 100 విలువ గలవి పూర్తగా చెబ్లించినవి రూ. 10,00,000
- C. ಸಿಕ್ಕೂರವೆಲ ಶೈಖಯಂ ರೂ. 11,50,000
- D. లాభ సస్టాల భాతా రూ. 33,88,000
- E. ನೌರ್ಧರಣ ರಚರು_ನರ್ಯ. 18,85,000
- F. ప్రస్తుత అష్టలు : ఋణదాతలు రూ. 31, 20,000, చెబ్లెంపు జిల్లులు రూ. 10,60,000
- G. పన్ను తర్మాత సగటు లాభము (గత మూడు సం.)రూ. క.8క.000
- H. ಶೃಠಿ సಂಪತ್ಸರಮು ಏನ್ನು ತರ್_ಷತ ಲಾಭಮು ನುಂಡಿ 20% ನೌಧಾರಣ ರಿಜರ್ಲ್ಯು ಕು ಮೆಕ್ಟಿಂದಂಡಿ .
- l. కృత్రమ ఆస్తులు రూ. **৪**০,०००
 - J. ಸಾಧಾರಣರಾಬಡಿ ರೆಟು 10%

ಶ್ರಿನ ತಿಲ್ಪಿನ ವಿಷರಾಲು ಆಧಾರಮುಗಾ ದ್ವಂದ್ಯ ಬದ್ಧ ಡಿಲ್ ವಾಟಾ ಮಾಲ್ಯಾಂಕನಮು ಲಿಕ್ಕೌಂದಂಡಿ .

17. The following is the Trail Balance of Ram Co. Ltd as on 31.12.2014. prepare Profit & Loss Account and Balance Sheet of the Company

Particulars	Dr Amount	Cr Amount
Stock (1.1.2014)	7500	
Sales		35000
Purchases	24500	
Wages	5000	
Discounts	700	500
Salaries	750	
Rent	495	
General expenses (including Insurance)	1705	
Profit & Loss A/C (1.1.2014)		1503
Dividend paid	900	
Capital: 1000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each		10000
Debtors and creditors	3750	1750
Machinery	2900	
Cash in hand	1620	
Reserves		1550
Bad debts	483	
	50303	50303

Additional Information:

(a) Stock on 31.12.2014 is Rs. 8200/-

- (b) Depreciate machinery at the rate of 10% per annum
- (c) Provide 5 % as discount on Debtors
- (d) Allow 2 1/2 % discount on Creditors
- (e) Provide Managing Director's Commission at 15% on the net profits before deducting his commission.

రామ్ 5ి. Ltd వార 31.12.2014 తేదిన అంకణా ఈ క్రింది విధంగా చేసి చూపించారు. కంపెనీ లాభనష్టాల భాణా మరియు ఆస్త్రి అష్కల పట్టిక తయారు చేయండి.

ವಿವಿ ರ್ ಲು	Dr ango	Cr gnão
సరుకు (1.1.2014)	7500	
ಅಮೈಕ ಿಲು		35000
కొనుగోలు	24500	
ವೆಕನಾಲು	5000	
ಡಿಸ್ ₈ ರ೬್ಲುು	700	500
జీ తాలు	750	
ප ටු	495	
సాధారణ ఖర్చులు (భమాతో సహా)	1705	
లాభనష్టాల థాతా (1.1.2014)		1503
చెల్లించిన డిబిడెండ్లు	900	
మూలధనం : 1000 ఈక్విటి వాటాలు @ Rs. 10/- లు		10000
யாருஸ்ல $\&$,யாசெல்ல	3750	1750
ന ്താളംബ	2900	
చేతిలో నగదు	1620	
ರಜರು _{ತ್}		1550
ບ •ຄ _ະ ຄ້ວນ	483	
	50303	50303

అదనపు సమాచారము:

- (a) 31.12.2014 నాటి సరుకు నిల్వ Rs. 8200/-
- (b) ಯಂತ್ರಾಲ ಶ್ರಿ ಸಂವತ್ಸರಾನಿಕೆ 10% ದೌಷ್ಟನ ತರುಗುದಲ ಕಟ್ಟಾರಿ.
- (c) 5% డేస్కౌంట్ ఋణగ్రస్తుల పై కట్టావి.
- (d) 2 ½ % ಡಿಸ್ಕಾಂಟ್ ಬುಣದಾತಲ್ಲಾ ತಿಸುಕ್ ವಾರಿ.
- (e) నికర లాభము పై 15% మేనేజింగ్ డైరెక్టర్ కు కమిషన్ ఇవ్వాలి. (కమిషను నికర లాభంలో నుండి తీసివేయకుండా వున్మ నికర లాభము పై కమిషన్ కట్టాలి.)

OR

18. What are the salient features and provisions of Companies Act, 2013? రంపెనీల చట్టం, 2013 యొక్క ముఖ్య లక్షణాలు మలయు నిబంధనలు ఏమటి.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)
II Year B Com (General & CA) – Semester – IV

COM311:: COST AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE Questions. All questions carry equal Marks.

5X3 = 15M

 Objectives of Cost accounting. కాస్ట్ అకాంటింగ్ లక్ష్మాలు

 Cost center and Cost unit as య కేంద్రం మలియు వ్యయ యూనిట్

3. ABC analysis

ABC ಏಕೆಏಣ

4. Calculate the earnings of the workers A and B under Taylor differential piece rate system.

Normal rate per hour Rs.10

Standard output per hour 10 units

Differentials to be applied:

80% of the piece rate for below standard

120% of the piece rate for above standard

In a day of 8 hours 'A' produced 60 units and 'B' produced 100 units

టేలర్ భేదాత్మక పీసు రేటు పద్ధతిలో A మరియు B కార్మకుల అర్హనను లెక్కించండి.

ಗಂಟಕು ಸಾಧಾರಣ ರೆಟು ಝಾ 10 .

ಗಂಟಕು ಕ್ರಾಮಾಣಿಕ ಈತೃತ್ತಿ ಯಾಸಿಟ್ಲು 10

భేదాత్మక పీసు రెట్లు:

ప్రామాణికాని కన్నా తక్కువు౦టే పీసు రేటు లో %80

ప్రామాణికాని కన్నా ఎక్కువు౦టే పీసు రేటు లో %120

8 గంటలు గల ఒక రోజులో A ఉత్సత్త 60 యూనిట్లు మరియు B ఉత్సత్త 100 యూనిట్లు

- 5. From the following information calculate:
- 1. P/V Ratio
- 2. Break Even Point.

	Rs.
Total Fixed Costs	4,500
Total Variable Costs	7,500
Sales	15,000

ළීංධ సమాచారం ණි

లాభపరమాణ .l నిష్పత్తి

ಲಾಭ ನಷ್ಟ ರವಾಹ ಜಂದುವು ಲನು .2 ಗಣಿಂದಂಡಿ.

.ಮುಕ್ತಂಸ್ಥಿರ ವ್ಯಯಾಲು ರೂ4,500

ಮುತ್ತಂ ವರ ವ್ಯಯಾಲು ರೂ .7,500

అమ్మణాలు రూ .15,000

6. Limitations of Marginal Costing

ಕಪ್ಎಂಕ ಸ್ಮರ್ಯಾಂಚನ್ನು ಯುಕ್ಕ ಸರಮಿಕುಲು

7. Calculate the trend percentage from the following figures taking 2013 as the base and interpret them:

ఈ క్రింది వివరాలకు 2013 వ సంవత్సరాన్మి ఆధార సంవత్సరంగా తీసుకుని ప్రవృత్తి శాతాలను లెక్కించి,

Year (సంవత్సరం)	Sales (అమ్మకాలు)	Stocks (సరుకులు)	Profit before tax (పన్నుకు ముందు లాభం)
2013	1,881	709	321
2014	2,340	781	435
2015	2,655	816	458
2016	3,021	944	527
2017	3,768	1,154	672

Abnormal Loss అసాధారణ నష్టం

SECTION-B

Answer ALL the Questions. All questions carry equal Marks

5 X 7= 35 M

9. What is Cost Accounting? Explain the advantages of Cost Accounting. కాస్ట్ అకౌంటింగ్ అనగా నేమి? కాస్ట్ అకౌంటింగ్ యొక్క ప్రయోజనాలు వివరించండి.

(OR)

10. From the following particulars prepare Cost sheet as on 31st December 2016

× 2	Rs.		Rs.
Direct material	1,00,000	Depreciation:	
Direct wages	30,0000	Factory plant	500
Wages of foreman	2,500	Office premises	1,250
Electric power	500	Consumable stores	2,500
Lighting:		Manager's salary	5,000
Factory	1,500	Director's fees	1,250
Office	500	Office stationery	500
Storekeeper's wages	1000	Telephone charges	125
Oil and water	500	Postage and telegrams	250
Rent: Factory	5,000	Salesmen's salaries	1,250
Office	2,500	Travelling expenses	500
Repairs and Renewals:		Advertising	1,250

Factory plant	3,500	Warehouse charges	500
Office premises	500	Sales	1,89,500
Transfer to reserves	1,000	Carriage outward	375
Discount on shares written off	500	Income- tax	10,000
Dividend	2,000		
		20	

ಈ ವಿವರಾಲ ಆಧಾರಮುಗಾ ಡಿಸಿಂಬರ್ 31, 2016 ನಾಟಿ ವೈಯ ಸಿವೆದಿಕನು ಕರ್ಯಾರು ಪೆಯಂಡಿ.

	Rs	Ks	
ప్రత్యక్ష ముడి సరుకు	100000	ತರುಗುದಲ:	
ప్రత్యక్ష వేతనాలు	300000	ခုာ္မွ န္ၿပီ ဆွာဝမ်ဳ	500
ఫోర్మన్ వేతనాలు	2500	ဖ စ်ုံလဲ ဖ ရပ်အပာ	1250
ವಿದ್ಯು ಪ್ಪ ತ್ತಿ	500	ಏನಿಯಾಗಿ ತ ಸ್ಟ್ರೌ	2500
වුහිංරි:		మేనేజర్ జీతం	5000
ఫ్యాక్టర్	1500	<u>ල</u> ු වූ දින	1250
ఆఫీసు	500	ఆఫీసు స్టేషనర	500
స్టోర్ కీపర్ వేతనాలు	1000	టెలిఫోన్ చార్గేస్	125
ಆಯಿಲ್ ಮರಿಯು ವಾಟರ್	500	పోస్ట్ జ్&టెలిగ్రామ్	250
ඉදු :		సేల్స్ మెన్ జీతాలు	1250
ఫ్యాక్టరీ	5000	ప్రయాణపు ఖర్చులు	500
ఆఫీసు	2500	ప్రకటనలు	1250
		ဂီဖွဲ့ဝဂို စုတ္မွလ	500
ಮರಮ್ಮತ್ತುಲು ಮರಿಯು ನವಿಕರಣಲು:		ಅಮ್ಡಕಾಲು	189500
ခု ္မန္မပ် ခွာဝစ်	3500	ಬಯಟಕು ರವಾಣಾ	375
ဖ ိ်ုးလ ဖ ဆံ ဝအဃ	500	ఆదాయపు పన్ను	10000
ರಿಜರ್ಬ್ಯುಕು ಬದಿಶಿ	1000	వాటాల జారి పై డిస్కాంట్ రద్దు	500
దేవడెండు	2000		

11. A worker produced 100 articles during 44 hours in a week.

Hourly wage rate is Rs.19. The estimated time to produce 1 Article in 30 minutes. Under incentive scheme this time is allowed is increased by 20%. Calculate Gross wage under:

(a) Time rate

(c) Piece rate

(b) Halsey plan

(d) Rowan plan

ఒక కార్మకుడు 44 గంటలు గల ఒక వారంలో 100 వస్తువులను ఉత్పత్తి చేయును. గంటకు వెతనపు లేటు రూ. 19/-. ఒక వస్తువును ఉత్పత్తి చేయడానికి అంచనా వేసిన కాలం 30 నమిషాలు. స్టోత్సాహక వద్దతులలో ఈ కాలం 20% పెంచబడును.

වුී**ට**ධ හියුණපණි භූණව ස්ෂ්ර වරි_අරස්රයි.

(ಎ) ಟಂಕೆಉ

(ස) සණ්ව කර වේ කිරා විභා

(డె) రోవస్ పద్ధతి

(OR)

12. From the following particulars prepare Store Ledger by Weighted average price method..

January 1st 2016 Balance 100 units at Rs.10 per unit

Purchases

Date	Units	Rate
January 15	40 units	Rs.11 per unit
February 25	60 units	Rs.12 per unit
March 25 Issues	50 units	Rs. 10 per unit
Date	Units	
January 20th	80 units	
February 20 th	30 units	
March 10 th	40 units	

ಈ ಕ್ರಿಂದಿ ಶಿವರಾಲ ನುಂಡಿ ಭಾರಿತ ಸಗಟು ಧರ పದ್ಧತಿ ಲ್ ಸ್ಟ್ರಾರ್ಡ್ನಿ ಅವರ್ಧ್ಗಾ ತಯಾರು ಪರ್ಯ್ಯಂಡಿ.

జనవర్ 1.2016 నిల్మ 100 యూనిట్లు ఒకటికి 10 రూపాయలు చౌష్టన

కొనుగోళ్ళు:			සෟර	စာ:
తే ది	యూనిట్లు	రేటు	తే దీ	యూనిట్లు
జనవల 15 .	40 యూనిట్లు	రూ. 11	ස ත්ත් ව 20	80 యూనిట్లు
ඛ වුක්ව 25	60 యూనిట్లు	రూ.12	ఫిబ్రవర 20	30 యూనిట్లు
మాల్స్ 25	50 యూనిట్లు	రూ.10	మాల 25	40 annanin

13. A B C Chemical Company Ltd produced three chemicals during the month of July by three consecutive processes in each process 2% of the total weight put in is lost and 10% is scrap which from processes I and II realizes Rs. 10/- a ton and from process III Rs. 20 a ton. The products of three processes are dealt with as follows:

		Process - I	Process - II	Pro	cess – III	
Passed on to the next pro Send to warehouse for sa		75% 25%	50% 50%		- 0%	
Expenses incurred: Raw Materials Manufacturing wages	Rs. 1,20,000 20,500	Tons 1000	Rs. 28,000 18,520	Tons 140	Rs. 1,07,840 15,000	Tons 1348

3,100

3,100

General Expenses Prepare process cost accounts.

 $A ext{ B } ext{C}$ ජනංಯනජජරබනි වනාහිරි කාංජා ජනංජා ජනංජානංවනා එළේ,මු විණා රසකව නවළු $^{f s}$ ජනානාශ් $^{f s}$. %2 స్టర్టియలు నరుసగా మొత్తం బరువులోనులయు %10శుర్కు ఉండును శుర్కు వలువలు స్టర్టియ .1 మలయు 11లలో టన్ను ఒడుంది ,-/10స్టర్లేయి 111లో టన్ను ఒడుంది .-/20ముందు స్టగ్రేయులలో పుత్తత్త 6 సంబంధించిన వివరాలు:

	(2000 P)	ற்றீன	− I &:	ტთ − II	தின −11	1
తదుపరి స్టక్రియకు బ అమ్మకం కొరకు గిద్దం			5% 5%	50% 50%	100%	
ආරාූවා : කායි හියාලාවා	రూ. 1,20,000	టన్నులు 1000	ლ. 28,000	టన్నులు 140	ರ್ತ. 1,07,840	టన్నులు 1348
ಕ್ಷಾ ರಕ್ಷಶ್ಚಿತವಾಲು	20.500		18,520		15,000	-

18,520 7,240

ప్రక్రియ ఖాణాలను తయారు చేయండి. (OR)

14. What is Job Costing? Explain the features and advantages of Job Costing? జాబ్ కాస్టింగ్ అనగా నేమి? జాబ్ కాస్టింగ్ లక్షణాలు మరియు ప్రయోజనాలు వివరించండి.

20,500

10,300

15. The following Balance Sheets are given:

ತಿತ್ಯಾದಕ ವೆತನಾಲು

ಸಾಧಾರಣ ආರ್ಯುಲು

Liabilities	2016	2017	Assets	2016	2017
Equity Share Capital	3,00,000	4,00,000	Goodwill	1,15,000	90,000
Redeemable Pref.	-,-,-,-		Land and Buildings	2,00,000	1,70,000
Capital	1,50,000	1,00,000	Plant	80,000	2,00,000
General Reserve	40,000	70,000	Debtors	1,60,000	2,00,000
P & L A/c	30,000	48,000	Stock	77,000	1,09,000
Proposed Dividend	42,000	50,000	Bills Receivables	20,000	30,000
Creditors	55,000	83,000	Cash in Hand	15,000	10,000
Bills Payable	20,000	16,000	Cash at Bank	10,000	8,000
Provision for Taxation	40,000	50,000		28.0	
	1,03,100	1,03,200	-	1,03,100	1,03,200

You are required to prepare Comparative Balance Sheet. ఆస్త్రీ అష్కల పట్టీలు లగువసీయబడినవి.

စဍ္ဍပာ	2016	2017	ဖည်ာတ	2016	2017
ఈక్కిటీ మూలధనం	3,00,000	4,00,000	ന്യമ് മര്	1,15,000	90,000
బమా చనీయ ఆదిక్మపు	1,50,000	1,00,000	ಭೂಮ-ಭವನ•ಲು	2,00,000	1,70,000
మూలధనం	1,50,000	1,00,000	ಪ್ಲ•೦೬ು	80,000	2,00,000
ನ•ಧ•ರಣ ರಜರುೄ	40,000	70,000	రుణగ్రస్తులు	1,60,000	2,00,000
లా & న A/c	30,000	48,000	సరుకు	77,000	1,09,000
ដូចជា-១៥ ជិនថិ០ដី	42,000	50,000	వసూలు జిల్లులు	20,000	30,000
ರುಣದ•ತಲು	7/2/10/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/	5237533755287524734	ಪೆಠಲ್ ನಗರು	15,000	10,000
THE CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE	55,000	83,000	2	10,000	8,000
దైఫ్లింపు బద్దులు	20,000	16,000	ಪ್ಯಾಂಕುಲ್ ^ಕ ಸಗದು	500	,,,,,,
	40,000	50,000			

Prepare process cost accounts.

A B C ರಸ್ಕಾಯನ್ಗಳ ಕಂಪಿಸಿ ನಿಮಾಡಿ ಮಾಡು ರಕ್ಕಾಲ ರಸ್ಕಾಯನ್ಕಾಲನು ಕೆಚ್ಚೆ ಸ್ಥಿ ವೆಸ್ತುಂದಿಕ್ಕಾರ ನೇಲರ್ ಈ ಮಾಡು . %2 ప్రక్రియలు వరుసగా మొత్తం బరువులోమరియు %10తుక్కు ఉండును తుర్కు విలువలు ప్రక్రియ.I మరియు IIలలో టన్ను ఒకటికి ,-/10ప్రక్రియ IIIలో టన్ను ఒకటికి .-/20మూడు ప్రక్రియలలో వుశ్యత్ 6 సంబంధించిన వివరాలు: නුදුයා – III ත්වී $\cot - \Pi$

,	გ ලී ග − I	නුලී යා – II	නුලීයා – 111
తదుపం ప్రక్రియకు బదిలీ	75%	50%	100%
అమ్మకం కొరకు గిద్దంగికి బదిలీ	25%	50%	

ఖర్కులు : ముడి పదార్ధాలు ఉత్యాదక వేతనాలు సాధారణ ఖర్చులు	55°. 1,20,000 20,500 10,300	టన్నులు 1000 	28,000 18,520 7,240	టన్నులు 140 -	ა. 1,07,840 15,000 3,100	టన్నులు 1348 —
ప్రక్రియ ఖాతాలను తం	ಯಾರು ವೆಯಂಡಿ.	(O	R)			

14. What is Job Costing? Explain the features and advantages of Job Costing? జాబ్ కాస్టింగ్ అనగా నేమి? జాబ్ కాస్టింగ్ లక్షణాలు మరియు ప్రయోజనాలు వివరించండి.

15. The following Balance Sheets are given:

You are required to prepare Comparative Balance Sheet. ఆస్తి అప్పల పట్టీలు బగువనీయబడినవి.

စရုံ့ပာ	2016	2017	ဖ ည်ာတ	2016	2017
ఈక్కిటీ మూలధనం	3,00,000	4,00,000	గుడ్ బల్	1,15,000	90,000
విమోచనీయ ఆదిక్యపు మూలదనం	1,50,000	1,00,000	భూమి-భవనాలు పాంటు	2,00,000	1,70,000 2,00,000
ಸಾಧಾರಣ ರಿಜರು _ತ	40,000	70,000	దుణగ్రస్తులు -	1,60,000	2,00,000
లా & న A/c	30,000	48,000	సరుకు	77,000	1,09,000
ప్రతిపాదిత డివిడెండ్ రుణదాతలు	42,000	50,000	వసూలు జిల్లులు చేతిలో నగదు	20,000 15,000	30,000
පුවිරණ කතිත ගැලෙන	55,000 20,000	83,000 16,000	బ్యాంకులో నగదు	10,000	8,000
	40,000	50,000			

ಕನ್ನು ಎಲ್ಬಾಟ	1,03,100	1,03,200	1,03,100	1,03,200

తులనాత్మక అస్త్రి అష్టల పట్టిని తయారు చేయండి.

- 16. Discuss about the advantages and limitation of Financial Statement Analysis. ఆర్థిక నివేదికల పిన్లేషణ యొక్క ప్రయోజనాలు మరియు పరిమితులను గూర్ని చెర్చించుము.
- 17. The sales and profit during the years were as follows.

<u>Year</u>	Sales	Profit
2015	2,40,000	30,000
2016	2,70,000	42,000

Calculate:-

- (a) P/v ratio
- (b) Break Even Sales
- (c) Profit when sales are Rs.1,50,000
- (d) Sales required to earn a profit of Rs.57,000

ಅಮ್ನ ಕಾಲು ಮರಿಯು ಲಾಭಮು ದಿಗುವ ಸಂವತ್ಸಾರಾಲ ಲ್ ಈ ವಿಧಮು ಗಾ ఉಂದಿ

సంవత్సరం	ಅಮ್ಮಕಾಲು ಲಾಭಂ	
2015	2,40,000	30,000
2016	2,70,000	42,000

Calculate:-

- (e) లాభ పరిమాణ నిష్పత్తి
- (f) బ్రేక్ ఈవెన్ అమ్మకాలు
- (g) Rs.1,50,000 అమ్మకాలు వద్ద లాభము
- (h) Rs.57,000 రూ. లాభము కొరకు అమ్మకాలబెలువ

(OR)

18. Explain the advantages and limitations of Marginal Costing. ఉపాంత వ్యయాంకము యొక్క ప్రయోజనాలను మరియు పరిమితులను వివరింపుము.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A+" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch) II Year B Com (General & CA) – Semester – IV

COM312:: INCOME TAX MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION -A

Answer Any FIVE of the following.

(5x3=15 Marks)

1. Assessee

అస్సెస్టు

Mr. Basha, a married citizen of India left to Germany for the first time on 15-09-2018 on a
business trip. He returned to India on 05-06-2019. During his absence from India he maintained a
dwelling house for himself in calcutta. What will be his residential status for the assessment year
2020-21.

శ్రీ బాషా భారతదేశ వివాహిత పౌరుడు, వ్యాపార పర్యటన పై 15-00-2018 న మొదటిసారి జర్మనీకి బయలుదేరాడు. అతను 05-06-2018 న భారతదేశానికి తిరిగి వద్చాడు. భారతదేశంలో అతను లేనష్టడు కలకత్తాలో తన కోసం ఒక నివాస గృహాన్ని నిర్వహించాడు. 2020-21 పన్ను నిర్ధారణ సంవత్సరానికి అతని నివాస స్థితి ఏమి.

3. Deductions U/S 16

సెక్షన్ 16 ప్రకారం తగ్గింపులు

 Mr. Pavan is employed in a firm at Hyderabad. He pays a monthly rent of Rs.12,000 and receives a monthly HRA of Rs. 15,000/-. Basic pay Rs. 23,000 PM, DA - Rs. 8,000/- PM, and Bonus Rs. 20,000/-.

What would be his HRA exemption.

శ్రీ పవన్ హైదరాబాద్ లోని ఒక సంస్థలో ఉద్మోగం చేస్తున్నాడు. అతను నెలకు రూ .12,000 అద్దె చెల్లిస్తాడు. మరియు అతనికి లభించే నెలవారి ఇంటి అద్దె భత్యం రూ. 15,000 / -. మూల వేతనం నెలకు రూ. 23,000, కరువు భత్యం నెలకు - రూ. 8,000 / - మరియు బోనస్ రూ. 20,000 / -.అతనికి ఇంటి అద్దె భత్యం ద్వారా లభించే మినహాయింపు ఏమి.

- 5. What is depreciation? What are the rules regarding charge of depreciation? ఆరుగుదల అనగా నేమి? తరుగుదల బధింపుకే సంబంధించిన బయమాలు ఏమిటి?
- 6. Compute Gross Annual Value from the following particulars.

MRV - Rs. 60,000/- PA

Staudard Rent - Rs. 63,000/- PA

Fair Rental Value - Rs. 66,000/- PA

Actual Rent - Rs. 6,000/- PM

Vacancy period - 2 Months.

క్రింది వివరాల నుండి స్టూల వార్షిక విలువను లెక్కించండి.

పురపాలక అద్దె బలుప సంపత్సరానికి రూ. 60.000.

స్రామాణిక అద్దె సంపత్సరానికి రూ. 63,000,

సమంజసమైన అద్దె బిలువ సంవత్సరానికి రూ. 66,000

వాస్త్రవ అద్దె నెలకు రూ. 6,000.

ಭಾರೆ ಕಾಲಂ - ೭ ನಿಲಲು

7. Cost Inflation Index (CII).

ష్యయ ద్రవ్యోల్బణ సూచీ

8. Rebate u/s 87A

సెక్షన్ 87A ప్రకారం లెబేటు

SECTION - B

Answer ALL question

(5x7=35 Marks)

- 9. For the previous year ended on 31st March 2020 Mr. Z had following income:
 - (i) Profit from Business in Mumbai Rs. 67,000
 - (ii) Income accrued in India but received in America Rs. 68,000
 - (iii) Profit from business in Uganda received in India Rs. 75,000
 - (iv) Income from house property in Africa received in India Rs. 48,000
 - (v) Profit from business established in Iran, the business being controlled from India Rs. 30,000
 - (vi) Income from house property in Italy Rs. 76,000
 - (vii) Past untaxed foreign income brought in to India during this p y Rs. 18,000

Compute the total income of Mr. Z for the assessment year 2020-21 if he is (a) Ordinary

Resident, (b) Not Ordinarily Resident, (c) Non-resident.

- 31 మార్చి. 2020 తో అంతమయ్మే సంవత్సరానికి శ్రీ "Z" క్రించి ఆదాయా లను కలిగి ఉన్నారు:
- (i) ముంబైలో వ్యాపారం నుండి లాభం రూ. 67,000
- (ii) ಭಾರತದೆ ಕಂಲ್ ಸಂಪಾದಿಂದಿ, ಅಮಿರಿಕಾಲ್ ಸ್ವೀ ಕರಿಂದಿನ ಆದಾಯಂ ರೂ. 68,000
- (iii) ఉగాండాలో వ్యాపారం ద్వారా వచ్చిన లాభం, భారతదేశంలో స్వీకరించింది రూ. 75,000
- (iv) ಆಫ್ರಿಕ್ಲಲ್ ನ ಗೃವಾಸ್ಥಿ ದ್ವಾರ್ ವವ್ಪಿನ ಆದಾಯಂ ಭಾರತದೆ ಸಂಲ್ ಸ್ವೀಕರಿಂದಿಂದಿ ರೂ. 48,000

- (v) ಇರಾಸ್ ಲ್ ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಂಪಬಡಿಸ ವ್ಯಾಪಾರಂ ನುಂಡಿ ಲಾಭಂ ರೂ.೨೦,೦೦೦, ವ್ಯಾಪಾರಂ ಭಾರತದೆ ಕರ ನುಂಡಿ ನಿಯಂತ್ರಿಂಪಬರುಕುಂದಿ.
- (vi) ಇಟಕಿಲ್ ನ ಗೃರ್ಕಸ್ಥಿ ನುಂಡಿ ಆದ್ ಯಂ ರೂ. 76,000
- (vii) గతంలో పన్ను విధించని విదేశీ ఆదాయం ఈ గత సంపత్సరంలో భారతదేశానికి తీసుకుపచ్చినది రూ. 18.000 అతను (ఎ) సాధారణ నివాస్, (జి) సాధారణ నివాస్ కానివాడు , (స్) నివాస్ కానివాడు అయితే 2020-21 పన్ను నిర్ధారణ సంవత్సరానికి శ్రీ "Z" యొక్క మొత్తం ఆదాయాన్ని లెర్మించండి.

(Or)

10. Distinguish between Capital Receipts and Revenue Receipts.

ಮಾಲಧನ ವರ್ಸಾರ್ಟ್ನ ಮರಿಯು ರಾಬಡಿ ವರ್ಸಾರ್ಟ್ನ ಮಧ್ಯ ಗಲ ತೆಡಾಲನು ತಲ್ನುಮು.

- 11. Mr. Karthik an employee of Ranchi (population 15 Lakhs) based company provides the following particulars of his salary income:
 - i. Basic Salary Rs. 12,000 pm
 - ii. Bonus Rs. 12,000
 - iii. Commission on Turnover achieved by Mr. Pandu Rs. 42,000
 - iv. Entertainment Allowance Rs. 2,000pm
 - v. Club facility Rs. 6,000
 - vi. Transport Allowance Rs. 1,000pm
 - vii. Free use of car of more than 1.6lt. Capacity for both personal and office purpose. Expenses are met by employer
 - viii. Rent Free House provided by employer. Lease rent paid by employer Rs. 6,000 pm
 - ix. Education Allowance for three children of the employee Rs. 22,500
 - x. Gas, water and electricity bill issued in the name of employee but, paid by employer Rs. 16,800

Compute Income under the head salary for the assessment year 2020-21.

- శ్రీ కార్తిక్ రాంచీలోని (జనాభా 15 లక్షలు) ఆధారత సంస్థ యొక్క ఉద్యోగి, తన జీతానికి సంబంధించిన ఆధాయ వివరాలు ఈ క్రింది విధంగా కలవు:
- i. మూల జీతం నెలకు రూ. 12,000
- li. బోనస్ రూ. 12.000
- iii. శ్రీ కార్తక్ సాధించిన టర్మో వర్ పై కమిషన్ రూ. 42,000
- iv. ಏನ್ ದ ಭಠ್ಯಂ ನಿಲಕು ರೂ. 2.000
- v. ಕ್ಷಬ್ ಸೌಕರ್ಯಂ ರೂ. 6,000
- vi. ರವಾಣ್ ಭಕ್ಯಂ ನಿಲಕು ರೂ. 1,000

vii. ಹೈತ್ತಿಗಳ ಮರಿಯು ಕಾರ್ಕ್ಯಾಲಯ ಸ್ಪರ್ಯಾಜನಂ ಕೌಸಂ x. ေಶಿಟರ್ಲ್ಲ ಕಂಟೆ ಎಟ್ಕುವ ಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯಂ ಪುಸ್ಕ್ ಡಿವಿಡ ಕಾರು ನೀತರ್ರ್ಯಂ, ಭಿರ್ರ್ವಲು ಯಜಮಾನಿ ಬೆಡ ಬೆಯಬಡಿನಾಯಿ.

viii. ಯಜಮಾನಿ ಅಂದಿಂದಿನ ಕಿವಿಕ ಗೃಹಾಂ. ಯಜಮಾನಿ ವಿಶ್ವಂವಿನ ಕೌಲು ಅಷ್ಟಿ ನಿಲಕು ರೂ. e.ooc.

ix. ఉద్యోగి ముగ్గురు పిల్లలకు విద్యా భత్యం రూ. 22.500

x. గ్యాస్, నీరు మరియు విద్యుత్ జిల్లు ఉద్యోగి పేరిట జారీ చేయబడింది. యజమాని చెల్లించినది రూ. 16,800 2020-21 పన్ను నిర్ధారణ సంవత్సరానికి జీతం నుండి ఆదాయాన్ని లెక్కించండి.

(Or)

 From the following information, compute taxable Salary Income of Smt. Vani for the assessment year 2020-21.

Basic Salary per month Rs. 25,200

Dearness allowance per month Rs. 12,300 (entered in retirement benefits)

CCA - Rs. 9,600

Education allowance received for his three children Rs. 12,000

HRA - Rs. 6,000/-pm (Rent paid at Hyderabad - Rs. 5,000/-pm)

Employer's contribution to Recognized provident fund Rs. 60,000

Employee's won contribution to RPF Rs. 60,000

Professional tax paid by the employee Rs. 2,400

Life insurance premium paid by the employer Rs. 36,000

క్రించి సమాచారం నుండి, 2020-21పన్ను నిర్ధారణ సంవత్సరానికి శ్రీమతి వాణి యొక్క పన్నుకు గురయ్కే జీతం నుండి ఆదాయాన్ని లెక్కించండి.

ಮೂಲ ಹೆತಂ ನಿಲಕು ರೂ. 25,200

కరువు భత్యం నెలకు రూ. 12,300 (పదవీ విరమణ ప్రయోజనాలలో కలుస్తుంది)

ನಗರ ಕುರಿಕ್ ರ ಭಕ್ಯಂ - ರೂ. 9,600

ತನ ಮುಗ್ಗುರು ಪಿಲ್ಲಲಕು ವಿದ್ಯಾ ಭತ್ಯಂ ರೂ. 12,000

ಇಂಟಿ ಅದ್ದಿ ಭಕ್ಯಂ ನಿಲಕು - ರೂ. 6,೦೦೦ (ಹಿದರಾಬಾದಿಲ್ ವಿಶ್ಲಿಂವಿನ ಅದ್ದ ನಿಲಕು ರೂ. 5,೦೦೦)

ಗುಶ್ತಂపು ಪೌಂದಿನ ಭವಿಷ್ಯ ನಿಧಿತಿ ಯಜಮಾನಿ ಪಾಟ್ ರ್. 60,000

ಗುರ್ಲಿಂపು ಪೌಂದಿನ ಭವಿಷ್ಯ ನಿಧಿಕೆ ಕಿದ್ಯಾಗಿ ಪಾಟಾ ರೂ. 60,000

ఉద్యోగి చెల్లించిన వృత్తి పన్ను రూ. 2,400

యజమాని చెల్లించిన జీవిత జీమా ప్రీమియం రూ. 36.000

13. From the particulars given below compute Income from House Property which consists of two independent units having 1/3rd and 2/3rd area:

Date of completion 01-11-2011

Municipal Rental Value Rs. 96,000

Fair Rental Value Rs. 84,000

Self occupied - 2/3 portion

Let-out - 1/3 portion

Actual Rent Rs. 7,500pm

Municipal Taxes Rs. 6,000pa

Fire Insurance Premium Rs. 2,000pa

Ground Rent Rs. 4,000pa

Interest on Loan Rs. 15,000

1/3 ಮರಿಯು 2/3 ಭಾಗಾಲನೆ ರೌಂಡು ಸ್ಥುತಂತ್ರ ಯಾಸಿಟ್ಲನು ಕಶಿಗಿನ ಗೃಕ್ಕಾಸ್ಥೆ ನುಂಡಿ ಏಪ್ಪೆ ಆದಾಯಾಸ್ವಿ ಕ್ರಿಂದ ಇಪ್ಪಬಡಿನ ವಿಏರಾಲ ನುಂಡಿ ಲಿಕ್ಕೌಂದಂಡಿ.

ನಿರ್ವಾಣಂ ಫುರ್ತೆಯನ ತೆದಿ 01-11-2011

ముగ్సిపల్ అద్దె బిలువ రూ. 96,000

యుక్త మైన అద్దె విలువ రూ. 84.000

సౌಂత ನಿವಾಸಂ - 2/3 ಭಾಗಂ

ಅದ್ದ ಕೆಪ್ಪಿನದ - 1/3 ಭాಗಂ

వాస్త్రవ అద్దె నెలకు రూ. 7.500

ముగ్సిపల్ పన్నులు సంవత్సరానికి రూ. 6.000

అగ్ని భేమా ప్రీమియం సంవత్సరానికి రూ. 2.000

గ్రౌండ్ అద్దె సంవత్భరానికి రూ. 4,000

అష్ట పై వడ్డీ రూ. 15,000

(Or)

14. Mr. Umesh owns the house properties about which the detailed information is given below:

	Unit - I	Unit - II
	Rs.	Rs.
Annual MRV	24,000	38,000
Annual FRV	22,000	34,000
Annual Standard Rent	20,000	40,000
Annual Rent	30,000	36,000
Interest on Loan taken for Construction		
of House	28,000	22,000
Vacancy period	2 Months	3 Months
Municipal Taxes	10%	10%
V70		

Calculate Income from House Property for the assessment year 2020-21.

శ్రీ ఉమేష్ గృహాస్ట్రిని కలిగ్ ఉన్నారు. దానికి సంబంధించిన వివరణాత్మక సమాచారం క్రింద ఇవ్యబడింది:

	ಯೂನಿಟ್ - I	ಯಾಸಿಟ್ - ॥	
	ರೂ.	ರ್.	
ವಾರ್ವಿಕ పುರವಾಲಕ ಅದ್ದ ಬಿಲುವ	24,000	38,000	
వార్షిక యుక్తమైన అద్దె బలువ	22,000	34,000	

వార్హిక ప్రామంతోక అద్దె	20,000	40,000
<u>ක</u> ංරූ ජ ලධු	30,000	36,000
గ్ళహ నిర్మాణం కోసం తీసుకున్న రుణంపై వడ్డీ	000,88	22,000
ಥಾಕೆ ಕಾಲಂ	ຂ నెలలు	3 ನೆಲಲು
ముగ్సెపల్ పన్నులు	10%	10%

2020-21 ಏನ್ನು ನಿರ್ಧ್ಧಾರಣ ಸಂವತ್ಸರಾನಿಕೆ ಗೃಪ್ಗಾಸಿ ನುಂಡಿ ಆದಾಯಾನ್ನಿ ಲಿಕ್ಕಿಂವಂಡಿ.

 Enumerate the items of deductions allowable in computing Income from Other Sources.

ఇతర వనరుల నుండి ఆదాయాన్ని గణించడంలో అనుమతించదగిన తగ్గింపుల అంశాలను వివలంచండి.

(Or

- 16. Mr. Nagesh owned one residential house which he sold for Rs. 25,80,000/- in October, 2019 which was actually purchased for Rs. 4,50,000/- in 2002-03. He spent Rs.2,00,000/- for the construction of another room in 2006-07. Brokerage charges Rs. 30,000. On April, 2020, he purchases agricultural land for Rs. 2,00,000. CII numbers in 2002-03 105, 2006-07 122 and 2019-20 289. Compute his Capital Gain.
 - త్రీ నగేష్ ఒక నివాస గృహాన్మి కలిగి ఉన్నాడు. దానిని అతను అక్టోబర్, 2019 లో రూ. 25,80,000 లకు అమ్మెను. దానిని వాస్త్రవానికి 2002-03లో రూ. 4,50,000లకు కొనుగోలు చేసిను. . అతను 2006-07లో మరొక గది నిర్మాణం కోసం రూ .2,00,000 / ఖర్చు చేశాడు. బ్రోకరేజ్ ఛార్జీలు రూ. 30,000. 2020 ఏప్రీల్లో వ్యవసాయ భూమిని రూ. 2,00,000 లకు కొనుగోలు చేసిను. CII లు 2002-03 105, 2006-07 122 మరియు 2019-20 289 . అతని మూలధన లాభం లెక్కించండి.
- 17. Smt. Shreya submitted her particulars for the previous year 2019-20. Compute her total income for the assessment year 2020-21.
 - i. Income from Salary Rs. 3,50,000
 - ii. Income from House Property Rs. 94,000
 - iii. Income from Other Sources Rs. 26,750
 - iv. Qualified Savings Rs. 1,12,000
 - v. Medical Insurance Rs. 18,000
 - vi. Capital Gains: Short term capital gain Rs. 45,000 Long term capital gain Rs. 1,25,000
 - vii. Business Income Rs. 72,000
 - శ్రీమతి శ్రేయ 2019-20 గత సంవత్సరానికి తన వివరాలను సమర్పించారు. 2020-21 పన్ను నిర్ధారణ సంవత్సరానికి ఆమె మొత్తం ఆదాయాన్ని లెక్కించండి.

 - ii. ಗೃಪ್ಸ್ಡ್ ಹುಂಡಿ ಆರಾಯಂ ರೂ. 94,000
 - iii. ಇತರ ವನರುಲ ನುಂಡಿ ಆದೌಯಂ ರೌ. 26.750
 - iv. ಅರ್ವೃತ ಗಲ ಪೌದುಕುಲು ರೂ. 1,12,000
 - v. ವైದ್ಯ ಭೆಮ• ರೂ. 18.000

vi. మూలధన లాభాలు: స్వల్పకాలిక మూలధన లాభం రూ. 45,000 దీర్ఘకాలిక మూలధన లాభం రూ. 1,25,000 vii. వ్యాపార ఆదాయం రూ. 72,000

(Or)

18. Elucidate the deductions available to an individual under section 80C - 80U.
సిక్షన్ 80 సి - 80 యు కింద ఒక వ్యక్తికి అందుబాటులో వుండే తగ్గెంపులను వివరింపుము.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A*" Grade)

(w.c.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

II Year B Com (General & CA) - Semester - IV

COM313:: BUSINESS LAWS MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions.

 $5 \times 3 = 15 M$

1. Write about the Voidable Contracts.

రెల్లగూడని కాంట్రాక్టును గూర్పి వ్రాయుము.

2. Write about Illegal Contracts.

ಸ್ಕಾಯವಿರುದ್ದ ಮಯಿನ ಕಾಂಟ್ರಾಕ್ಟು ಗೂರ್ನಿ ಪ್ರಾಯುಮು.

3. Essential elements of Valid Offer.

క్రమబద్ధమయిన ప్రతిపాధన ఆవశ్యాలు ఏవి.

4. Consideration

ప్రతిఫలం

5. Write about Contingent Contracts.

ఆగంతుక కాంట్రాక్టును గూర్పి వ్రాయుము

6. What are the differences between Sale and Agreement to Sell?

అమ్మకము మరియు అమ్మకపు అగ్రిమెంట్ మద్మ గల తేడాలు ఏవి?

7. Explain the Contract of Sale.

అమ్మకపు కాంట్రాక్టును వివరింపుము.

8. Explain the Cyber Crimes. సిబర్ నేరాలను వివరింపుము .

SECTION – B

Answer ALL the following questions.

 $5 \times 7 = 35 M$

9. Explain the essential elements of a valid contract. క్రమబద్ధమయిన కాంట్రాక్టు అవశ్యాలు వివరింపుము. (OR)

- 10. "All the Agreements are not Contracts, but All the Contracts are Agreements" Explain. " ఆంట్రాట్టు లన్మ అగ్రమెంట్ లే కానీ అగ్రమెంట్లు అన్మ ఆంట్రాట్లులు కావు". వివరింపుము.
- Define Acceptance. Discuss its Legal rules.
 స్వీక్సలెగి గిర్మచింది.మయిన గియమాలను చెల్పెందుమున్యాయబద్ద ,

(OR)

- 12. 'No Consideration, No Contract' Explain. ' కాంట్రాట్ల లేదు.. ప్రతిఫలము లేదు' వివరించుము.
- 13. Explain different modes of discharge of contract. ఆంట్రాక్టు విమోచన పద్ధతులను వివరింపుము.

(OR)

- 14. What are the remedies for breach of contract. కాంట్రాక్టు భంగానికి ఇచ్చే పలహారాలు పివి?
- 15. Explain the implied Conditions and Warranties. ప్రచ్ఛన్మమయిన షరతులు పూచీలు వివరింపుము.

(OR)

- 16. What are the rights of an Unpaid Vendor? వెల్లింపు జరగని అమ్మకపు దారుని హక్కులు ఏపి?
- 17. Explain the aims and objectives of Information Technology Act, 2000. సమాచార సాంకేతిక చట్టం 2000 –చ్యేయాలు మరియు పుద్దేశాలు వివరింపుము .

(OR)

18. Write about Digital Signature. డేజిటల్ సంతకం గూల్పి వ్రాయుము .

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

II Year B Com (General & CA) - Semester - IV

COM314:: AUDITING MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

5x3=15M

Section-A

Answer any FIVE of the following

ಕ್ರಿಂದವಾಟಿಲ್ ಐದಂಟಿಕಿ ಸಮಾಧಮುಶಮ್ಮು.

1. Error of commission

ಅಕಾರ್ಕ್ಯಾಕರಣ ದ⁶ಫಾಲು

2. Auditing Vs Investigation

ಆಡಿಟಿಂಗ್ VS ಕ್

3. Government audit

ప్రభుత్వ ఆడిట్

4. Internal audit

ಅಂಚರ್ಧಚ ಆಡಿಟ್

5. Audit Note Book

ఆడిట్ నోట్ బుక్

6. Internal check

ಎಂಇರ್ನ ಇಬರು

7. Vouching of credit sales

అరువు అమ్మకాల వోచింగ్

8. Disqualifications of auditors. ఆడేటర్ అనర్హతలు

Section-B

Answer any FIVE of the following

.....

క్రింది అన్ని ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధనములిమ్ము.

9. Define Auditing. Explain its objectives?

ఆడిటింగ్ ను నిర్వచించి, ఆడిట్ ద్వేయాలను వివరించండి.

(OR)

10. Explain the good qualities of an Auditor.

ශයීඩර් ජා **ఉං**යాවි_సన మంచి ප<u>ජ</u>ුణాలను **න**ක්වංచంයී.

Write different types of Audits inbrief.
 బబధ రకాల ఆడిట్ లను క్లుప్తంగా బవలంచండి.

(OR)

- 12. Differentiate between Internal audit and External audit. ಅಂಚರ್ಗ ಆಡಿಕ್ ಕು ಐಪಿಂಗ್ಗ ಆಡಿಕ್ ಕು ಮಧ್ಯ ಗಲ ತೆಡಾಲನು ತಿಲ್ಪಂಡಿ
- 13. What are the components of audit program?

5x7 = 35M

මෙයින් මූූූූර්ධ වැඩු මෙන ඉදුරු වූ වූ

(OR)

- 14. What are the steps to be taken at the commencement of new audit? క్రౌత్త ఆడిట్ ను ప్రారంభించడానికి చేపట్టాల్సిన దశలు ఏవి?
- Explain to vouch the cash transactions.
 నగదు వ్యవహారాలను హోచింగ్ చేసే విధానం తెల్పండి.

(OR)

- 16. State the difference between vouching and verification. వోచింగ్ మరియు తనిఖీ మధ్య గల వ్యత్యాసాలను తెల్బండి.
- 17. Explain the procedure for appointment of an auditor in a joint stock company. జాయింట్ స్టాక్ కంపెనీ లో ఆడిటర్ నియామక విధానాన్ని వివరించండి.

(OR)

18. What is an audit report? Explain Clean Audit Report. ఆడెట్ లపోర్ట్ అనగానేమి? శుద్ధ ఆడెట్ లపోర్ట్ ను గూల్ప వవలంచండి.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.c.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch) II Year B Com (General) - Semester - IV

COM 315:: GOODS AND SERVICE TAX MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

Section-A

Answer any FIVE of the following ಕ್ಷಿಂದಿವಾಟಿಲ್ ಐದಿಂಟಿತಿ ಸಮಾಧಮುರಿಮ್ನು.

5x3 = 15M

- . VAT ವಿಲುವ ಆಧಾರಿತ ಏನ್ನು ಅನಗಾನೆಮಿ
- ಆತ್ತಾಯಿ ಡ್ಯూಟ್ z. Octroi Duty
- 3. Dual GST ద్వంద్య వస్తు సేవల పన్ను
- 4. Services Tax సేవల పన్ను
- 5. Transaction Value వస్తు విక్రయ విలువ
- 6. Bill of Supply సరఫరా ఐల్లు
- 7. Input Tax Credit ఇన్ఫట్ పన్ను క్రెడిట్
- 8. GSTR 9B.

Section-B

Answer ANY FIVE of the following

5x7 = 35M

క్రింది అన్ని ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధనములిమ్ము.

9. Explain the various taxes subsumed under GST వస్తు సేవల పన్ను పరిధి లో కలిపిన వివిధ పన్నులను వివరించండి.

- 10. Explain the provisions regarding registration of Supplier under GST. వస్తు సేవల పన్ను చెట్టం ప్రకారం సరఫరాదరుని లిజిస్ట్రేషన్ ప్రక్రియను వివరించండి.
- 11. Briefly explain the structure of GST model in India భారత దేశం లో వస్తు సేవల పన్ను యొక్క స్వరూపమును క్లుప్తముగా వివరించండి.

(OR)

12. Briefly explain the taxation reforms in India.

భారత దేశం లో పన్నల విధానం లో తీసుకు వచ్చిన మర్ఫులను తెల్పండి

13. Explain the reverse charge mechanism under GST వస్తు సేవల పన్ను చట్టం లో లవర్సు పన్ను వసూలు ప్రక్రియను వివలంచండి?

(OR)

- 14. Briefly explain the provisions relating to Composite Supply and Mixed Supply? వస్తు సేవల పన్ను చట్టం ప్రకారం కంపోసిట్ మరియు మిశ్రమ సరఫరా దారులను వివలించండి
- 15. Explain the cross utilisation of input tax credit between CGST and SGST. వస్తు సేవల పన్ను చట్టం ప్రకారం ఇన్పుట్ పన్ను క్రెడిట్ ను వినియోగించే విధానం ను తెలపండి

(OR)

- 16. State the provisions relating to time of supply under GST. వస్తు సేవల పన్ను చట్టం ప్రకారం వస్తు సరఫరా కాలమును తెల్పండి.
- 17. Explain the procedure for filing of various returns under GST . వస్తు సేవల పన్ను చట్టం ప్రకారం వివధ లటర్న్ లను దాకలు చేసే విధానం ను వివలంచండి.

(OR)

18. Briefly explain the process relating to filing of GSTR-9. GSTR-9. రటర్మ్ దాఖలు చేసే ప్రక్రియను వివరించండి.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Accredited by NAAC "A" Grade)

II - B.Com (Computer Applications) EM &TM :: Semester - IV (For Admitted Batch 2020-21)

Paper : CAP170 :: DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

Model Question Paper
Time: 2 1/2 hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any TWO questions from the Following:

2 X 5M=10M

- 1. Explain disadvantages of file processing system
- 2. What are the advantages of Relational algebra? Explain
- 3. Explain about various attribute classification.
- 4. Explain the selection command with an example

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions.

4 X 10M=40M

- 5. a). With a neat diagram, explain the architecture of a DBMS (Or)
- b). Explain about Data Models
- a). Explain about Specialization and Generalization in EER model (Or)
- b). What is ER-Modeling? Write advantages and disadvantages of ER-Modelling
- a). What is Functional Dependency? Explain difference between 3NF and BCNF (Or)
- b). What is relational model? Write about key features of relational model.
- 8. a). What is SQL? Explain different types of commands in SQL

(Or)

b). What is Nested Queries? How to create them? Discuss it with relevant example

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A*" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

II Year B.A (ESC) Semester – III COM301: Fundamentals of Accounting

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max Marks: 50

 $\underline{SECTION - A} \quad (5 \times 3 = 15 Marks)$

Answer any FIVE of the following. ఈ క్రెంది ప్రశ్నలలో ఐదింటికి సమాధానాలు ప్రాయుము.

- Advantages of Financial Accounting.
 అర్ధిక గణక శాస్త్రం యొక్క ప్రయోజనాలు.
- 10.Classification of Accounts భాతాల వర్గకరణ
- 11. Write about briefly various Subsidiary Books వివిధ రకాల సహాయక పుస్తకాలను గూర్పి క్లుప్తంగా వ్రాయుము.
- 12. Journalise the following transactions in the books of Rama Krishna.

2016 March 1, Rama Krishna commenced Business with Rs. 14,000

March 3, Goods purchased from Rajesh Rs. 3,000

March 18, Cash paid to Rajesh Rs. 2,000

March 25, Wages paid Rs. 500

ఈ క్రింది వ్యవహారాలకు రామ కృష్ణ పుస్తకాలలో చిట్టా పద్దులు బ్రాయుము.

2016 మాల్చ్ 1, రామ కృష్ణ రూ. 14,000/– నగదుతో వ్యాపారా R_{χ} ప్రారంభించెను.

మాల్ప్ 3, రాజేష్ దగ్గర కొన్న సరుకు రూ. 3,000/-

మాల్ని 18, రాజేష్ కు చెల్లించిన నగదు రూ. 2,000/-

మాల్ష 25, వేతనాల చెల్లింపు రూ. 500

13. Prepare Purchase Book from the following particulars.

2016 July 1, Goods purchased from Ramu Rs. 10,000

July 8, Goods purchased from Suneel Rs. 4,000

July 12, Goods purchased from Praveen for cash Rs. 3,000

July 24, Goods purchased from Vijay Rs. 6,000 (Trade Discount 5%)

క్రింది వ్యవహారాలతో కొనుగోలు చిట్టా తయారు చేయండి.

2016 జూలై 1, రాము దగ్గర సరుకు కొనుగోలు రూ. 10,000

జూలై 8, సునీల్ వద్ద సరుకు కొనుగోలు రూ. 4,000

జూలై 12, ప్రవీణ్ దగ్గర నగదుకు సరుకు కొనుగోలు రూ. 3,000

జూలై 24, విజయ్ దగ్గర కొన్న సరుకు రూ. 6,000 (వర్తకవు డిస్కౌంట్ 5 %)

- 14.Explain the importance of Bank Reconciliation Statement. బ్యాంకు నిల్మల సమన్వయ పట్టిక యొక్క ప్రాముఖ్యతను నివరింపుము.
- 15. Analyse the reasons for the any four differences in the Cash Book and Pass Book balances. నగదు పుస్తకం, పాస్ పుస్తకం నల్మల మధ్య పుండే తేడాలకు గల కారణాలను ఏవైనా నాబ్దంటిన విశేచించుము.
- 16. Prepare Trail Balance for the following particulars.

	Rs.		Rs.
Capital	62,000	Cash in hand	35,000
Cash at Bank	10,000	Salaries	2,000
Sales	2,25,000	Buildings	20,000
Bills Receivable		Purchases	2,00,000
Opening Stock	20,000	Bills Payable	5,000
ಈ ಕಿಂದಿ ವಿವರಾಲ	నుండి అంకణాను	ෂಯారు చేయ	ാർ.

	ರ್ಯ.		ರ್.
మూలధనం	62,000	చేతిలో నగదు	35,000
బ్యాంకు లో నగదు	10,000	జీతాలు	2,000
అమ్మకాలు	2,25,000	ಭವನಾಲು	20,000
వసూలు జిలులు	5,000	కొనుగోళ్ళ	2,00,000
్రాలంభపు సరుకు	20,000	చెక్టింపు జిల్లులు	5,000

$\underline{SECTION - B} \quad (5 \times 7 = 35 \text{ Marks})$

Answer ALL questions. ప్రశ్నలన్నింటికి సమాధాన మమ్ము.

Define Accounting? Describe the Objectives and functions.
 అకౌంటింగ్ ను నిర్యచించి, ద్వేయాలను, విధులను తెలపండి.

(Or)

10. Journalise the following transactions in the books of Kalpana.

2016 March 1 - Commenced business with cash Rs. 1,00,000

March 3 - Cash deposited into Bank Rs. 25,000

March 6 - Cash Sales Rs. 20,000

March 10 - Purchased Machinery by cheque Rs. 30,000

March 16 - Sold goods to Ratan Rs. 15,000

March 19 - Withdrew from bank for private use Rs. 5,000

March 24 - Salaries paid Rs. 9,000

March 29 - Cash paid to Ratan Rs. 13,500

ఈ క్రింది వ్యవహారాలకు కల్పన పుస్తకాలలో చిట్టా పద్దులు వ్రాయండి.

2016, ಮಾಲ್ಪ 1 – ನಗದುಣ್ ವ್ಯಾಪಾರ ಪ್ರಾರಂಭಂ ರೂ. 1,00,000

- 3 బ్యాంకులో జమ చేసింద రూ. 25,000
- 6 నగడు అమ్మకాలు రూ. 20,000
- 10 —చెర్కు ద్వారా యంత్రం కొనుగోలు రూ. $30{,}000$
- 16 రతన్ రు అబ్బన సరురు రూ. 15,000
- 19 ఇ్కక్తిగత అవసరం కౌరకు బ్యాంకు నుండి తీసింది రూ. 5,000
- 24 జీతాల చెల్లింపు రూ. 9,000
- 29 రతన్ చెబ్దించిన నగదు రూ. 13,500
- 11. Record the following transactions in the Three Column Cash Book.
 - 2016 May 1 Balance of Cash Rs. 20,000 and Bank Rs. 27,000
 - 2 Received Cash Rs. 4,000 and Cheque Rs. 4,800 from Bindu and Discount allowed Rs. 200
 - 4 Cash deposited into Bank Rs. 4,000
 - 6 Paid Cash Rs. 2,000 and Cheque Rs. 2,400 and Discount received Rs. 100
 - 14 Paid by cheque to Divya Rs. 4,500
 - 20 Withdrew from bank for office use Rs. 3,000
 - 26 Wages paid Rs. 4,000
 - 28 Rent paid through cheque Rs. 2,000

క్రింది వ్యవహారాలను మూడు వరుసల నగదు చిట్టాలో వ్రాయుము.

- 2016 మే 1- నగదు నిల్మ రూ. $20{,}000$ మలియు బ్యాంకు రూ. $27{,}000$
 - 2 జిందు నుండి వచ్చిన నగదు రూ. 4,000, చెక్కు రూ. 4,800 మలయు డిస్కౌంట్ రూ. 200.
 - 4 బ్యాంకులో జమ చేసినది రూ. 4,000
 - 6 మహేష్ కు చెల్లింపు నగదు ద్వారా రూ. 2,000, చెక్కు ద్వారా రూ.2,400, పచ్చిన డిస్కౌంట్ రూ.100
 - 14 చెక్కు ద్వారా బివ్య కు చెల్లింపు రూ. <math>4,500
 - 20 ఆఫీస్ అవసరాల నిమిత్తం బ్యాంకు నుండి తీసింది రూ. $3{,}000$
 - 26 వేతనాల చెల్లింపు రూ. 4,000
 - 28 aక్కు ద్వారా అద్దె చెబ్లింపు రూ. 2,000

(Or)

- 12. Prepare a Petty Cash Book from the information given below.
 - 2016 January 1, Cash given to the Petty Cashier Rs. 5,000
 - 2, Paid Carriage Rs. 50 and Stationary Rs. 100
 - 3, Paid Coolie Charges Rs. 20, Travelling Expenses Rs. 150
 - 4. Paid expenses in relation to Refreshments Rs. 500
 - 5, Paid postage Rs. 100 and Sundry Expenses Rs. 100

క్రింది ఐవరాల నుండి చిల్లర నగదు చిట్టా తయారు చేయండి.

- 2016 සත්න්ව, 1. ඩත්, ඛපංಬා ජා ඔඩුත් ත්රයා ජාං. 5,000
 - 2. రవాణా చెల్లంపు రూ.50, స్టేషనల్ రూ. 100

- 3 గుంచి ఖర్చుల చెబ్లింపు రూ. 20, ప్రయాణ ఖర్చులు రూ. 150
- 4. విందుకు సంబందించిన ఖర్వల చెబ్దింపు రూ. 500
- 5. పెక్టుజి చెల్లెంపు రూ.100 మరియు వివిధ ఖర్చులు రూ. 100
- 13. From the following particulars prepare Bank Reconciliation Statement as on 31-3-2016
 - 1. Bank balance as per Cash Book Rs. 12,000
 - 2. Cheques issued but not presented for payment Rs. 4,500
 - 3. Direct deposits in the Bank by the Customer Rs. 3,500
 - 4. Cheques deposited but not collected Rs. 7,500
 - 5. Bank charges debited only in passbook Rs. 500
 - 6. Interest credited only in pass book Rs. 1,000

క్రించి నివరాల ఆధారంగా మార్చి 31, 2016 నాటికి బ్యాంకు నిల్వల సమన్వయ పట్టికను తయారు చేయండి.

- 7. నగదు పుస్తకం ప్రకారం వున్న గాల్య రూ. 12,000
- δ . జారీ చేసిన చెక్కు చెల్లింపుకు దాఖలు కానివి రూ . 4,500
- 9. ఖాతాదారు నేరుగా బాంకులో జమ చేసినది రూ.3,500
- 10.వసూలుకు పంపిన చెక్కులు వసూలు కానివి రూ. 7,500
- 11.పాస్ పుస్తకంలొ డెజట్ చేసిన బాంక్ చార్జీలు రూ. 500
- 12.పాస్ పుస్తకంలో మాత్రమె క్రెడిట్ చేసిన వడ్డీ రూ. 1,000

(Or)

- 14. From the following particulars prepare Bank Reconciliation Statement as on 31-12-2015
 - 1.Overdraft balance as per Pass Book Rs. 16,500
 - 2. Interest on overdraft debited only in Pass Book Rs. 250
 - Bank charges debited only in Pass Book Rs. 50
 - 4. Cheques issued but not presented for payment Rs. 3,000
 - 5. Cheques deposited but not collected Rs. 4,000
 - 6. Interest on Investment collected by banker, recorded only in Pass Book Rs. 2,000 క్రింది వివరాల ఆధారంగా డిసెంబర్ 31, 2015 నాటికి బ్యాంకు నిల్వల సమన్వయ పట్టిక తయారు చేయండి.
 - 1. పాస్ పుస్తకం ప్రకారం ఓవర్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ నిల్మ రూ. 16,500
 - 2. పాస్ పుస్తకంలో మాత్రమే డెజట్ చేసిన ఓవర్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ పై వడ్డీ రూ. 250
 - 3. పాస్ పుస్తకంలొ డెజట్ చేసిన బాంక్ చార్జీలు రూ. 50
 - 4. සංර చేసిన చెక్కులు చెల్లింపుకు దాఖలు కానివి రూ. $3{,}000$
 - 5. వసూలుకు పంపిన చెక్కులు వసూలు కానివి రూ. $4{,}000$
 - 6. w_{s} ంకరు పెట్టుబడుల మీద వడ్డీ వసూలు చేసి, పాస్ పుస్తకంలో మాత్రమే నమోదు చేసినందుకు రూ. $2{,}000$

15. Explain the various types of Errors.

ನಿವಿಧ ರಣ-ಲ ಹಸ್ಟ್ರೇಲನು ನಿವರಂಪಂಡಿ.

(Or)

16. Prepare Trial Balance from the following Balances.

	Rs.		Rs.
Cash	85,600	Bank	7,800
Capital	1,00,000	Creditors	6,000
Purchases	40,000	Discount received	200
Sales	35,000	Discount allowed	500
Salarics	5,000	Advertisements	700
Furniture	300	Interest received	500
Stationery	800	Drawings	1,000

క్రింద ఇచ్చిన నిల్వల సహాయంతో అంకణా తయారు చేయండి.

	ರ್.ಲು		රු.හ
ನಗದು	85,600	బ్యాంకు	7,800
మూలధనం	1,00,000	ಬುುಣ ದಾಹಲು	6,000
కొనుగోలు	40,000	ಪ ಬ್ಬಿನ ಡಿಸ್ಕೌಂಟ್	200
ಅಮ್ಮ ಕಾಲು	35,000	ఇచ్చిన డిస్కౌంట్	500
జీతాలు	5,000	ప్రకటనలు	700
ఫల్మచరు	300	వచ్చిన వడ్డీ	500
స్టేషనల	800	ಸೌಂతವಾಡಕಾಲು	1,000

17. From the following Trial Balance of Hima Bindu. Prepare Final Accounts as on 31-3-2016.

Particulars	Debit Balance (Rs.)	Credit Balance (Rs.)
Purchases and Sales	1,25,000	1,75,000
Returns	1,000	4,700
Rent	2,500	500
Opening Stock	15,000	
Debtors and Creditors	30,000	25,000
Salaries	22,500	
Wages	10,800	
Machinery	10,000	
Furniture	10,000	
Cash	29,400	1===
Interest	2,500	
Discount	5,000	1,000
Drawings	6,300	
Capital		63,800
**:	2,70,000	2,70,000

Closing Stock Rs. 15,000

31.3.2016 నాటి హిమజిందు అంకణా ఆధారంగా ముగింపు లెక్కలు తయారు చేయండి.

ຄສບ•ຍາ	යන හ් (ජා.පා)	වුශ්ග (හෟ.లා)
కానుగోర్కు, అమ్మకాలు	1.25,000	1,75,000
వాపసులు	1,000	4,700
ద్దా	2,500	500
ే ప్రారంభవు సరుకు	15.000	
ఋణగ్రస్తులు , ఋణదాతలు	30,000	25,000
జీతాలు	22,500	
వేతనాలు	10,800	w.
యంత్రాలు	10,000	
ఫ ర్మ చరు	10,000	
నగదు	29,400	
ක ල්	2,500	
යී _{වීල} රඩ්	5,000	1,000
ಸಾಂತಪಾಡಕಾಲು	6,300	
ಮಾಲಧನಂ		63,800
	2,70,000	2,70,000

ముగింపు సరుకు రూ. 15,000

(Or)

18. From the following Trial Balance of Lakshmi Narayana. Prepare Final Accounts as on 31-3-2016.

Particulars	Debit Balance	Credit Balance
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)
Opening Stock	75,000	
Purchases, Sales	2,45,000	3,50,000
Wages	50,000	
Discount		5,000
Furniture	17,000	
Salaries	7,500	
Rent	4,950	
Sundry Expenses	7,050	
Creditors		15,030
Divident paid	9,000	
Capital		1,00,000
Debtors	37,500	
Bank Overdraft		. 17,500
Plant, Machinery	29,000	
Cash at Bank	16,200	
General Reserve		15,500
Patents	4,830	

5,03,030	5.03.030
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Adjustments:

1. Closing Stock Rs. 82,000

2. Depreciation on Furniture - 10%, Machinery - 10%

3. Outstanding Salaries Rs. 1,000

4. Prepaid Rent Rs. 450

31.3.2016 ನಾಟಿ ಲಕ್ಷ್ಮಿ ನಾರಾಯಣ ಅಂಕಣಾ ಆಧಾರಂಗಾ ಮುಗಿಂపು ಲಕ್ಕಲು ಚಯಾರು ವೆಯಂಡಿ.

బిపరాలు	ය සර්	මු ෂඟි
	(రూ.లు)	(రూ.లు)
ప్రారంభవు సరుకు	75,000	
కొనుగోలు, అమ్మకాలు	2,45,000	3,50,000
వేత నాలు	50,000	
డిస్కాంట్		5,000
ఫల్షచరు	17,000	
జీతాలు	7,500	6 5.5.5 0
ඉලි	4,950	9449
వివిధ ఖర్చులు	7,050	(555)
ಬುುಣದಾತಲು		15,030
සිවූ 0ඪ න යී නයි0යි	9,000	
ಮూಲಧನಂ		1,00,000
ఋဨ႐ွည္ခ္ခ္တပ	37,500	344
బ్యాంకు ఓవర్ డ్రాఫ్ట్		17,500
ప్లాంట్, యంత్రాలు	29,000	
బ్యాంకు లో నగదు	16,200	
ನಾಧಾರಣ ರ ಜರು _ವ		15,500
ໍລິເຄີດຄຸ້ນ	4,830	
	5,03,030	5.03.030

సర్దుబాట్లు:

- 1. ముగింపు సరుకు రూ. 82,000/-.
- 2. తరుగుదల ఫర్మెచర్ పై 10% మలియు యంత్రాల పై 10%
- 3. చెల్లెంచాల్సిన జీతాలు రూ. 1,000
- 4. ముందుగా చెబ్లెంచిన అద్దె రూ. 450/-.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch) II Year B.A (ESC) - Semester - IV

COM304: Financial Accounting MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

 $(5\times3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$

Answer any FIVE of the following. ໂລັກ• ຄວດຄືຣີ ກໍລາ•**ç**•ຄໍລາຍາ ສູ•ຜາລັກ .

- 1. What are the causes of Depreciation? ಚರುಗುರಲ ಕು ಗಲ ಕಾರಣಾಲು ಏಮಿಟಿ ?
- 2. What is secret reserve and advantages of secret reserve? రహస్మ లజర్ముఅంటే ఏబుటి ? దాని ఈపయోగాలు రాయండి.
- 3. A firm desires to debit its Profit and Loss Account with a uniform figure every year in respect of repairs and renewals. It expects that considering the life of the asset in question Rs. 10,000 will be the average amount to be spent per year. Actual repairs are Rs.1,000 in the first year, Rs. 2,300 in the second year and Rs. 3,700 in the third year. Show the Provision for Repairs and Renewals Account. ఒర సంస్థ ప్రతీ సంవత్సరం ఒకే బధమైన మొత్తమును మరమ్మత్తులు మరియు నబీకరణల కొరకు లాభ నష్టాల ఖాతాకు డెజిట్ చేయాలని నిశ్చయిందారు. ఆస్తి జీవితాన్ని పరిగణనలోకి తీసుకుంటే రూ. 10,000 సంవత్సరానికి నగటున ఖర్చు చేయాన్ని తంటుంది. అసలు మరమ్మతులు మొదటి సంవత్సరంలో రూ .1,000, రూ. 2,300, రెండో సంవత్సరంలో రూ. మూడో సಂಪಟ್ಟರಂಲ್ 3,700 ರೂಪಿಂದುಲು. ಮರಮ್ಮಕುಲು ಮರಿದು ನವಿಕರಣಲ ಘಾಣಾನು ತಯಾರು ವೆಯುಮು.
- 4. Explain the features of joint venture. ශ්කායී සැංඛාරට රාහර_ී පජුණවා කික්වටස්ටයී.
- 5. What are the features of the Bill. නලා ජා කුරයි පජුණපා බක.
- 6. Explain different types of Commissions. ಶಾಭ ರಕ್ಕಾಲ ರಶುಷ್ಟನ್ ಗೂಲ್ನ ರ<u>್</u>ಯಾಂಡಿ.
- 7. A firm purchases a 5 years' lease for Rs. 4,00,000 on 1st January. It decides to write off depreciation on the Annuity Method, presuming the rate of interest to be 5 % per annum. The annity tables show that a sum of Rs. 92,390 should be written off every year. Show the Lease Account for five years. Calculations are to be made to the nearest rupee. ಒಕ ಸಂಸ್ಥ 5 ಸಂಪತ್ಖರಾಲ ಶಿಜಾನು ಜನಪರ 1 ನ ರಾಂ. 4,00,000 ಲಕು ಕೌನುಗ್ ಲು ಬೆಸಿನದಿ. ಪಾರ್ವಿಕ ಪದ್ಧ ಔಲ್ ತರುಗುದಲ ರಾಯಾಲನ , సంజత్యరానికి 5% వడ్డి రేటుతో నిర్ణయించుకుంటుంది. వార్షిక పట్టికలు రూ. ప్రతి సంవత్సరం 92,390 లు తగ్గిస్తూ, ఐదేళ్లపాటు ರಿಜ್ ಛಾಲಾನು ಆಯಾರು ದೆಯುಮು. ಸಮಿಕ ರೂಪಾಯಿಕೆ ಲಿಕ್ಮಲು ವೆಯಾರಿ.
- 8. What are the steps involved in 'Renewal of Bill'. బల్లు నదీకరణ లో వుండే దశలు ఏపి.

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions ಅಗ್ನಿ ಪ್ರಸ್ತಲಕು ಸಮಾಧಾನ ಮಮ್ಮು. $(5\times7=35 \text{ Marks})$

9. In January 1st 2014 machinery was purchased for rupees 10,500 and spend rupees 500 on its erection. Find out the amount of depreciation at 10 % to be charged under Fixed installment method every year and Prepare the plant account for the 4 years assuming that it is sold away for Rs 8,500 at the end of 4th year.

జనపల 1,2014 నాడు ఒక యంత్రాన్ని రూ.10,500 కొనుగోలు చేసినారు. మలయు దాని సాపనకు రూ.500

ుర్పు చేసారు . సంవత్సరానికి 10% దాష్కని స్థిర నిల్వల పద్దతి ప్రణారం 4 సవత్సరాలుగు తరుగుదల పిల్పాటు చేసి, 4వ సవత్సరం చివరన యంత్రాన్ని రూ. 8,500లగు అమ్మనట్లుగా భావించి , దేసింబర్ 31 అగొంటింగ్ సంవత్సరం చివర తేదీ అనురున్నవృడు ,యంత్రం ఖాతాను 4 సంవత్సరాలరు తయారు చేయండి.

(Or)

- 10. Nagesh purchased a Machine for Rs. 1,00,000 on 1st April, 2014. He purchased a second Machineon 1st January, 2015 for Rs. 50,000. On 31st December, 2016 the second Machine was sold for Rs. 40,000. He closes his books on 31st December every year and charges depreciation at 10% on written down value method. Show Machinery Account for 3 years. ప్రస్టిల్ 1, 2014 నాడు ఒక యంత్రాన్ని నగేష్ దూ. 1,00,000 లక్షు కానుగోలు చేసినారు. అకడు రెండోప యంత్రాన్న జనవర 1, 2015న దూ. 50,000 లక్షు కానుగోలు చేసిను. డిసెంబర్ 31, 2016 న రెండోప యంత్రాన్న దూ. 40,000 లక్షు అమ్మెను. ప్రతి సంవత్సరం అతను ఖాతాలను డిసెంబర్ 31 న ముగిస్తారు మంయు తరుగుదల తగ్గుతున్న నిల్మల పద్ధతిపై 10%. యంత్రం ఖాతాను 3 సంవత్సరాలకు తయారు చేయింది.
- 11. Bala Ram Ltd. maintains a provision for doubtful debts at 5 % on debtors and a provision for discount at 2% on debtors. The ledger balances for the year ending 2015 was as follows:

Particulars	1-1-2015	31-12-2015
Provision for doubtful debts	Rs. 1000	
Provision for discount	Rs. 400	
Bad debts written off		Rs. 300
Discount allowed		Rs. 200
Sundry debtors		Rs. 10,000

Prepare bad debts account, provision for doubtful debts account and provision for discount account in the books of Bala Ram Ltd. for the year ending 31-12-2015. బల రామ్ లిమిటెడ్ వారు సంశయాత్మక రాని బాకిల కొరుకు ఏర్పాట్లు 5%, డెస్కౌంట్ కొరకు ఏర్పాట్లు 2% వివధా ఋణ గ్రస్తుల పై ఏర్పాటు చేస్తున్నారు. 31-12-2015 తేది నాటికీ వివరాలు క్రింది విధంగా ఉన్నవి.

ಬಿ ವರಾಲು	1-1-2015	31-12-2015
సಂಕಯಾತ್ಮತ ರಾನಿ ಬಾತಿಲ ಕೌರುತು ఏರ್ಬ್ಪಾಟ್ಲು	రూ . 1000	
డిస్కాంట్ కొరకు ఏర్పాట్లు	రూ . 400	
రద్దుపరచిన రాని బాకీలు		రూ . 300
ఇచ్చిన డిస్కాంట్		თ. 200
စစ်ဝှ ဃာက ႐ုံညှံ့ပာ		ರೂ . 10,000

31-12-2015 తేదినాడు రాని బాకీల ఖాతా, సంశయాత్మక రాని బాకిల కొరుకు ఏర్పాట్లు ఖాతా డిస్కౌంట్ కొరకు ఏర్పాట్లు ఖాతా ను బల రామ్ లిమిటెడ్ పుస్తకాలలో తయారు చేయండి.

(Or)

- 12. Write about the different types of reserves. ఐఐధ రకాల రజర్ముల గూర్పి రాయండి.
 - 13. Pushpa purchases goods with Rs. 50,000 from Raghava on 1st August, 2014. She accepted a bill for Rs. 50,000 payable 2 months after due date. Raghava gets the bill discounted at 5% p.a. Pass Journal Entries in the books of Pushpa and Raghava. పుష్ట రూ. 50,000 ల సరుకును రాఘవ వర్గ ఆగస్ట్ 1, 2014న కొనుగోలు చేసిను. అందుకు గాను ఆమె రూ.50,000 లకు 2 నెలలకు జిల్లును అంగీకరించెను. రాఘవ ఆ జిల్లును తన బ్యాంకు వద్ద సంవత్సరానికి 5% దొష్టన దేన్యాంట్ చేసుకొనెను. పుష్ట మరియు రాఘవ పుస్తకాలలో చిట్టా పద్దులు ప్రాయండి.

(Or)

14. Sandhya has drawn a bill for 3 months on Surya for the amount due from him for

Rs. 10,000. On due date Sandhya received Rs. 4,000 from him and drew a new bill for the balance of Rs. 6,000 for a further period of 2 months with an interest of 6% p.a. which bill was accepted by Surya. On the due date of the new bill Surya failed to pay and dishonoured it. Pass journal entries in both the parties. మూర్య మండి రావలసిన రూ. 10,000 ల బారీ మొత్తానికి సంధ్య ఇ నెలలరు ఒక ఇల్లును ప్రాసినం. గడువు తేలన సంధ్య అతని నుండి రూ. 4,000 తీసుకొని, మగణా మొత్తం రూ. 6,000 లకు సంవత్సరానికి 6% వర్ణీతో మరో ఇ నెలలరు కొత్త ఇల్లును ప్రాయాగా సూర్య అంగీకరించినాడు. కొత్త ఇల్లు గడువు నాడు సూర్య ఆ మొత్తాన్ని చెల్లంచనందున ఇల్లు అనాదరణ పాంచినది. ఇరువురి పుస్తకాలలో చిట్టా పద్దులు ప్రాయండి.

- 15. Raju of Amaravathi Sent 200 sewing machines costing Rs.500 each on consignment basis to Hemanth of Hyderabad to be sold by Hemanth at a Commission of 5 % on sales. Raju paid Rs.1500 towards expenses. On Machines reaching Hyderabad, Hemanth paid Rs.800 towards unloading charges. His other expenses were: Godown rent Rs. 1250 and Sales man's Salary Rs.700. Hemanth sold 150 sewing machines at Rs.600 each and sent account sales along with bank draft. Prepare ledger accounts in the books of consignor. అమరావతి లో రాజు 200 కుట్టు మిషన్లను ఒక్కౌకటి రూ.500 చొప్పన హైదరాబాద్ లో ఉన్న హేమంత్ కు అమ్మకాలపై 5% కమిషన్ కు పంపడమైంది ,రాజు రూ.1500 ఖర్చు చెల్లించినాడు.సరుకు హైదరాబాద్ చేలనప్పడు హేమంత్ రూ.1500 బగుమతి కొరకు ,రూ.700 అమ్మకపుదారుని జీతము ,రూ.1250 గిద్దంగులు కు ఖర్చు చేసినాడు .హేమంత్ 150 కుట్టు మిషన్లను ఒక్కౌకటి రూ.600 చొప్పన అమ్మనాడు మలయు మిగిలిన మొతాన్ని రాజు కు పంపినాడు .రాజు పుస్తకాలలో అవసరమైన ఖాతాలను చూపించండి .
- 17. Ashok and Basha were partners in a joint venture sharing profits and losses in the Proportion of 1:1 respectively. Ashok supplies goods to the value of Rs. 5,000 and incurs expenses amounting to Rs.400. Basha supplies goods to the value of Rs.4,000 and his expenses amounted to Rs.300. Basha sells goods on behalf of the venture and realises Rs.12, 000. Basha is entitled to a commission of 5 % on sales. Basha settles his account by draft.
 Prepare accounts in the books of Basha.

មកទីនី ឯ៦៚ា ខាត់ ខា ៦៥ស័ក 1:1 កង្សួនីខាំ ខាះខាខា ឯ០ជានាំង៨០ ទី១៥១ ផង្សួធិ តា្សូតា១០ ខាំ ជី០ភាហ ខាត់ ខា ៦៥ស័ក 1:1 កង្សួនីខាំ ខាះខាខា ឯ០ជានាំង៨០ ទី១៥១ ផង្សួធិ តា្សូតា១០ ខាំ ជី០ភាហ . ២ ខាំទី ហា .50,00 ឯខាង ហេ សហមាស តា្សូតា១០ កានិ ២០៧៧ភាយ ឯ២៤ឃ ហា .400 ឯហ្សួ ជីកាភាយ ហា សហមាស ... សហមាស ... ឃា ស សហមាស ... ឃា សហមាស ... ឃា សហមាស ... ឃា សហមាស ... ឃា ស សហមាស ... ឃា សហមាស ... ឃា ស សហមាស ... ឃា ស ... ឃា សហមាស ... ឃា សហមាស ... ឃា សហមាស ... ឃា សហមាស ... ឃា សហមស ... ឃា សហមាស ... ឃ ស សហមាស ... ឃ សហមាស ... ឃា សហមាស ... ឃា ស សហមាស ... ឃ សហមាស ... ឃា ស សហមាស ... ឃ ស ... ឃា ស សហមាស ... ឃា ស សហមាស ... ឃ ស ... ឃ ស សហមាស ... ឃ ស សហមស ... ឃ ស ...

18. Distinguish between Consignment and Joint Venture. రస్ సైస్ మెంట్ కు మలయు ఉమ్మడి వ్యాపారానికి మధ్య గల తేడాలను తెల్పుము.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

II Year B Com (BIFS & AT-Hons.) - Semester - III

COM307: ADVANCED ACCOUNTING MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max Marks: 50

PART-A

Answer Any FIVE Questions

5x3 = 15M

1. Entrance Fee

2. Ascertain the paid for stationery during 2019:

i. Expenditure towards stationery as per

ii. Income and Expenditure account for 2019

Rs. 6,400

iii. Stock of stationery 31-12-2019

Rs.1,200

iv. Stock of stationery 1-1-2019

Rs. 640

3. Statement of Affairs

4. Features of Hire Purchase System

5. Ravi purchased a T.V. on Hire Purchase System. The Cash price of the T.V. was Rs.7,200. He agreed to pay in four quarterly instalments of Rs. 2,000 each at the end of each quarter. Calculate interest for each quarter.

6. Fixed and Fluctuating Capitals

- 7. A and B share profit in the ratio of 5:3. They admit C as a partner. Their new profit-sharing ratio is 7:5:4. Calculate the Sacrificing Ratio.
- 8. Realisation Account

Part-B

Answer ALL Questions 5x7=35M

 Distinguish between Receipts and payments Account and Income and Expenditure Account.

(Or)

10. Following are the summary of Receipts and payments of Pattabhi Memorial Trust for the year ended 31st December 2008:

Receipts	Rs.	Payments	Rs.
Balance at bank on 1-1-2008: Building Fund Current Account	19,000 1,260	Salaries	7,150
Members Subscription	12,900	Books	2,100
Fees from non-members	1,200	Rent and taxes	900
Donation for Building	5,000	Electricity	600
Interest on Deposit for Building Fund	1,140	Telephone	400

Misc. Receipts	2,500	General Expenses	1,700
		Scooter Expenses	350
		Cost of Old Scooter	3,860
		Balances on 3-12-2008: Deposit in Building Fund Current account	25,140 800

Additional Information:

- (v) In 2008, they purchased a plot for Rs. 8,000.
- (vi) Fees from non-members include Rs. 50 as fees received in advance for 2009.
- (vii) Rent of Rs. 50 for January, 2009 was paid on 15th of December, 2008.
- (viii) Salaries of Rs. 650 for December, 2008 were not paid up to 15th of January, 2009. Prepare Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31st December, 2008 and a Balance Sheet as on that date.
- 11. Distinguish between Single Entry System and Double Entry System.

OR

12. Mr. Ramlal keeps his books under single entry system.

Particulars	1-1-2017	31-12-2017
	Rs	Rs
Bank overdraft	10,000	12,000
Furniture	20,000	20,000
Land and Building	70,000	70,000
Investments		10,000
Sundry Debtors	20,000	30,000
	30,000	40,000
Stock	45,000	50,000
Motor Car (1-7-2017)		20,000
Cash	10,000	20,000
Plant and Machinery	40,000	40,000
Sundry Debtors Sundry Creditors Stock Motor Car (1-7-2017) Cash	30,000 45,000 10,000	30,000 40,000 50,000 20,000 20,000

During the year he withdraw Rs.10,000 for personal use. On 1-7-2017 he introduced further capital of Rs. 20,000 by selling his private house. Adjustments:

- e) Appreciate Land and Building by 20%.
- f) Debtors include Rs. 1,000 from a customer who is insolvent and is irrecoverable.
- g) Maintain RDD at 5% on Debtors.
- h) Depreciate Plant and Machinery at 10%, Furniture at 5%, and Motor car at 10%. Prepare a statement showing profit or loss for the year 2017.
- 13. A mini bus is purchased for Rs.1,60,000 under hire-purchase arrangement on 1.1.2006. The amount payable is Rs. 40,000 on 1.1.2006 on entering the agreement and the balance in three annual instalments of Rs.50,000 each at the end of each year. Depreciation is charged at 10% on written down value method. Pass the necessary journal entries in the books of both the parties.

OR

- 14. On 1st Jan. 2018 a company purchased wagons on the Hire purchase System. The each price of the wagons was Rs.59,600 and the payment was to be made as follows: Rs.16,000 was to paid on agreement and the balance in 3 instalments of Rs.16,000 each at the end of each year. 5% interest per annum is charged by the wagon company. The buyers have decided to write off 10% annually on the diminishing cash value. Prepare necessary ledger accounts in the books of the buyer.
 - 15. A and B are partners in a firm sharing profits and losses 60% and 40% respectively.

Their Balance Sheet as on 31.12.2002 was as follows.

Liabilities		Rs	Assets	Rs
Creditors	THE RESERVE THE PARTY AND PARTY.	40,000	Cash at bank	2,000
Capitals		10,000	Debtors	25,000
Λ	40,000		Stock	40,000
В	30,000	70,000	Plant and Machinery	43,000
		1,10,000		1,10,000

The partners agree to take C as partners on the following terms.

(a) That C will pay Rs.20,000 as capital for 40% of future profits of the firm.

(b) The assets are to be re-valued before his admission. The stock can be reduced to Rs.35,000 and plant and Machinery be depreciated by 10%.

(c) That a provision of 2 1/2 % be created against debtors.

(d) As the new partner is unable to pay anything for goodwill, a goodwill account an be raised in the books of the firm for Rs.30,000.

Prepare necessary ledger accounts to record the above transactions and prepare the resultant balance sheet.

OR

16. P,Q and R partners sharing profits and losses equally. The Balance Sheet at 31st Dec.

2008 is as follows:

Liabilities	Rs	Assets	Rs
Sundry Creditors	5,000	Cash at Bank	3,000
Current Accounts:		R's current account	2,500
Ρ .	2,000	Bill's receivable	5,000
Q	3,000	Sundry debtors 20,000	
Reserve	6,000	Less: Bad debts provision 1,000	19,000
Capitals: P	10,000	Stock	18,000
Q	15,000	Fixtures	3,500
R	10,000		
	51,000		51,000

R reties on the data and the following adjustments are to be made for the purpose

- 1) Goodwill is valued at Rs.12,000
- 2) Fixtures to be depreciated by 5%
- 3) Stock to be appreciated by 10%
- 4) Bad debts provision to be increased by Rs.500

Find out the amount due to R and transfer it to his loan account. Pass journal entries, open partners capital accounts and revaluation account, and prepare the opening Balance Sheet of the continuing partners.

17. Distinguish between dissolution of partnership and dissolution of a Firm.

OR

18. The Balance Sheet of A,B and C sharing profit and loss as 3:2:1 respectively stood as follows on 30th June 2004.

		_	Rs
Liabilities	Rs	Assets	
Creditors	50,400	Cash at Bank	3,700

Reserve fund	22,000	Stock	20,100
Capital Accounts:		Debtors	62,600
A	30,000	Investments	16,000
В	20,000	Furniture	6,500
С	10,000	Building	23,500
	1,32,400		1,32,400

The firm was dissolved as on that date. For the purpose of dissolution, the investments were valued at Rs.18,000 and stock at Rs.17,500. A agreed to take over the investments and B to take over the stock. C took over the furniture at book value. Debtors and Buildings realised Rs.57,000 and Rs.25,000 respectively. Expenses of realisation amounted to Rs.450. In addition one bill for Rs.500 under discount was dishonoured and had to be taken up by the him. Give necessary ledger accounts to close the books of the firm.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)

RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

Model Question Paper

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch) II B.Com (BIFS) III SEMESTER

COM308::BUSINESS STATISTICS

Time: 2 1/21lours

Max Marks: 50

PART - A

Answer any FIVE Questions .All questions carry equal marks

5x3=15 M

- 1. What are the differences between Primary and Secondary data?
- 2. Find the Arithmetic Mean of the following data.

X	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40
F	5	9	13	21	20	15	8	3

3. Calculate the Mean Deviation from Mean from the following data.

Sl. No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Numbers	3000	4000	4200	4400	4600	4800	5800

- 4. Explain the features of Good Average.
- 5. Importance of Index Numbers
- 6. Explain the types of Correlation
- 7. Explain the objectives of Dispersion.
- 8. Calculate PE from the following data

No. of pairs = 10, Coefficient of Correlation value 0.72

PART-B

Answer ALL the Questions. All questions carry equal marks.

5 X 7 = 35 M

9. Define Statistics, Explain the importance and limitations.

(or)

10. Draw Histogram and find out the Mode from the following Data.

Class Interval	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
Frequency	5	9	13	21	20	15	8	3

11. Find the Arithmetic Mean from the following data.

Marks	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
No. of Students	5	9	13	21	20	15	8	3

12. Calculate the Mode from the following data.

Age	0-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30	30-35	35-40
No. of Persons		6	8	10	9	4	3	2

13. Calculate Co-efficient of Quartile Deviation from the following data

Marks	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
Students	5	10	25	45	10	5

(Or)

14. During the 10 weeks of a session, the marks scored by two students Raghu and Madhav taking the computer programme course are given below Who is better scorer? Raghu or Madhav and who is more consistent?

Raghu score	58	59	60	54	65	66	52	75	69	50
Madhav score	87	89	78	71	73	84	65	66	56	46

15. Calculate Co-efficient of Correlation from the following data.

х	11	7	9	5
Y	10	8	6	5

(Or)

 Rank of Students in Accounting and Statistics are given, Calculate Co- efficient of Rank Correlation.

Ranks in Accounting	3	4	2	6	1	5
Ranks in Statistics	3	1	4	2	5	6

17. Calculate the Price Index from the following Data and Check whether Time Reverse test is satisfied:

Commodity	Base y	/ear	Current	year
	Price (Rs.)	Quantity (Kgs.)	Price (Rs.)	Quantity (Kgs.)
A	32	50	30	50
В	30	35	25	40
С	16	55	18	50

(Or)

18. Construct the Consumer Price Index Number for 2000 on the basis of 1999 using family budget method from the following Data.

Commodity	Rice	Wheat	Pulses	Ghee	Oil
Weights	40	20	15	20	5
Price (per unit Rs. 1999)	16	40	0.50	5.12	2.00
Price (per unit Rs. 2000)	20	60	0.50	6.25	1.50

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A*" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted

Batch)

II Year B Com (BIFS) - Semester - III

COM306::Banking Theory and Practice

MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following. Marks) $(5 \times 3 = 15)$

- 1. Commercial Banks
- 2. Drawbacks of Unit Banking
- 3. Uses of INTERNET Banking
- 4. Functions of Regional Rural Banks
- 5. Types of Customers
- 6. Payment Gateways
- 7. Know Your Customer(KYC)
- 8. Holder in Due course

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions

 $(5\times7=35 \text{ Marks})$

- 9. Define Bank. Explain the various functions of commercial banks.
 - (Or)
- 10. Differentiate between Reserve Bank and Commercial Banks activities.
- 11. Define Branch Banking. Explain the advantages and Disadvantages of Branch Banking?

(Or)

- 12. Explain the Recent Innovations in Indian Banking Sector.
- 13. Discuss the Role and Importance of Co-operative Banks in India.

(Or

- 14. Explain the Role of NABARD in agricultural development.
- 15. Define Banker and Customer. Explain about various types of customers.

(Or)

- 16. Explain about general relationship between Banker and Customer.
- 17. Explain the Duties and Responsibilities of Collecting Banker.

(Or

18. Explain about Statutory Protection to Collecting Banker.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Do Approximation by NA A.C. with "A *") Grade

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A'" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

II Year B Com (BIFS) – Semester – III COM263::Fundamentals of GST

MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

Section - A

Answer ANY FIVE of the following

 $5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. Excise Duty
- 2. Value Added Tax
- 3. Dual GST
- 4. GSTN
- 5. Negative List of Goods
- 6. Reverse Charge
- 7. Mixed Supply and Composite Supply
- 8. Compulsory Registration

Section -B

Answer all the questions

 $5 \times 7 = 35$ Marks

9. Briefly explain the overview of indirect taxes in India.

Or

- 10. Briefly explain the limitation of Value added Tax
- 11. Explain the various taxes subsumed in GST

Or

- 12. Describe the various functions of GST Council
- 13. Explain the provisions relating to time of supply under GST
- 14. Explain the provisions relating to Value of Supply under GST
- 15. Explain the procedure of registration under GST

Or

- 16. Explain the provisions relating to Accounts and Audit under GST
- 17. Explain the various returns filed under GST

Or

18. Mr. A buys a passenger car worth Rs 300000 with GST Rs 80000. He deals in furniture and electronics and uses the car to travel to his showroom. In case he deals in transport business and use a goods vehicle (like trucks) for transporting of goods If he deals in cars and buys cars (as stocks) for reselling, he can avail ITC. In case, he deals in passenger transport services and gives the car on hire for tourism. Keeping in view the above four cases identify whether he can claim input tax credit or not.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted

Batch)

II Year B Com-AT (Hons.) - Semester - III
COM264::QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES

MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following.

(5×3= 15 Marks)

- 1. Define Statistics. Explain the characteristics of Statistics.
- 2. Write the characteristics of Good Questionnaire.
- 3. What are the requisites of an Ideal Average.
- 4. Explain the various measures of Dispersion.
- 5. What is meant by Correlation? Explain the different types of Correlation.
- 6. Scatter Diagram
- 7. Types of Sets.
- 8. Venn diagram.

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions

(5×7=35 Marks)

9. Distinguish between Primary and Secondary Data. Briefly explain the various

methods of Collection of Primary Data?

(Or)

10. Construct (i) Histogram (ii) Frequency Polygon, from the following data.

Class Interval	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
Frequency	12	36	44	78	55	18	11

11. Calculate MODE from the following data.

Class Interval	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	100-120
Frequency	8	12	16	22	14	9

(Or)

12. Compute Standard Deviation and Co-efficient of Variance from the following data

Class Interval	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60
Frequency	1	5	7	10	5	2

13. Calculate the Co-efficient of Correlation between the values of Price and Supply.

	8	10	15	17	20	22	24	25
Price								
Supply	25	30	32	35	37	40	42	45

(Or)

14. Calculate the Co-efficient of Rank Correlation

	1	1	1	1				_	
Marks in	1 42	1 75	138	1 54	64	135	24	172	50
IVIAITES III	1	, ,	20	3.	101	122	0.4	1/2	1 20

Accounting									- 20
Marks in	92	36	48	87	50	45	73	41	39
Statistics									

- 15. Given that $A = \{1,3,5,7,9\}$; $B = \{1,7,8\}$; $C = \{3,5,8,10,12\}$ verify Associative Law of Union and Intersection of Sets.
- (Or)
 16. Given the Sets $A = \{1,2,3,4\}$; $B = \{2,3,4,5\}$; $C = \{4,5,6,7\}$ find

(iii) A U (B
$$\Omega$$
 C) (iv) (A Ω B) Ω C

17. If
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$
, $B = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 5 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$, $C = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ find A^2 and prove that

$$A (BC) = (AB) C \text{ and } A (B+C) = AB + AC.$$
(Or)

18. Solve the following system of equations by inverse method.

$$2x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 = 9$$
$$x_2 - x_1 = -1$$
$$x_1 + x_2 - x_3 = 0$$

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Do Approxited by NAAC with "A'" Grade

MODEL PAPER

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A*" Grade) (w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted

Batch)

II Year B Com- (BIFS) – Semester – IV COM309::MARKETING

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE of the following

(5x3 = 15M)

- 1. Selling Concept
- 2. Marketing Environment
- 3. Consumer Behaviour
- 4. Packaging and Labeling
- 5. Penetration Pricing
- 6. Online Marketing
- 7. Publicity
- 8. Objectives of Pricing

SECTION-B

Answer ALL the Questions.

(5x7 = 35M)

- 9. What is the different concept of marketing?
 - (OR)
- 10. What is marketing mix variables?
- 11. What is buyer behavior? Explain the stages in buying decision process (OR)
- 12. What is market segmentation? Explain the stages in buying decision process.
- 13. What are various product management decision taken by a manager?

(OR

- 14. What is PLC? Explain the strategies followed at each stage of PLC.
- 15. Explain the importance and factor influencing pricing

(OR)

- 16. Explain the different pricing strategies? What are new product pricing methods?
- 17. Explain Promotion mix.

(OR)

18. What are distribution channels? Explain their sole and importance in marketing.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.c.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

II Year B Com (BIFS) - Semester - IV

COM311:: COST AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE Questions. All questions carry equal Marks.

5X3 = 15M

- 1. Objectives of Cost accounting.
- 2. Cost center and Cost unit
- 3. ABC analysis
- 4. Calculate the earnings of the workers A and B under Taylor differential piece rate system.

Normal rate per hour Rs.10

Standard output per hour 10 units

Differentials to be applied:

80% of the piece rate for below standard

120% of the piece rate for above standard

In a day of 8 hours 'A' produced 60 units and 'B' produced 100 units

5. From the following information calculate:

P/V Ratio

Break Even Point.

	Rs.
Total Fixed Costs	4,500
Total Variable Costs	7,500
Sales	15,000

- 6. Limitations of Marginal Costing
- 7. Calculate the trend percentage from the following figures taking 2013 as the base and interpret them:

Year	Sales	Stocks	Profit before tax
2013	1,881	709	321
2014	2,340	781	435
2015	2,655	816	458
2016	3,021	944	527
2017	3,768	1,154	672

8. Abnormal Loss

Answer ALL the Questions. All questions carry equal Marks

9. What is Cost Accounting? Explain the advantages of Cost Accounting.

(OR)

10. From the following particulars prepare Cost sheet as on 31st December 2016

, and terror in grant and property	Rs.		Rs.
Direct material	1,00,000	Depreciation:	
Direct wages	30,0000	Factory plant	500
Wages of foreman	2,500	Office premises	1,250
Electric power	500	Consumable stores	2,500
Lighting:		Manager's salary	5,000
Factory	1,500	Director's fees	1,250
Office	500	Office stationery	500
Storekeeper's wages	1000	Telephone charges	125
Oil and water	500	Postage and telegrams	250
Rent: Factory	5,000	Salesmen's salaries	1,250
Office	2,500	Travelling expenses	500
Repairs and Renewals:		Advertising	1,250
Factory plant	3,500	Warehouse charges	500
Office premises	500	Sales	1,89,500
Transfer to reserves	1,000	Carriage outward	375
Discount on shares written off	500	Income- tax	10,000
Dividend	2,000	*	

11. A worker produced 100 articles during 44 hours in a week.

Hourly wage rate is Rs.19. The estimated time to produce 1 Article in 30 minutes. Under incentive scheme this time is allowed is increased by 20%.

Calculate Gross wage under:

(c) Time rate

(c) Piece rate

(d) Halsey plan

(d) Rowan plan

(OR)

12. From the following particulars prepare Store Ledger by Weighted average price method..

January 1st 2016 Balance 100 units at Rs.10 per unit

Purchases

Date	Units	Rate
January 15	40 units	Rs.11 per unit
February 25	60 units	Rs.12 per unit

Rs.

Answer ALL the Questions. All questions carry equal Marks

9. What is Cost Accounting? Explain the advantages of Cost Accounting.

10. From the following particulars prepare Cost sheet as on 31st December 2016

	Rs.		15.
Direct material	1,00,000	Depreciation:	
Direct wages	30,0000	Factory plant	500
Wages of foreman	2,500	Office premises	1,250
Electric power	500	Consumable stores	2,500
Lighting:		Manager's salary	5,000
Factory	1,500	Director's fees	1,250
Office	500	Office stationery	500
Storekeeper's wages	1000	Telephone charges	125
Oil and water	500	Postage and telegrams	250
Rent: Factory	5,000	Salesmen's salaries	1,250
Office	2,500	Travelling expenses	500
Repairs and Renewals:		Advertising	1,250
Factory plant	3,500	Warehouse charges	500
Office premises	500	Sales	1,89,500
Transfer to reserves	1,000	Carriage outward	375
Discount on shares written off	500	Income- tax	10,000
Dividend	2,000	×	

11. A worker produced 100 articles during 44 hours in a week.

Hourly wage rate is Rs.19. The estimated time to produce 1 Article in 30 minutes. Under incentive scheme this time is allowed is increased by 20%.

Calculate Gross wage under:

Time rate (c)

(c) Piece rate

(d) Halsey plan (d) Rowan plan

(OR)

12. From the following particulars prepare Store Ledger by Weighted average price method..

January 1st 2016 Balance 100 units at Rs.10 per unit

Purchases

Date	Units	Rate
January 15	40 units	Rs.11 per unit
February 25	60 units	Rs.12 per unit

March	25	50 uni	ts	Rs. 10 per unit
Issues				
Date		Unit	s	
January	20^{th}	80 un	its	
February	20 th	30 un	its	
March	100	40 un	its	

13. A B C Chemical Company Ltd produced three chemicals during the month of July by three consecutive processes in each process 2% of the total weight put in is lost and 10% is scrap which from processes I and II realizes Rs. 10/- a ton and from process III Rs. 20 a ton. The products of three processes are dealt with as follows:

iui as follows.		Process - I	Process - II	Pro	cess – III	
Passed on to the next pro	cess	75%	50%	-	-	
Send to warehouse for sa		25%	50%	10	0%	
Expenses incurred:	Rs.	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.	Tons
Raw Materials	1,20,000	1000	28,000	140	1,07,840	1348
Manufacturing wages	20,500	-	18,520	_	15,000	
General Expenses	10,300		7,240	-	3,100	
Prepare process cost acco	ounts.					
*		(OR)				

14. What is Job Costing? Explain the features and advantages of Job Costing?

15. The following Balance Sheets are given:

Liabilities	2016	2017	Assets	2016	2017
Equity Share Capital Redeemable Pref. Capital General Reserve P & L A/c Proposed Dividend Creditors Bills Payable Provision for Taxation	3,00,000 1,50,000 40,000 30,000 42,000 55,000 20,000 40,000	4,00,000 1,00,000 70,000 48,000 50,000 83,000 16,000 50,000	Goodwill Land and Buildings Plant Debtors Stock Bills Receivables Cash in Hand Cash at Bank	1,15,000 2,00,000 80,000 1,60,000 77,000 20,000 15,000 10,000	90,000 1,70,000 2,00,000 2,00,000 1,09,000 30,000 10,000 8,000

You are required to prepare Comparative Balance Sheet.

16. Discuss about the advantages and limitation of Financial Statement Analysis.

17. The sales and profit during the years were as follows.

<u>Year</u>	Sales	Profit
2015	2,40,000	30,000
2016	2,70,000	42,000

Calculate:-

- (a) P/v ratio
- (b) Break Even Sales
- (c) Profit when sales are Rs.1,50,000
- (d) Sales required to earn a profit of Rs.57,000

(OR)

18. Explain the advantages and limitations of Marginal Costing.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)
11 Year B Com (BIFS) – Semester – IV
COM143 – Business Laws and Income Tax
MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions.

 $5 \times 3 = 15 M$

- 1. Valid Offer
- 2. Voidable Contracts
- 3. Undue Influence
- 4. Breach of Contract
- 5. Doctrine of Frustration
- 6. Assessee
- 7. Taxes
- 8. Types of Allowances

SECTION - B

Answer ALL the following questions.

 $5 \times 7 = 35 M$

9. Explain the essential elements of a Valid Contract.

(OR)

- 10. Explain various types of Contracts.
- 11.Define Acceptance. What are the essential elements of a Valid Acceptance.

(OR)

- 12. "No Consideration, No Contract" Explain.
- 13. Discuss about the Minor's Contracts.

(OR)

- 14. Explain different Modes of Discharge of Contract.
- 15. How do you determine the Residential Status of an Individual?

(OR)

- 16. Define Salary. Explain the main characteristics of Salary.
- 17. Define Agricultural Income and Non-Agricultural Income and give examples.

(OR)

- 18. Mr. Karthik an employee of Ranchi (population 15 Lakhs) based company provides the following particulars of his salary income:
 - Basic Salary Rs. 12,000 pm
 - ii. Bonus Rs. 12,000
 - iii. Commission on Turnover achieved by Mr. Pandu Rs. 42,000
 - iv. Entertainment Allowance Rs. 2,000pm
 - v. Club facility Rs. 6,000
 - vi. Transport Allowance Rs. 1,000pm
 - vii. Free use of car of more than 1.6lt. Capacity for both personal and office purpose. Expenses are met by employer
 - viii. Rent Free House provided by employer. Lease rent paid by employer Rs. 6,000 pm
 - ix. Education Allowance for three children of the employee Rs. 22,500
 - x. Gas, water and electricity bill issued in the name of employee but, paid by employer Rs. 16,800

Compute Income under the head salary for the assessment year 2020-21.

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II B.Com (BIFS) IV Semester

(For Admitted Batch 2020-21)

Model Question Paper

COM277:: FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND MARKETS

Time: 2 1/2 Hrs

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE from the following questions

 $5 \times 3 = 15 M$

- 1. Indian Financial System.
- 2. Financial Markets.
- 3. Non-Bank Financial Companies.
- 4. Role of Financial Institutions.
- 5. Differences between Primary Market and Secondary Market.
- 6. Types of Financial Markets.
- 7. Capital Market Instruments.
- 8. BSE and NSE

SECTION-B

Answer All the questions

5 X 7 = 35 M

9. Define Indian Financial System. Explain the various functions of Indian Financial System and Structure of Indian Financial System.

OR

- 10. Functions and Structure of Financial Institutions and Financial Markets.
- 11. Structure and Role of Financial Institutions.

OR

- 12. Explain Role and Structure of Non-Bank Financial Companies.
- 13. Types of Financial Markets, Components of Money Market, Components of Capital Markets.

OR

- 14. Differences between Money Market and Capital Market.
- 15. Define Discuss Money Market Instruments and Capital Market Instruments.

OR

- 16. Explain the Different Types of Bonds Available in the Market.
- 17. Functions and Objectives of Stock Exchange.

OR

18. Explain Role of SEBI in Investor Protection.

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II B.Com (BIFS) IV Semester

(For Admitted Batch 2020-21)

Model Question Paper

COM279:: Banking Regulations and Practices

Time: 2 1/2 Hrs

Max. Marks:

50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE from the following questions

 $5 \times 3 = 15 M$

- 1. Indian Banking System.
- 2. Banking Sector Reforms...
- 3. Tools of Monetary Control.
- 4. CRR & SLR.
- 5. Internet Banking Guidelines.
- 6. Non-Performing Assets.
- 7. Asset Classification.
- 8. Letter of Credit.

SECTION-B

Answer All the questions

 $5 \times 7 = 35 \text{ M}$

- 9. Define Indian Banking System. Explain the Banking Sector Reforms.
 - OR
- 10. Evolution and Structure of Indian Banking System in India.
- 11. Objectives, Functions & powers of RBI.

OR

- 12. Explain the Tools of Monetary Control.
- 13. Regulation of Payment Systems.

OR

- 14. Regulation of Money Market Instruments.
- Define Non-Performing Assets and explain Income Recognition & Asset Classification.

OR

- 16. Explain the Provisioning Norms of Non-Performing Assets.
- 17. Explain Types of Securities.

OR

18. Explain concepts of Hypothecation; Pledge; Mortgage; Indemnities and Guarantees.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (A) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

II B.COM (BIFS) w.c.f 2020-21 Semester IV-Model Paper

COM 282: General Insurance and Practice

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

Section-A

Answer any 5 of the following

 $(5 \times 3 = 15)$

- 1. Insurance Market Structure
- 2. Classification of Insurance Market
- 3. Components of Insurance Policy
- 4. Claim Forms
- 5. Fire Insurance Coverage
- 6. Liability
- 7. Crime Insurance
- 8. Arbitration

Section-B

 $(5 \times 7 = 35)$

Answer the following 9. Explain the salient features of Indian General Insurance Market

(OR)

- 10.Explain the structure of Indian Insurance Market
- 11. What do you mean by Insurance Contract? Explain the elements in an insurance contract.

(OR)

- 12. Explain the contents of an insurance proposal form.
- 13. Define fire insurance and state the conditions of fire insurance

(OR)

- 14. What are the important documents for Motor Insurance Policy?
- 15. Explain various General Insurance products.

- 16. Explain different classes of engineering insurance.
- 17. Explain the preliminary procedure of a claim.

18. Explain the process of claim management.

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(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

Il Year B Com-Hons. (AT) - Semester - IV COM314 - AUDITING

Model Paper

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

Section-A

Answer any FIVE of the following

5x3=15M

- 1. Error of commission
- 2. Auditing Vs Investigation
- 3. Government audit
- 4. Internal audit
- 5. Audit Note Book
- 6. Internal check
- 7. Vouching of credit sales
- 8. Disqualifications of auditors

Section-B

Answer any FIVE of the following

5x7 = 35M

9. Define Auditing. Explain its objectives?

- 10. Explain the good qualities of an Auditor.
- 11. Write different types of Audits inbrief.

(OR)

- 12. Differentiate between Internal audit and External audit.
- 13. What are the components of audit program?

(OR)

- 14. What are the steps to be taken at the commencement of new audit?
- 15. Explain to vouch the cash transactions.

(OR)

- 16. State the difference between vouching and verification.
- 17. Explain the procedure for appointment of an auditor in a joint stock company. (OR)
- 18. What is an audit report? Explain Clean Audit Report.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM On the constitution of the control of the co

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

II Year B Com-Hons. (AT) – Semester – IV

COM149 – COST ACCOUNTING Model Paper

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE Questions. All questions carry equal Marks.

5X3 = 15M

- 1. Objectives of Cost accounting.
- 2. Cost center and Cost unit
- 3. ABC analysis

4. Difference between allocation and apportionment

5. Calculate the earnings of the workers A and B under Taylor differential piece rate system.

Normal rate per hour Rs.10

Standard output per hour 10 units

Differentials to be applied:

80% of the piece rate for below standard

120% of the piece rate for above standard

In a day of 8 hours 'A' produced 60 units and 'B' produced 100 units

6. From the following information calculate:

a. P/V Ratio

b. Break Even Point.

	Rs.
Total Fixed Costs	4,500
Total Variable Costs	7,500
Sales	15,000

- 7. Limitations of Standard Costing
- 8. Normal loss & Abnormal loss

SECTION - B

Answer ALL the Questions. All questions carry equal Marks

5 X 7 = 35 M

9. What is Cost Accounting? Explain the advantages of Cost Accounting.

(OR)

10. From the following particulars prepare Cost sheet as on 31st December 2016

	Rs.		Rs.
Direct material	1,00,000	Depreciation:	
Direct wages	30,0000	Factory plant	500
Wages of foreman	2,500	Office premises	1,250
Electric power	500	Consumable stores	2,500
Lighting:		Manager's salary	5,000
Factory	1,500	Director's fees	1,250
Office	500	Office stationery	500

Storekeeper's wages	1000	Telephone charges	125
Oil and water	500	Postage and telegrams	250
Rent: Factory	5,000	Salesmen's salaries	1,250
Office	2,500	Travelling expenses	500
Repairs and Renewals:		Advertising	1,250
Factory plant	3,500	Warehouse charges	500
Office premises	500	Sales	1,89,500
Transfer to reserves	1,000	Carriage outward	375
Discount on shares written off	500	Income- tax	10,000
Dividend	2,000		1/1

11. The Received side of the Stores Ledger Account shows the following particulars.

January 1 Opening Balance 500units @ Rs.4/January 5 Received from Vendor
January 12 Received from vendor
January 20 Received from vendor
January 20 Received from vendor
January 20 Received from vendor

January 25 Received from Vendor 400units@4

Issue of materials were as follows:

Jan.4 – 200 units, Jan 10 – 400 units, Jan 15 – 100 units, Jan 19 – 100 Units, Jan 26 – 200 units Jan 30 - 250 units. Issues are to be priced on the principle of 'First in First out'.

(OR)

12. From the following particulars prepare Store Ledger by Weighted average price method..

January 1st 2016 Balance 100 units at Rs.10 per unit

Purchases

Date	Units	Rate
January 15	40 units	Rs.11 per unit
February 25	60 units	Rs.12 per unit
March 25 Issues	50 units	Rs. 10 per unit
Date	Units	
January 20th	80 units	
February 20 th	30 units	
March 10 th	40 units	

13. Kumaresh Ltd. has three production departments A,B,C and two service departments D and E. Following figures are extracted from the records of the company:

Pant and Dat	Rs.
Rent and Rates	5,000
Indirect Wages Depreciation of Machinery	1,500
General Lighting	10,000
Power	600
Sundries	1,500
Following further details are quality	10,000

Following further details are available:

Total A B C D E

Floor Space (sq. metres) Light Points	10,000	2,000	2,500	3,000	2,000	500 5
Direct Wages(Rs.)	10,000	3,000	2,000	3,000	1,500	500
H.P. of Machines	150	60	30	50	10	
Value of Machinery (Rs.)	2,50,000	60,000	80,000	1,00,000	5,000	5,000

Apportion the costs to various departments on the most equitable basis by preparing a Primary Departmental Distribution Summary.

(OR)

14. A worker produced 100 articles during 44 hours in a week.

Hourly wage rate is Rs.19. The estimated time to produce 1 Article in 30 minutes. Under incentive scheme this time is allowed is increased by 20%. Calculate Gross wage under:

(a) Time rate

(c) Piece rate

(b) Halsey plan

(d) Rowan plan

15. A B C Chemical Company Ltd produced three chemicals during the month of July by three consecutive processes in each process 2% of the total weight put in is lost and 10% is scrap which from processes I and II realizes Rs. 10/- a ton and from process III Rs. 20 a ton. The products of three processes are dealt with as follows:

		Process-I	Process - II	Pro	cess – III	
Passed on to the next pro-	cess	75%	50%		_	
Send to warehouse for sa		25%	50%	10	0%	
Expenses incurred:	Rs.	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.	Tons
Raw Materials	1,20,000	1000	28,000	140	1,07,840	1348
Manufacturing wages	20,500		18,520		15,000	
General Expenses	10,300	-	7,240		3,100	
Prepare process cost acco	ounts.		00 % = 200000			
		(OR)				

16. What is Job Costing? Explain the features and advantages of Job Costing?
17. The sales and profit during the years were as follows.

Year	Sales	Profit
2015	2,40,000	30,000
2016	2,70,000	42,000

Calculate:-

- (a) P/v ratio
- (b) Break Even Sales
- (c) Profit when sales are Rs.1,50,000
- (d) Sales required to earn a profit of Rs.57,000

(OR)

- 18. From the following information calculate:
 - a) Material price variance
- b) Material usage variance
- c) Material cost variance
- d) Material mix variance.

	Standard		Act	ual
	Quantity	Price	Quantity	Price
Material "A"	20	4	30	3
Material "B"	30	8	40	9
			A Committee of the Comm	

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(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch) II Year B Com-Hons. (AT) - Semester - IV

COM150 - MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

Model Paper

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE of the following:

 $5 \times 3 = 15M$

- 1. Define Management Accounting. Explain its Objectives?
- 2. Break Even Chart
- 3. Calculate the trend percentage from the following figures taking 2013 as the base and interpret them:

Year	Sales	Stocks	Profit before tax
2013	1,881	709	321
2014	2,340	781	435
2015	2,655	816	458
2016	3,021	944	527
2017	3,768	1,154	672

- 4. Write about the Cash from Operations.
- 5. What are the limitations of Ratio analysis.
- 6. From the following Balance Sheets, prepare a Schedule of Changes in Working Capital.

Liabilities	2016	2017	Assets	2016	2017
Capital	10,000	10,000	Cash	5,500	5,400
Profit & Loss A/c	5,200	15,400	Debtors	3,400	6,400
Long term loan	6,000	8,000	Stock	5,400	9,200
Short term Ioan	2,400	2,400	Long term		
Creditors	3,600	3,600	Investments	7,000	12,000
Outstanding wages	1,400	800	Plant	10,600	9,600
Income tax payable	3,800	3,400	Prepaid insurance	400	800
	32,400	43,600	1	32,400	43,600

- 7. What is Funds flow statement? Explain its uses?
- 8. Current Ratio 4:1, Quick Ratio 3.2:1, Current Liabilities 25,000. Find out Current assets, working capital & Stock.

SECTION-B

Answer any ALL questions:

5 X 7 = 35 M

9. What are the differences between Cost Accounting and Management Accounting?

(OR)

10. The following Balance Sheets are given:

2016	2017	Assets	2016	2017
	2016	2016 2017	2016 2017 Assets	2016 2017 Assets 2016

Equity Share Capital	3,00,000	4,00,000	Goodwill	1,15,000	90,000
Redeemable Pref.			Land and Buildings	2,00,000	1,70,000
Capital	1,50,000	1,00,000	Plant	80,000	2.00,000
General Reserve	40,000	70,000	Debtors	1,60,000	2,00,000
P & L A/c	30,000	48,000	Stock	77,000	1,09,000
Proposed Dividend	42,000	50,000	Bills Receivables	20,000	30,000
Creditors	55,000	83,000	Cash in Hand	15,000	10,000
Bills Payable	20,000	16,000	Cash at Bank	10,000	8,000
Provision for Taxation	40,000	50,000			
	1,03,100	1,03,200		1,03,100	1,03,200

You are required to prepare Comparative Balance Sheet.

11. Prepare a Balance Sheet from the particulars furnished hereunder:

Stock Velocity : 6

Gross Profit Margin : 20%

Capital Turnover Ratio : 2
Fixed Assets Turnover Ratio : 4

Debt Collection Period : 2 months

Creditors Payment Period : 73 days

Gross Profit was Rs.60,000

Excess of closing stock over opening stock was Rs.5,000

Difference in Balance Sheet represents Bank Balance.

The entire sales and purchases are made on credit basis.

(OR)

12. The following are the profit and loss account and the Balance Sheet of XY Ltd. Company.

Dr	Trading an	d profit &loss a/c	(
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Opening Stock	10,000	By Sales	1,00,000
To Purchases	55,000	By Closing Stock	15,000
To Gross Profit	50,000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	13,000
	1,15,000		1,15,000
To Operating expenses	15,000		50,000
To Interest	3,000	By Gross Profit	30,000
To Selling Expenses	12,000		
To Net Profit	20,000	le le	
	50,000		50,000

Balance Sheet

		Datance Sheet	
Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Capital Profit & Loss Account Creditors Bills Payable	1,00,000 20,000 25,000 15,000	Land & Buildings Plant & Machinery Stock Sundry Debtors Bills Receivables Cash at Bank Furniture	50,000 30,000 15,000 15,000 12,500 17,500 20,000
	1,60,000	-	1,60,000

You are required to calculate the following Ratio's.

- a. Stock Turnover /Ratio
- b. Current Ratio
- c. Gross Profit Ratio
- d. Net Profit Ratio
- e. Liquidity Ratio
- f. Proprietary Ratio.
- 13. Distinguish between Cash flow statement and funds flow statement.

(OR)

- 14. From the following Balance sheet of XY Ltd as at 31-12-2016 and 31-12-2017, you are required to prepare:
 - (i) Schedule of Changes in Working Capital;

(ii) Funds Flow Statement.

Liabilities	2016	2017	Assets	2016	2017
Share Capital General Reserve P & L A/c Sundry Creditors Bills payable Provision for taxation Provision for doubtful debts	1,00,000 14,000 16,000 8,000 1,200 16,000 400	1,00,000 18,000 13,000 5,400 800 18,000 600	Goodwill Buildings Plant Investment Stock Bills Receivables Sundry debtors Bank	12,000 40,000 37,000 10,000 30,000 2,000 18,000 6,600	2017 12,000 36,000 36,000 11,000 23,400 3,200 19,000 15,200

Additional information:

- 1. Depreciation charged on plant was Rs.4,000 and on building Rs.4,000
- 2. Provision for taxation of Rs.19,000 was made during the year 2017
- 3. Interim dividend of Rs.8,000 was paid during 2017.
- 15. What is Cash Flow Statement? State its uses and limitations?

16. Following are the comparative Balance Sheets of ABC Company:

Liabilities	2016	2017	Assets	2016	2017
Share Capital	70,000	74,000	Cash	9,000	7,800
Debentures	12,000	6,000	Sundry debtors	14,900	17,700
Sundry Creditors	10,360	11,840	Stock	49,200	42,700
Provision for doubtful			Land	20,000	30,000
debts	700	800	Goodwill	10,000	5,000
P & L A/C.	10,340	10,560			
	1,03,100	1,03,200		1,03,100	1,03,200

Additional Information:

- (i) Dividend totalling Rs.3,500 was paid
- (ii) Land was purchased for Rs.10,000 and amount provided for the amortisation of goodwill totalled Rs.5,000
- (iii) Debentures of Rs.6,000 were redeemed Prepare Cash Flow Statement.

17. The sales and profit for two years are given below:

	Sales (Rs.)	Profit(Rs.)
2016	1,50,000	20,000
2017	1,70,000	25,000

Calculate:

1. P/V ratio

2. B.E.P

3. Sales required to earn a profit of Rs.40,000.

4. Profit when sales are Rs. 1,80,000.

18. A company is manufacturing 48,000 units at 80% capacity. The selling price per unit is Rs.9.

Rs.

Direct wages 62,000

Direct material 60,000

Variable overheads 22,000

Fixed overhead 80,000

The company received a Foreign order for 10,000 units at Rs.8.50 per unit. Give advice about the order.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

II Year B Com-Hons. (AT) – Semester – IV

COM324 – BUSINESS LAWS Model Paper

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following.

5×3=15 M

- 1. Kinds of Offer
- 2. Free Consent
- 3. Remedies to Breach of Contract
- 4. Quasi Contracts
- 5. Concept of pledge
- 6. Distinguish between sale and agreement to sell
- 7. Essentials of Sale of Contract
- 8. Objectives of Consumer Protection Act 1986.

SECTION - B

Answer all the following.

5×7=35 M

9. What are the essentials of validcontract?

OR

- 10. Explain the different types of Contract.
- 11. Explain the different modes of Discharge of Contract.

OR

- 12. What are the rules relating to Contingent Contracts?
- 13. Distinguish between contract of guarantee and contract of indemnity?

OR

- 14. Discuss Contract of Indemnity and Rights and Duties of Indemnity Holder.
- 15. Write about the implied conditions andwarranties.

OR

- 16. What are the rights and duties of an unpaidseller?
- 17. Explain the Redressal machinery under the consumer protectionAct

OR

18. Write about Competition Act, 2002.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch) II Year B Com-Hons. (AT) - Semester - IV COM265 - DIRECT TAX PRACTICES Model Paper

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max Marks: 50

Section-A

Answer any 5 questions

5x3 = 15M

1. Allowable expenses of business

2. Depreciation

Cost of acquisition

4. STCA

5. Any 4 general incomes

6. Deduction u/s 80 D.

7. Tax management

8. Gross total income

Section-B

Answer all question

5x7 = 35M

9. Explain the various expenses which are not allowed for calculation of Income from Business.

(OR)

10. Profit and Loss account of M/S Raju & Company

General expenses	7,000	Gross Profit	1,40,000
Fire Insurance Premium	2,000	Bad debts	4,000
Bad debts	1,000	Interest from Govt.	4,000
Salaries	65,000	Rent Received from employees	12,000
Advertisements (in Cash)	22,250	Interest from debtors for delayed payment	6,000
Proprietor's Salary	12,500		
Interest on Capital	3,000		
Motor Car Expenses	750		
	1,66,000		1,66,000

General expenses include Rs. 4,000/- paid as compensation to an old employee whose services were terminated the interest of the business and Rs. 2200/- by way of help to a poor students. Depreciation calculated according to the rates comes to Rs. 2900/sales tax was paid on 1-5-2015. Date of filing of return is 31-7-2015. Compute business income.

11. What are the deductions available in computation of Income from Capital gains?

(OR)

- 12. Mr. Ramananad inherited 20 acres of agricultural land in urban limits form his father during 1979. The FMV on 1-4-1981 was Rs. 38,000 per acre. He made improvements during the P.Y 1985-86 at cost of Rs. 3,000/- per acre (Cll 133). On 17-8-2015 he sold 10 acres at Rs. 12,50,000/- per acre and expenditure on transfer was 4%. He made the following appropriations.
 - a) Purchased another of 10 acres of agricultural land at Rs. 1,90,000/- per acre.
 - b) Purchased residential house for Rs. 24,00,000/-
 - c) Paid Rs. 9,00,000/- for a bank loan for private purpose.

Compute taxable capital gain. (Cll 1981-82 = 100; 2015-16 = 1081)

13. What are the specific incomes available in computation of Income from other sources?

(OR)

- 14. Mr. X, a resident individual, receives in cash the following income as interest on securities during the previous year ending March 31, 2009:
 - Rs. 4,000 as interest on Govt, securities.
 - Rs. 3,600 as interest on debentures issued by the local authority.
 - Rs. 3,600 as interest on debentures of PQR Ltd., (not listed at any stock exchange in India).
 - Rs.7,200 as interest on debentures of ABC Ltd. (listed on Delhi Stock Exchange).
 - Rs. 7,200 as interest on tax free debentures of GE Ltd., (not listed on any stock exchange).

Assuming that the interest is paid in each case on June 30 and Dec. 31, what is the income from interest on securities for the assessment year 2009-10?

15. Deductions from gross total income u/s 80 c

OR

- 16. Deductions from gross total income u/s 80 G
- 17. Computation of total income procedure.

OR

- 18. From the following information, compute total income and Tax laibility of an individual
 - o Income from salary -100000
 - o House property -75000
 - o Business income -125000
 - o Other sources -50000
 - o Capital gains -25000

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A*" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

II Year B Com-Hons. (AT) - Semester - IV

COM310 - CORPORATE ACCOUNTING Model Paper

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

 $(5\times3 = 15Marks)$

Answer any FIVE of the following.

1. Forfeited shares

 X ltd. As 10,000 shares of Rs. 100 each. The board of directors as resolved to issue 2 bonus shares of Rs. 100 each for every 5 shares in the company. From the following information write the journal entries for the issue of bonus shares:

General Reserve

Rs. 2,00,000

Profit and Loss A/c

Rs. 1,50,000

Shares premium A/c

Rs. 1,50,000

- 3. B Limited issued 5,000 10% Debentures of Rs.100 each. Assuming that all the debentures issued are taken up and paid up for, pass the Journal Entries in the books of the company in each of the following cases:
 - i) The Debentures are issued at a premium of 10%
 - ii) The Debentures are issued at par and repayable at par.
- 4. Non-Convertible Debentures
- 5. Need for Valuation of Goodwill
- 6. Average Profits Method
- 7. Net Profit Method
- 8. Companies Act, 2013

SECTION - B

 $(5\times7=35 \text{ Marks})$

Answer ALL questions.

9. R.S. Co., Ltd, having a nominal capital of Rs. 20, 00,000 in share of Rs. 100 each, invited applications for 10,000 shares, payable as follows.

	Rs.
On Application	25-/
On Allotment	35-/
On First call	20-/
On Second and final call	20-/

The company received application for 9,000 shares. All the applications were accepted. All money due as stated above were received with the exception of first and second and final call on 250 shares, these shares were forfeited and re-issued as fully paid @ Rs. 90 per share.

Write journal entries relating to above transactions and show the balance sheet of the company.

OR

10. Naidu Company Ltd, having a nominal capital of Rs. 20, 00,000 in share of Rs. 100 each,

invited applications for 10,000 shares, payable as follows.

	Rs.
On Application	25-/
On Allotment	30-/
On First call	25-/
On Second and final call	20-/

The company received application for 8,000 shares. All the applications were accepted. All money due as stated above were received with the exception of first and second and final call on 250 shares. Write journal entries relating to above transactions of the company.

11. What is the Debenture? Explain the various types of Debentures.

OF

- 12. A Limited issued 4,000 15% Debentures of Rs.100 each. Assuming that all the debentures issued are taken up and paid up for, pass the Journal Entries in the books of the company in each of the following cases:
 - i) The Debentures are issued at Rs.90 each
 - ii) The Debentures are issued at a premium of 10%
 - iii) The Debentures are issued at a discount of 5% are payable at a Premium of 4%.
 - The Debentures are issued at par and repayable at par.
- 13. From the following information calculate the valuation of goodwill the net profits of a company for the five years are: 2009- Rs. 80,000/-; 2010 Rs. 90,000/- 2011 Rs.94, 000/-; 2012 Rs 80,000/- and 2013 Rs. 96,000/-. The capital employed in the business is Rs. 800,000/- on which a reasonable return of 10% is expected.

OR

14. From the following information calculate the valuation of goodwill under two years purchase of super profits. The net profits of a company for the five years are: 2016- Rs. 80,000/-; 2017 - Rs. 90,000/-2018 - Rs.94,000/-; 2019 - Rs 80,000/- and 2020 - Rs. 96,000/-. The capital employed in the business is Rs. 8, 00,000/- on which a reasonable return of 10% is expected.

15. The following is the summarized balance sheet of XYZ ltd. As on 31st Dec. 2015

Liabilities	Rs	Assets	Rs
Share capital 10,000 5% Pref. Share of Rs.100 each, fully paid	10,00,000	Fixed assets Investments	38,00,000 10,25,000
2,00,000 Equity shares of	20,00,000	Stock in trade	5,72,000
Rs. 10 each fully paid	12 (52)	Sundry debtors	12,78,000
General Reserve	15,00,000	Cash and bank	2,25,000
Profit and Loss account	12,00,000	Balance	
6% debentures	8,00,000		
Sundry Creditors	2,75,000		
Liabilities for expenses	1,25,000		
	69,00,000		69,00,000

For the purpose of valuation of shares, fixed asset are to be depreciated by 10% and

investments are to be revalued Rs.10, 80,000. Debtors will realise Rs. 12,14,100. Interest on debentures is due for 9 months and preference dividend for 2005 in also due, neither of these has been provided in the balance sheet. Calculate the value of equity share.

OR

- 16. The following particulars of Naidu Ltd. as on 31 st March, 2020 are available:
 - A. 1,00,000 Equity Shares of `100 each fully paid `1,00,00,000
 - B. 10,000 12% Preference shares of `100 each fully paid `10,00,000
 - C. Securities Premium ' 11,50,000
 - D. Profit and Loss Account '33,58,000
 - E. General Reserve `18,85,000
 - F. Current liabilities: Creditors '31,20,000 Bills Payable '10,60,000
 - G. Average Profit after Tax (for last three years) ' 5,85,000
 - H. 20% of profit after tax is transferred to General Reserve every year
 - I. Fictitious Assets '80,000
 - J. Normal Rate of Return is 10%

Considering the above information, compute the value of equity share by Fair value method.

17. The following is the Trail Balance of Ram Co. Ltd as on 31.12.2014. prepare Profit & Loss Account and Balance Sheet of the Company

Particulars	Dr Amount	Cr Amount
Stock (1.1.2014)	7500	
Sales		35000
Purchases	24500	
Wages	5000	
Discounts	700	500
Salaries	750	
Rent	495	
General expenses (including Insurance)	1705	
Profit & Loss A/C (1.1.2014)		1503
Dividend paid	900	
Capital: 1000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each		10000
Debtors and creditors	3750	1750
Machinery	2900	
Cash in hand	1620	
Reserves		1550
Bad debts	483	
	50303	50303

Additional Information:

- (f) Stock on 31.12.2014 is Rs. 8200/-
- (g) Depreciate machinery at the rate of 10% per annum
- (h) Provide 5 % as discount on Debtors
- (i) Allow 2 1/2 % discount on Creditors
- (j) Provide Managing Director's Commission at 15% on the net profits before deducting his

18. What are the salient features and provisions of Companies Act, 2013?

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

II Year B Com-Hons. (AT) - Semester - IV

COM330- INDIRECT TAXES Model Paper

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

Section - A

Answer ANY FIVE of the following

 $5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. Input Tax Credit
- 2. Input Service Distribution
- 3. Refund of Tax
- 4. Special Audit
- 5. Provisional Assessment
- 6. Assessment of Non-Filers of Returns
- 7. Bonded Warehousing
- 8. Baggage Rules

Section - B

Answer all the questions

 $5 \times 7 = 35$ Marks

9. Explain the provisions regarding manner of claiming input tax credit

Or

- 10. Explain the provisions regarding input service distribution
- 11. Explain the provisions regarding maintenance of accounts and records

Or

- 12. What are the provisions regarding refund of tax
- 13. Explain the provisions regarding various offences under GST

Or

- 14. Explain briefly the provisions regarding penalties under GST
- 15. What are the provisions regarding assessment of unregistered persons

Or

- 16. Explain the provisions regarding assessment in certain special cases
- 17. Explain the various types of customs duties

Or

18. Explain the procedure for import of goods and services

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A*" Grade) II B. SC (MSAs) MODEL PAPER (For Admitted Batch 2020-21)

COM246: BASICS OF FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

Time: 2 1/2 Ilrs.

Max Marks: 50

PART - A

Answer any FIVE Questions. All questions carry equal Marks. 5 X 3= 15 M

- 1. Describe about various types of accounts.
- 2. Journalise the following transactions

July, 1	Prasad commenced business with a capital of	74,000
July, 8	purchased goods from Murali	25,000
	purchased goods for cash	15,000
	Stock used for personal purpose	1,000

3. Enter the following transactions in the sales book Sri Hari

2016 2,000 Jan, 2 Sold goods to Ramakrishna 3,000 Sales to Sanjeev Jan, 3 1,500 Sold goods on cash to Sriram Jan, 4 Sales to Varma with trade discount of 10% 1,000 Jan, 5

4. Prepare Trial Balances from the following particulars

Outstanding Expenses	1,500	Cash	6,000
Purchase returns	3,000	Loan	4,500
Purchases	42,000	Machinery	3,000
Capital	30,000	Sales	16,000
Office expenses	9,000	Reserve fun	d 2,000
Creditors	3,000		

- 5. What are the differences between Capital and Revenue expenditure?
- 6. What are the causes for difference between cash book and pass book?
- 7. Explain the Different types of Commissions.
- 8. Explain the significance of diminishing balance method.

PART - B

Answer ALL the Questions. All questions carry equal Marks

5 X 7 = 35 M

9. Discuss briefly the various Accounting Principles.

(OR)

10. Journalise the following transactions

$^{\gamma}$	n	1	6
4	v	1	ľ

2016		
July, 1	Prasad commenced business with a capital of	74,000
July, 2	open a bank account with Rs.10,000/-	
July, 4	Goods purchased	15,000
	Goods sold for cash	20,000

	July, 8	Pu	rebased	goods from Murali	25,000
	July, 9			ned by Murali	1.000
	July, 10	-		goods for cash	15,000
			Carlotte and the control of		21,000
	July, 12		35	ned fine bank	
	July, 18	cas	sh withdi	raw from bank for office purpose	10,000
	July, 8	go	ods sold	to Ramesh on credit	8,000
	July, 28	-		for personal purpose	1,000
11.	Prepare a	thre	ee colum	in cash book from the following particulars.	000000
	2014 Ja	an,	1	Cash Balance	15,000
	CELEBOOLING SHOW			Bank Balance	50,000
	Ja	an,	2	Cash sales	40,000
	Ja	an,	5	Furniture purchased and Issued cheque	8,000
	Ja	an,	7	Cash Deposited into Bank	40,000
	Ja	an,	10	Received from Vishnu	15,000
				Discount allowed	500
	Ja	an,	12	Received cheque from Gopi and deposited in	8,000
				The Bank	
	Ja	an,	15	Gopi's cheque dishonored	8,000

(OR)

12. Prepare Trial Balances from the following particulars

. Flepare Thai Dalances II	om the followi	ng particulars	
Outstanding Expenses	1,500	Cash	6,000
Purchase returns	3,000	Loan	4,500
Purchases	42,000	Machinery	3,000
Capital	30,000	Sales	16,000
Office expenses	9,000	Reserve fur	d 2,000
Creditors	3,000	Furniture	2,000
Bank O.D	1,500	Wages	1,000
Interest Received	1,500		

- 13. From the following particulars prepare bank reconciliation statement
 - a) Over draft as per cash book on 31-12-2009 is Rs. 10,540
 - b) Interest on overdraft for six months Rs. 240
 - c) Interest on investments collected by bank Rs.300
 - d) Bank Charges Rs.60
 - e) Cheques issued but not cashed by customers prior to 32st December is Rs. 42,00
 - f) Cheques paid into Bank but not collected before 31st December is Rs. 4,200
 - g) A Bill receivable for Rs. 1,000 discounted in the bank in November was dishonoured on December 31st

(OR)

- 14. From the following particulars prepare bank reconciliation statement
 - a) Bank balance as per pass book on 31-12-2015 is Rs. 10005
 - b) Interest on credit by banker for six months Rs. 240
 - c) Interest on investments collected by bank Rs.300
 - d) Bank Charges Rs.60
 - e) Cheques issued but not cashed by customers prior to 32st December is Rs. 42,00
 - f) Cheques paid into Bank but not collected before 31st December

is Rs. 4,200

g) A Bill receivable for Rs. 1,000 discounted in the bank in November was dishonoured on December 31st

15. Prepare final Accounts from the following particulars as on 31st March, 2014.

Debit	Rs.	Credit	Rs.
Cash in hand	540	Sales	98,780
Cash in Bank	2,630	Purchase Returns	500
Purchases	40,675	Capital	62,000
Sales return	680	Creditors	6,300
Wages	8,480	Rent	9,000
Fuel and power	4,730		
Carriage outward	3,200		
Carriage inwards	2,040		
Goods(1.4.07)	5,760		
Salaries	18,000		
Insurance	600		
Drawings	5,245		
Machinery	44,500		
Debtors	39,000		
	1,76,580		1,76,580

Adjustments:

- 5. Stock as on 31st March, 2014 Rs. 6,800
- 6. provide 10% depreciation on Machinery
- 7. Bad debts Rs.725
- 8. Unexpired Insurance Rs. 170

(OR)

							()
16	Prepare	the	final	accounts	for	the	following

Land and Building	14,000	Machinary	8,000	
Furniture	12000	bank loan	18000	
Bills payable	1000/-	bills receivab	le 2000	
Pre paid rent	1000/-	income receiv	ved	
		in Advance 100/-		
Outstanding Expenses	1,500	Cash	6,000	
Purchase returns	3,000	Loan	4,500	
Purchases	42,000	Machinery	3,000	
Capital	30,000	Sales	16,000	
Office expenses	9,000	Reserve fund	2,000	
Creditors	3,000			

Adjustments:

- a. Stock as on 31st March, 2016 Rs. 16,900
- b. Provide 10% depreciation on Machinery
- c. Provide reserve for Bad debts 5 %
- d. Income received in advance 150/-
- 17. The Book value of plant and Machinery on 1-1-2011 was Rs.2,00,000. New machinery for Rs 10,000 was purchased on 1.10.2011 and for Rs.20,000 on 1.7.2012. On 1-4-2013 a machinery whose book value had been Rs.30,000 on 1.1.2011 was sold for Rs.16,000 and the

entire amount was credited to plant and machinery account. Depreciation had been charged at 10 % per annum on diminishing balancing method. Show the plant and machinery Account from 1.1.2011 to 31.12.2013

(Or)

18. Shalimar Co. of Sulthanpur Sent 200 sewing machines costing Rs.500 each on consignment basis to Hemanth of Hyderabad to be sold by Hemanth at a Commission of 5 % on sales. Shalimar company paid Rs. 1500 towards expenses. On Machines reaching Hyderabad, Hemanth paid Rs. 800 towards unloading charges. His other expenses were: Godown rent Rs. 1250 and Sales man's Salary Rs.700. Hemanth sold 150 sewing machines at Rs.600 each and sent account sales along with bank draft. Prepare ledger accounts in the books of consignor and consignee.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B. Com (General/Computers), V - Semester **Model Question Paper** (For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

COM149::COST ACCOUNTING

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE Questions. All questions carry equal Marks.

5X3 = 15M

1. Objectives of Cost accounting. కాస్ట్ అకౌంటింగ్ లక్ష్మాలు

2. Cost center and Cost unit

ವ್ಯಯ ಕೆಂದ್ರಂ ಮರಿಯು ವ್ಯಯ ಯಾಸಿಟ್

3. ABC analysis

ABC బశేషణ

4. Difference between allocation and apportionment

కేటాయింపు మలయు పంపిణీ మధ్య తేడాలు

5. Calculate the earnings of the workers A and B under Taylor differential piece rate system.

Normal rate per hour Rs.10

Standard output per hour 10 units

Differentials to be applied:

80% of the piece rate for below standard

120% of the piece rate for above standard

In a day of 8 hours 'A' produced 60 units and 'B' produced 100 units

හිවරි වීයංඡූ ජ ව්තා ඊඩා තරුමණි A කාවරාා B පෙවැු ජාව ශරූත්තා විපී $_{f 6}$ ටස් රයි.

ಗಂಟಕು ಕ್ಷಾಮಾಣಿಕ ಹತ್ಪತ್ತಿ ಯೂಸಿಟ್ಲು 10

భేదాత్మకపీసు రెటు:

බුංකාංගීපංn ජැත_ු ඡජා $_{f z}$ නුරඬ් බ්තා වීඩා ණි $\,\%80\,$

ప్రామాణికాని కన్నా ఎక్కువుంటే పీసు రేటు లో %120

8 గంటలు గల ఒక రోజులో A ఉత్పత్తి 60 యూనిట్లు మరియు B ఉత్పత్తి 100 యూనిట్లు

6. From the following information calculate:

Total Fixed Costs Total Variable Costs

- 1. P/V Ratio
- 2. Break Even Point.

Rs. 4,500 7,500

Sales

15,000

දුීංධ సమాచారం తో

ి. లాభ పరిమాణ నిష్పత్తి 2. లాభ నష్ట రహిత జిందువును లెక్కించండి.

ಮುತ್ತಂಸ್ಥಿರ ವ್ಯಯಾಲು ರూ. 4,500

ಮುತ್ತಂ ವರ ವ್ಯಯಾಲು ರೂ .7,500

అమ్మకాలు రూ .15,000

- Limitations of Standard Costing គ្នាងអាមាន នេះបារបស់សម្រាប់
- Normal loss & Abnormal loss ক্ষণ্ডল্ড কল্প, ভক্ষণ্ডল কল্প

SECTION - B Answer ALL the Questions. All questions carry equal Marks

 $5 \times 7 = 35 M$

 What is Cost Accounting? Explain the advantages of Cost Accounting. ఆంగ్ట్ అకౌంటింగ్ అనగా నేమ? ఆంగ్ట్ అకౌంటింగ్ యొక్క ప్రయోజనాలు వివరంచండి.

(OR)

10. From the following particulars prepare Cost sheet as on 31st December 2016

	Rs.		Rs.
D:	1.00.000	Depreciation:	
Direct material	1,00,000 30,0000	Factory plant	500
Direct wages	2,500	Office premises	1,250
Wages of foreman	500	Consumable stores	2,500
Electric power Lighting:	300	Manager's salary	5,000
Factory	1,500	Director's fees	1,250
Office	500	Office stationery	500
Storekeeper's wages	1000	Telephone charges	125
Oil and water	500	Postage and telegrams	250
Rent: Factory	5,000	Salesmen's salaries	1,250
Office	2,500	Travelling expenses	500
Repairs and Renewals:	-,	Advertising	1,250
Factory plant	3,500	Warehouse charges	500
Office premises	500	Sales	1,89,500
Transfer to reserves	1,000	Carriage outward	375
Discount on shares written off	500	Income- tax	10,000
Dividend	2,000		
ಈ ವಿವರಾಲ ಆಧಾರಮುಗಾ ಡಿಸಿಂಬರ್ 31, 2	2016 నాటి వ _ర	ಯ ති බ්සුජිතා ඡණාරා ඩ්රා	ഠദീ.
	Rs		Rs
ప్రత్ <u>యక</u> ్ష ముడి సరుకు	100000	ತ ರುಗುದಲ:	
ప్రత్యక్ష వేతనాలు	300000	్ ఫ్యాక్టరి ప్లాంట్	500
ఛికర్మన్ వేతనాలు	2500	ఆఫీసు ఆవరణలు	1250
ಬರು _ಕ ರ್ಪಕ್ಕೆ	500	ಏಸಯಾಗಿತ ಸ್ಟ್ರಾಕ್ಸ್	2500
වුළුරේ:		మేనేజర్ జీతం	5000
ఛ ్మక్టరి	1500	ලුවජුරි ඛස	1250
ဖ ြောက်	500	ఆ ఫీసు స్టేషనల	500
స్టార్ కీపర్ వేతనాలు	1000	టలఫాన్ చార్దెస్	125
ఆయిల్ మెలయు చెంటర్	500	వాస్టిత&ట బ ్రంమ	
the filter to have to though the total	000	உ ல்கள்ளை	250

			స్టర్స్ మెస్ జీతాలు	1250
ලි :		5000	_ක තුරජාංශ්නු ආජාුවා	500
ক _হ প্ত		5000	బ్ర రు గాలు	1250
ဇာန်ာက		2500	<u> წგო</u> ოტე გან	500
	*		ര്ബ്യങ്ങ	189500
మరమ్మత్తులు మరియు నవీకరణ			ಬಯಟಕು ರವ್ಯಾಣ್ಯ	375
ခု _န မ္မဝ ခွာဝမ်	3500			10000
ఆఫీసు ఆవరణలు	500		ఆదాయపు పన్ను	10000
වසරාුු ජා బదిలీ	1000			
వాటాల జారి పై డిస్కాంట్ రద్దు	500			
යීබයිංයා	2000			
tames of the State	rac Ladge	r Account sl	nows the following particulars.	

11. The Received side of the Stores Ledger Account shows the following particulars.

500units @ Rs.4/-January 1 Opening Balance 200units@Rs. 4.25 January 5 Received from Vendor 150units@ Rs 4.10 January12 Received from vendor

300 units @ Rs. 4.50 January 20 Received from vendor

January 25 Received from Vendor 400units@4

Issue of materials were as follows:

Jan.4 - 200 units, Jan 10 - 400 units, Jan 15 - 100 units, Jan 19 - 100 Units, Jan 26 - 200 units Jan 30 - 250 units. Issues are to be priced on the principle of 'First in First out'.

స్టార్డ్ ఆవర్హా నుండి సేకరించిన ఐవరాలు క్రింది ఐధంగా కలవు.

සත්නව චුංජරුණු තව_න 1 = 500රාගත්මා සණ්ඩීපී ජාං-/4.

-/4.25 . ഡൗരില്ലാ ఒട്ടപ്പീട്ട് ഗൗ $200\, \mathrm{ed}$ പ്പുട്ടാ വാധ പാരീ പ്രമുപ്പുട് $5\, \mathrm{ed}$ മ

-/4.10 . యూనిట్లు ఒకటికి రూ150 అమ్మకందారు నుండి వచ్చినబ12 జనవర

-/4.50 .com മല്ലാ പടലീട് ഗൗ $300\,$ ഇപ്പുടറന്ന സാവീ പ്രവ്യ $20\,$ ജന് മറ జనవల -/4.00 .యూనిట్లు ఒకటికి రూ400 అమ్మకందారు నుండి వచ్చినవి25

మెటీలయల్ జాలీలు క్రింది ఐధంగా కలవు

, സൗരുപ്പ 100-15 ജർജ് ,സൗരുപ്പ 400-10 ജർജ് ,സൗരുപ്പ 200-4 ജർജ്

జనవల 250 – 30 జనవల ,యూనుట్టు 200 – 26 జనవల ,యూనుట్టు 100 – 19 యూనుట్టు,

.మొదట వచ్చిన మెటీరియల్ మొదట జారీ చేసే పద్ధతిలో జారీ ధరలను తీసుకోవలెను

(OR)

12. From the following particulars prepare Store Ledger by Weighted average price method.. January 1st 2016 Balance 100 units at Rs.10 per unit

Purchases

Units	Rate
40 units	Rs.11 per unit
60 units	Rs.12 per unit
50 units	Rs. 10 per unit
	40 units 60 units

Issues

Date	ι	Jnits
January 20 th	80	units
February 20 th	30	units
March 10 th	40	units

ಈ ಕ್ರಿಂದ ವಿವರಾಲ ನುಂಡೆ ಭಾರಿತ ನಗಟು ಧರ ಏದ್ದತಿ ಲ್ ಸ್ಟ್ ಸ್ಟ್ ಅವರ್ಧಾ ತಯಾರು ವಿಯ್ಯಂಡಿ. සත්න 1.2016 තව $_{\rm S}$ 100 රහාතමුා සජගී 10 රහානාරාවා చొప్పన

೯ ಸುಗ	⁵ tb :		Qe13	O),
36	വുംമലാ	రేటు	తెద	വുനംഗണ
జనవం 15	40 ໝາກວ່ານ	రూ. 11	జనవర 20	80 ಮು.மன
ໍ້າ ນລ ື 25	60 యాలణు	or.12	ఫిబ్రవల 20	30 యాలత్ను
మాల, 25	50 can we wa	or.10	మాల, 25	40 యూనిట్లు

13. Kumaresh Ltd. has three production departments A,B,C and two service departments D and E. Following figures are extracted from the records of the company:

	Rs.
Rent and Rates	5,000
Indirect Wages	1,500
Depreciation of Machinery	10,000
General Lighting	600
Power	1,500
Sundries	10,000

Following further details are available:

	Total	Α	В	С	D	E
Floor Space (sq. metres)	10,000	2,000	2,500	3,000	2,000	500
Light Points	60	10	15	20	10	5
Direct Wages(Rs.)	10,000	3,000	2,000	3,000	1,500	500
H.P. of Machines	150	60	30	50	10	-
Value of Machinery (Rs.)	2,50,000	60,000	80,000	1,00,000	5,000	5,000
Apportion the costs to various departments on the most equitable basis by preparing a						
Primary Departmental Distribution Summary.						

కుమార్ లెమిటెడ్ A,B,C అను మూడు ఉత్పతి విభాగాలను మరియు D, E అను రెండు సేవా విభాగాలను కలిగి పున్నది.కంపెనీ లెకార్డుల నుండి సేకరించిన సమాచారం క్రింది విధంగా వుంది.

	రూ.
ම ධූ කාව රාා වි <u>ණ</u>	5,000
పరోక్ష వేతనాలు	1,500
యంత్రంపై తరుగుదల	10,000
ಸಾಧಾರಣ ಶ್ರಪಿಂಗ್	600
శక్తి	1,500
ສສດວອກ	10,000

ಇತರ ವಿವರಾಲು ದಿಗುವ ನಿಯಬಡಿನವಿ.

	ത്നള്ഠ	Α	В	C	D	Е
ఆ క్రమించిన స్థలం (చ.మీ.) 10,000	2,000	2,500	3,000	2,000	500
ပြုမ်ာ ဆုတာဝင်္ကာ	60	10	15	20	10	5
ప్రత్యక్ష వేతనాలు (రూ.)	10,000	3,000	2,000	3,000	1,500	500
యంత్రాల H.P.	150	60 30	5	50	10 -	
ಯಂತ್ರಂ ಶಲುವ (ರೂ.)	2,50,000	60,000	80,000	1,00,000	5,000	5,000

ప్రాధమిక పంపిణీ పద్ధతిలో ఐఐధ విభాగాల మధ్య అత్యంత సమానీకృత ఆధార పద్ధతిలో వ్యయాలను పంపిణీ ವೆಯಂಡಿ.

(OR)

14. A worker produced 100 articles during 44 hours in a week.

Hourly wage rate is Rs.19. The estimated time to produce 1 Article in 30 minutes. Under incentive scheme this time is allowed is increased by 20%.

Calculate Gross wage under:

(a) Time rate

(c) Rowan plan

(b) Halsey plan

ಒತ ಕಾಲ್ಕ್ರಕುಡು 44 ಗಂಟಲು ಗಲ ಒತ ಕಾರಂಲ್ 100 ವಸ್ತುವುಲನು ಈತ್ಸ್ಪತ್ತ ವೆಯುನು. గంటకు వెతనపు రేటు రూ. 19/-. ఒక వస్తువును ఉత్పత్తి చేయడానికి అంచనా వేసిన కాలం 30 నిమిషాలు. ప్రేశ్ఞామాక పద్ధతులలో ఈ కాలం 20% పెంచబడును.

క్రించి పద్దతులలో స్టూల జీతం లెక్కించండి.

(ఎ) టెంరేటు

(ස) හම් ු හරුම (් ව රි රි රි හරුම

15. A B C Chemical Company Ltd produced three chemicals during the month of July by three consecutive processes in each process 2% of the total weight put in is lost and 10% is scrap which from processes I and II realizes Rs. 10/- a ton and from process III Rs. 20 a ton. The products of three processes are dealt with as follows:

unce processes and assu-		Process - I	Process – II	Pro	cess – III	
Passed on to the next pro Send to warehouse for sa		75% 25%	50% 50%	10	- 0%	
Expenses incurred: Raw Materials	Rs. 1,20,000	Tons 1000	Rs. 28,000	Tons 140	Rs. 1,07,840	Tons 1348
Manufacturing wages	20,500		18,520 7,240	-	15,000 3,100	
General Expenses	10,300		7,240	17872	3,100	

Prepare process cost accounts.

ప్రక్రియ ఖాతాలను తయారు చేయండి.

ABC රුත්රාන්ස් ජටබනි විකාහියි කාංජා රපංච රත්රොත්වෙනා ఉత్పత్తి చేస్తుందిజూలై నెలలో ఈ మూడు. %2 ప్రక్రియలు వరుసగా మొత్తం బరువులోమరియు %10తుకు $_{
m a}$ ఉండును తుకు $_{
m a}$ విలువలు ప్రక్రియ . I మరియు . Iలలో టన్ను ఒకటికి ,-/10ప్రక్రియ III లో టన్ను ఒకటికి .-/20మూడు ప్రక్రియలలో వుత్సత్తి కి సంబంధించిన వివరాలు:

00 2.03	, .00	ී නුළීග	ú−I	Bow – II	ప్రక్రియ – III	
ෂ ්රාක්ව කුළීරෝජා ක	ඩ ව්	7:	5%	50%		
అమ్మకం కొరకు గిద్దం		2	.5%	50%	100%	
മുర്യുലാ :	రూ.	టన్నులు	రూ.	టన్నులు	రూ.	టన్నులు
ముడి పదారాలు	1,20,000	1000	28,000	140	1,07,840	1348
ఉత్పాదక వేతనాలు	20,500		18,520		15,000	
ක්යේග් කරා භා	10,300	-	7,240		3,100	

(OR)

16. What is Job Costing? Explain the features and advantages of Job Costing? జాబ్ కాసింగ్ అనగా నేమి? జాబ్ కాస్టింగ్ లక్షణాలు మరియు ప్రయోజనాలు వివరించండి. 17. The sales and profit during the years were as follows.

sales and profit during	Sales	<u>Profit</u>
<u>Year</u>	2,40,000	30,000
2015		42,000
2016	2,70,000	

Calculate:-

- (a) P/v ratio
- (b) Break Even Sales
- (c) Profit when sales are Rs.1,50,000
- (d) Sales required to earn a profit of Rs.57,000 అమ్మకాలు మరియు లాభము దిగువ సంవత్భారాల లో ఈ విధము గా ఉంది

d	eo 25 1 Stag 11	ಲಾಭ೦
సంవత్సరం	ಅಮ್ಮಕಾಲು	
1872	2,40,000	30,000
2015		42,000
2016	2,70,000	,2,000

Calculate:-

- (a) లాభ పరమాణ నిష్పత్తి
- (b) బ్రేక్ ఈవెస్ అమ్మకాలు
- (c) Rs.1,50,000 అమ్మకాలు వద్ద లాభము
- (d) Rs.57,000 ರೂ. ಲಾಭಮು ಕೌರಕು ಅಮ್ಮಕಾಲಹಲುವ

(OR)

- 18. From the following information calculate:
 - a) Material price variance
 - b) Material usage variance
 - c) Material cost variance
 - d) Material mix variance.

a) Material	Stand	Standard		tual
	Quantity	Price	Quantity	Price
Material "A"	20	4	30	3
Material "B"	30	8	40	9
Material "B"		(ಲೆದಾ)	

- (b). ఈ సమాచారంనుండి బీటిని లెక్కించండి.
 - а)ముడిసరుకు ధర బచరణము
- b) ಮುಡಿಸರು**ಕು ಏಸಿಯೌಗ ಏ**ದರಣಮು
- c) ಮುಡಿಸರು**ජು ವ್ಯ**ಯ ಏವರಣಮು
- d) ముడిసరుకు మిత్రమ బచరణము

	ప్రామా ణిక		వా స్త్రవ	
	పలమాణం	ಧರ	ង២ងរាល០	ಧರ
ముడిసరుకు "A"	20	4	30	3
ముడిసరుకు "B"	30	8	40	9
		**:	k * *	

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B.Com (General) V Semester

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Model Question Paper

COM151::INDIRECT TAXES

Max. Marks: 50M

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

SECTION -A

Answer ANY FIVE of the following Questions

5x3 = 15M

GSTN

ងស្នា ស៏ង២ ង់សា្ន ស់០លុ_ទ)GSTN)

2. Composite Supply కంపెకసిట్ సరఫరా దారు

- 3. Debit Notes Credit Notes డెజిట్ నోట్ మరియు క్రెడిట్ నోట్
- 4. UTGST కేంద్ర పాలిత వసు సేవల పన్ను
- 5. Mr. Anand sold goods to Mr. Ramesh worth Rs 1,00,000. The invoice was issued on 15th January. The payment was received on 31st January. The goods were supplied on 20th January. What will happen if, in the same example an advance of Rs 50,000 is received by Mr. X on 1st January. Find the time supply of Mr. Anand.

శ్రీ ఆనంద్ రూ లక్ష బిలువ చేసే సరకులను అమ్మి :15 $^{
m IH}$ జనవలిన అమ్మకపు ఇన్వాయిస్ ను జాలి చేసి సరుకులను $_{20}^{ ext{th}}$ සත්ක්ව ත් හ්රතුරං ඩ්ඨ් $_{31}^{ ext{ST}}$ සත්ක්ව ත් රි්ජ_ල්හු ත්කෝ, ඕ්නාජාත ුුණ : මූ ఉదాహ ර ල ඒ ය**ජ බි්ජ රා**ං . 50,000 రోక్మపు సామ్మ $\mathbf{1}^{\mathbf{1}}$ జనవలన అడ్యాన్సు గా తీసుకున్నటయితే.గ్రీ ఆనంద్ యొక్క సరఫరా కాలాన్స్

ಲಿಕ್ಕಿಂದಂಡಿ.

- 6. Mr. Tom a citizen of USA came to India on a tourist visa. He carries with him the following baggage:
- a. Travel Souvenir Rs.85,000
- b. Other articles carried on in Person Rs. 1,50,000
- c. 120 sticks of cigarettes of Rs. 100 each Rs. 12,000
- d. Fire alarm with 100 cartridges (Value includes the catridges @500/- each Rs.1 Lakh

Determine the customs duty payable if the effective customs rate is 25.75% including

అమెలికా జాతీయుడైన .Mrటామ్ టూరిస్ట్ బీసా పై భారత దేశం ఈ క్రింబి వస్తువుల బ్యాగేజీ తో వచ్చాడు.

- a. ដូយាាធម្យា ភាគិនិសិប៊ី យា :85,000
- b. ఆతర వ్యక్తిగత వస్తువుల బలువ రూ:1,50,000
- c. 180 ಸಿಗರಿಟ್ಲ ವ್ಯಾಕರ್ ಒಕ್ಕೌಕ್ಕರ್ ರ್ಯ1:00:ಏಲುವ ರೂ ಂಮುಕ್ತ ,18,000
- d. 100 ಕಾಟ್ರಿದ್ದ ಅಗ್ನಿ ಕ್ರಮಾದ ಅಲ್ಲಾರಂ ಒಕ್ಕೌ ಕ್ಯಣಿ ರ್ಯಾಕರಂ, ಮಾತ್ರಂ ಐಲುವ ರುಂ ಲಕ್ಷ . ప్రస్తుత కస్టమ్స్ సుంకం బద్మ సెస్సు తో కలిపి రోటుజకా.75% అయిన చెబ్లించవలసిన కస్టమ్స్ సుంకాన్ని లెక్కించండి

- Input Service Distributor అన్నిల్ పీపల చెప్పిన్నాటర్
- Bill of Entry బర్ అఫ్ ఎంటీ

SECTION -B

Answer the following Questions

 $5 \times 7 = 35M$

Briefly explain the Genesis of Goods and Services Tax in India
 భారత దేశం లో వాస్తు సీపల పన్ను అమలు యొక్క ఆవిర్యాపం క్లుప్రముగా వివరించండి.

Or

- 10. Briefly explain the Indirect Tax Reforms in India భారత దేశం లో పరోక్ష పన్నుల లో వచ్చిన సంస్థరణలను వివరంచండి
- 11. Explain the registration of Supplier under CGST

కేంద్ర వస్తు సేవల పన్ను చట్టం ప్రకారం సరఫరా దారుని యొక్క లిజిస్ట్రేషన్ ప్రక్రియను తెలపండి.

Or

12. Determine the value of supply and the GST liability to be collected and paid by the owner with the following particulars.

Rent of a commercial building Rs, 18,00,000

Maintenance charges collected by the local society from the owner and repaid by the tenant Rs.2,50,000

Owner intends to charge GST on refundable advance, as GST is applicable on advance Rs. 6.00,000

Muncipal taxes paid by the owner Rs. 3,00,000.

The GST rates applicable on renting of business premises is 9% CGST and 9% SGST ఈ క్రింది వివరాలతో అద్దె కొరకు భవనాలను ఇచ్చే వ్యాపారి నుండి ప్రస్తుతమున్న వస్తు సేవల పన్ను 9% CGST 9% SGST ప్రకారం సరఫరా విలువను కనుగొని.వినియోగదారులనుండి వసూలు చేసి చెల్లించే పన్ను ను లెక్కించండి. వ్యాపార సుముదాయల్నుంది అద్దె రూ :18,00,000

వ్యాపాల నుండి స్థానిక సంస్ధలు వసూలు చేసిన నిర్వహణ ఖర్చులు Rs. 2,50,000 అద్దేదారుడు తిలిగి చెల్లెంచాడు. అద్దె దారుడికి తిలిగి చెల్లెంచే అడ్వాన్స్ రూ :6,00,000 పై యజమాని ఆచరణలో ఉన్న వస్తు సేవల పన్నును వాసూలు చేయ్యదలచినాడు .యజమాని చెల్లించిన మున్నిపల్ పన్నులు Rs. 3,00,000.

 Explain the provisions relating to Time and Value of Supply of Goods and Services under CGST

కేంద్ర వస్తు సేవల పన్ను నియమాల ప్రకారం వస్తు మరియు సేవల సరఫరా కాలం మరియు సరఫరా విలువలను బవరంచండి. 14. Mr. Prakash imported certain goods weighing 1000 kgs with CIF (cost, insurance and freight) value of US\$ 40,000. The exchange rate was 1US\$= Rs.45 on the date of presentation of bill of entry. The basic customs duty is chargeable @10% and the education cess as applicable There is no excise duty payable on theses goods, if manufactured in India. As per notification issued by the Government of India anti dumping duty has been imposed on these goods This will be equal to the difference between amount calculated @ US\$ 60 per kg and landed value of the goods. You are required to compute the customs duty and anti-dumping duty payable by Mr. Prakash.

శ్రీ ప్రకాష్ 1,000 kgs)Cost, Insurance, Frieght) బిలువ US\$ 40,000 గల వస్తువులను దిగుమతి చేసుకున్నాడు . జల్ అఫ్ ఎంట్రీ సమర్పించిన తేది నాటికి అంతర్జాతీయ మారె₈ట్ లో రూపాయి మారకపు బిలువ 1US\$ = 45బెద్క .-/ సెస్సు తో కలిపి వస్తూలు చెయ్యవలసిన కస్టమ్స్ సుంకం @10% వస్తువులపై భారత దేశంలో దిగుమతి చేసుకున్న . భార .ఎక్సైజు సుంకం లేదుత ప్రభుత్వజారి చేసిన నోటీసు ప్రకారం దిగుమతి చేసుకున్న వస్తువులపై ఏందీ డంపింగ్ o సుంకం బిధించదమైనది) దీని బిలువ ఈ రెండింటి మధ్య వ్యత్యాసపు బిలువ .@ 1 US\$ = Rs.45/- -@1 US\$ 60/- per kg) . పై వివరాలతో శ్రీ ప్రకాష్ చెల్లించవలసిన కస్టమ్స్ సుంకం మరియు ఏంటి డంపింగ్ సుంకం లెక్కించండి.

15. Explain about the assessment procedure and audit of taxable persons under CGST కేంద్ర వస్తు సేవల పన్ను చట్టం ప్రకారం పన్ను చెప్టించబడే వ్యక్తి అసెస్మెంట్ మలయు ఆడెట్ యొక్క (అస్సేస్సీ) .విధానం వివరించండి

Or

- 16. Explain about various returns to be filed by regular business under GST Act, 2017 ప్రస్తు సీపల పన్ను చట్టం 2017 ప్రకారం సాధారణ వ్యాపారంలో సరఫరాదారు సమల్పంచవలసిన వివిధ రకాల రెటర్న్ లను వివరించండి.
- 17. What are the various types of customs duties under the Act ఎక్సైజు చట్టం ప్రకారం విధించే వివిధ రకాల సుంకాలను తెలపండి

Or 18. Explain in detail the Export Procedure under the Customs Act కస్టమ్స్ చట్టం ప్రకారం ఎగుమతి విధాన ప్రక్రియను ఐవరించండి

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(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B.Com (General) V Semester

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Model Question Paper

COM153::COMMERCIAL GEOGRAPHY

Max. Marks: 50

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

SECTION - A

5x3=15 Marks

Answer any <u>FIVE</u> of the following questions క్రింది ప్రశ్నలలో ఏవేని ఐదింటికి సమాధానాములు బ్రాయుము.

- 1. Write about the Latitudes. అక్షాంశాలను గూర్చి వ్రాయుము.
- 3. What is soil erosion? నేలకోత అనగానేమి?
- 5. State the benefits are forests. అడవులవల్ల ఉపయోగాలను తెల్బండి.
- 7. Describe the water resource available in Nature. 8. Explain the water shed management. ప్రకృతిలో లభించే జలవనరులను వర్ణించండి.
- 2. What is Global Warming? గ్లోబల్ వార్కింగ్ అనగానేదు?
- 4. What is Green Revolution? హలత విప్లవం అనగానేమి?
- 6. What are Mineral Resources? ఖనిజ వనరులు ఏవి?

వాటర్ షెడ్ మేనేజ్మెంట్ ను వివ**లంచ**ండి.

SECTION - B

Answer the following questions. క్రింది ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధానములు వ్రాయుము.

5x7 = 35 M

9. Explain about the internal structure of the Earth. భూమి ಅಂತರ್ನಿರ್ವಾಣ೦ ಗೂರ್ವ ವಿವಶಂచುಮು.

(OR)

- 10. What ate the measures to be taken to protect the Earth? **భూ**කා රජුපෝ చేపట్టవలసిన చర్యలేవి.
- 11. Explain the Importance of Agriculture in India. ಭಾರತ ದೆಕಂಲ್ ವ್ಯವಸಾಯಂ ಯುಕ್ಕ ಕ್ಷಾಮುಖ್ಯತನು ವಿವರಿಂದಂಡಿ.

- 12. Explain the classification of soils in India. భారత దేశంలో నేలల వర్గీకరణను వివరించండి.
- 13. Explain the compensatory Aforestation Fund (CAF) Bill 2015. పలహార అటబ్ సంవర్ధన జిల్లు, 2015ను వివరింపుము.

(OR)

- 14. State the need for protection of Forestry. అడవుల సంరక్షణ ఆవశ్యకతను తెల్పండి.
- 15. Explain the Renewable and Non-renewable Resources of Energy. పునరుత్వాదక మరియు పునరుత్నాదకం కాని శక్తి వనరులను వివరించండి.

- 16. Explain the Advantages and disadvantages of Mining. గనుల త్రవ్వకం వలన ప్రయోజనాలు మరియు నష్టాలను వివరించండి.
- 17. Explain the methods of water conservation. సీటి పలరక్షణ పద్ధతులను వివరించండి.

18. Write about the interlinking of Rivers. నదుల అనుసందానం గూర్పై వ్రాయండి.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (A), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B.Com (Computers) V Semester (For Admitted Batch 2019-20) **Model Question Paper** COM152::TAXATION

Max. Marks: 50

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

SECTION-A

5x3=15 Marks

Answer any FIVE of the following questions

- 1. Capital vs. Revenue items ಮూಲಧನ VS ರಾಬಡಿ ಅಂಕಾಲು
- Exempted Incomes మినహా ఇంచిన ఆదాయాలు
- 3. Gross Annual Value (GAV) స్టూల వార్షిక విలువ
- 4. Short-term Capital Gain స్వల్ప కారిక మూలధన లాభం
- 5. Tax Deducted at Source (TDS) వనరులనుండి పన్ను తగ్గింపు
- 6. Central Goods and Services Tax (CGST) కేంద్ర వస్తు మరియు సేవల పన్ను
- 7. Input Tax ఉత్పత్తి పన్ను
- 8. Duty Draw Back. තුතු ණි්ක්කා

SECTION - B

Answer the following questions.

5x7 = 35 Marks

9. What are the Principles of Taxation? Explain. పన్ను విధానము పై గల సూత్రాలను ఏమిటి, వివరింపుము?

- 10. Make a note on Residential Status. నివాస ప్రతిపత్తిని గూర్చి వివరింపుము?
- 11. Explain about various kinds of 'Allowances'. മമറ്റ് ರಕಾಲ ಭత್ಯಮುಲು ಗುಾಲ್ಪ ವಿವಲಂపುಮು ?

(OR)

- 12. What do you know about 'Income from other sources'. ఇతర వనరుల నుండి ఆధాయము గూర్చి నీకు ఏమి తెలియును?
- 13. Explain about various deductions u/s 80. సిక్షన్ 80 క్రింధ తగ్గింపులు బవలంపుము

(OR)

14. Mr.Rama, a resident assessee, runs a business in Bangalore for the previous year 2017-2018, he disclosed his taxable income as below:

Rs.1,55,000 1. Business Income Rs. 25,000 Long-term Capital Gain Rs. 15,000

3. Short-term Capital Gain He has hired furnished house for his own use and pays Rs.4,000 P.M. His wife has her property for residential purpose in Mysore of Rs.4,000. He has paid Donation to National Defence Fund Rs.10,000. He has deposited Rs.50,000 under a Scheme framed by LIC for maintenance of his dependent brother with a disability. The Disability is certified by the medical authority. Compute his total income for the Assessment Year 2018-2019.

ಮಿಸ್ಟರ್ ರಾಮ ಸಾವಾಸಿ, ಇತನು ಬಿಂಗಳೂರು ಲ್ ವ್ಯಾಪಾರಂ ನಿರ್ವವಿಸ್ತುನ್ನಾಡು .ಕ್ರಿಂಥ ಏವರಮುಲು ಗತ 18 -2017 అతను పన్ను విధించదగిన ఆదాయము .ము నకు సంబంధించినవి.సంవివరములు.

(Aవ్యాపార ఆదాయం రు 1,55,000.

(Bదీర్ఘకాలిక మూలధనలాభాలు రు25,000.

(Cస్వల్ఫకాలిక మూలధనలాభాలు రూ15,000.

මෙන්තා කිරිුය්රා ණී අප සංඛීත ඖරత තිබාණතිපී ඕනාණිත බවජා රා4000 .පා මධු ඩීව්ණය්ගමන්ති ආර් $_{\mathrm{S}}$. 4000.మైసూరు లో గల ఇంటికి రులు అద్దె పదులుకున్నారు $10{,}000$.జాతీయ డిఫైన్స్టు నిధికి రు అతను .లు කರారం ఇచ్చాడు 50,000 .అతను రు.లను జీవిత భీమాసంస్థ స్మీం లో గల సోదరుని పోషణకు డిపాజిట్ చేసాడు . పన్ను నిర్ధారణ 19-2018 అంగవైకల్క పత్రం వైద్య అధికారి నుండి పౌందారు అతని యొక్క మొత్తం ఆదాయంను నకు లెక్కింపు .సంము .

15. What are the merits and limitations of GST system in India? జి.యస్.టి పద్దతి లో ఉన్న ప్రయోజనాలు మరియు పరిమితులు ఏమిటి?

- 16. Explain about Composite and Mixed Supplies. కంపేశీసీట్ మలియు మిశ్రమ సరపరా గూల్పి వివలంపుము ?
- 17. Explain about the types of Customs Duties. ದಿಗುಮತಿ ಸುಂಕಾಲ ರಕಾಲನು ಗೂರ್ವ ಐವಲಂచಂಡಿ.

(OR)

18. Assessable value of certain goods imported from USA is Rs.10,00,000. The packet contains 10,000 pieces with maximum retail price Rs.200 each. The goods are assessable under section 4A of the Central Excise Act, 1944, after allowing an abatement of 40%. The excise duty rate is 8% ad valorem. Calculate the amount of Additional Duty of Customs under section 3 (1) of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975, assuming a basic customs duty @ 10% ad valorem.

USA කාංශී සාරාකාම ධ්නාජාතු කයි තංකාංగ్రී කಲාක හා .10,00,000.ಒ $\mathfrak{S}^{\mathfrak{s}}$ අ \mathfrak{s} ඔහුණ් 10,000డీసులు ఒక్కార్కటి రూం .200 య దగుమతి సుంకాల చట్టంవిడి సామాగ్రి కేంద్రీ .1944 సెక్షన్ 4A క్రెందకు వస్తుంది. (1) ప్రకారం అదనపు డ్యూటీ మొత్తాన్ని లెర్మించండి %10 అద్ వలోరేం ఎక్ సైజు డ్యూటీ రేటు .గా ఊహించండి .

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B.Com (General) V Semester

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Cluster – 1: (a) Banking and Financial Services COM166::CENTRAL BANKING

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

5x3=15 Marks

Answer any FIVE of the following questions

1. Central Bank Functions.

ಕೆಂದ್ರ ಬ_{್ಮಾ}ಂಕು ಏಧುಲು

2. Management of RBI

ರಜರ್ಯು ಬ್ಯಾಂಕು ಸಿರ್ವ್ಹ**ಾ**ಣ

3. RBI Act 1935

ರಜರ್ಜು ಪ್ಯಾಂಕು ವಟ್ಟಂ 1935

4. Recent Developments in RBI

ಲಜರ್ನ್ಯು ಬ್ಯಾಂకು ಲೇನಿ ನುಾಹನ ಅಭವೃದ್ಧ ಲು

5. Repo Rates

ರೆವಿಕ ರೆಟ್ಸ್

6. Exchange rate stability

మారకపు రేట్ స్త్రీరత్వము

7. Basle Norms

బాసిల్ నిబంధనలు

8. Prudential Norms

ప్పడెన్షయల్ నిబంధనలు

SECTION - B

Answer the following questions.

5x7 = 35 M

9. Explain Functions of Central Bank కేంద్ర బ్యాంకు యొక్క విధులను వివరించండి.

(Or

- 10. What is the role of Central Bank in developed and developing countries? అభివృద్ధి చెందినా మరియు అభివృద్ధి చెందుతున్న దేశాలలో కేంద్ర బ్యాంకు పాత్రను వివరించండి.
- 11.Narrate briefly the Interface between Reserve Bank of India and other Commercial Banks. భారతీయ రిజర్మ్ము బ్యాంకు మరియు వివిధ వాణిజ్మ బ్యాంకుల మధ్య అంతర్ముఖంను వివరించండి.

(Or)

- 12. Explain the salient/principal features of R.B.I Act, 193.0 లజర్ము బ్యాంకు చట్టం 1935 యొక్క ముఖ్య లక్షణాలను వివరించండి.

(Or

- 14. Explain the Monetary policy statements of RBI భారతీయ లజర్ము బ్యాంకు యొక్క ద్రవ్య దరానాల నివేదకను వవరింపుము.
- State the price controlling measures taken by R.B.I.
 ధరలు నియంత్రణకు గాను లజర్ము బ్యాంకు చేపట్టిన చర్యలను వివంచండి.

(Or)

- 16. What are the intervention mechanisms of R.B.I? Explain. മൗർജ് ഉജ്യൂ മൂറ്റട്ടാ വിഷ്യ കാറ്റ്യമാള് സാളംവാലാ ഒരു മതാരാപ്പാർ ?
- 17. Explain the R.B.I Regulation and Supervision of Banks. బ్యాంకులపై రజర్కు బ్యాంకు పాల మధి మరియు పర్మవేక్షణలను వివరించండి.

(Or

Explain the effect of liberalization and Globalization in banking sector.
 జ్యాంకింగ్ రంగంలో సరోజరణ మలయు ప్రపంచితరణ యొక్క ప్రభాణాగ్య తెల్పండి.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B.Com (General) V Semester

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Cluster – 1: (b) Banking and Financial Services Model Question Paper

COM167::RURAL AND FARM CREDIT

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION- A

Answer Any <u>FIVE</u> from the following క్రింది వానిలో ఏవైనా అయిదు ప్రశ్నలకు సంమాధానం ప్రాయండి. 5 X 3 = 15 Marks

- Financial inclusion అర్హకచేరిక
- 2. Self Help Groups స్వయం సహాయక సంఘాలు
- Rural Industries గ్రామీణ పలశ్రమలు
- Kosam Credit Card కిసాన్ క్రెడిట్ కార్డ్
- 5. Cost of Credit వ్యయ పరపతి
- 6. NABARD నాబార్డ్
- Analysis of 3' C.
 3 " సి" ల ఐ నైషణ
- General Credit Card (GCC) సాధారణ క్రెడిట్ కార్డ్

SECTION- B

Answer from the following క్రింది అగ్ని ప్రశ్నలకు సమంధానం బ్రాయండి.

5 X 7 = 35 Marks

9. Write about the objectives and significance of rural credit గ్రామీణ పరపతి యొక్క ధ్యేయాలు మరియు ప్రాముఖ్యతను తెల్పండి.

(OR)

- Explain the Classification of Rural credit గ్రామణ వరపతి యొక్క వర్గకరణ ను తెల్పండి.
- 11. Elucidate the institutional and Non Institutional Agencies for financing agriculture and rural development. వ్యవసాయ మరియు గ్రామణ అభివృద్ధి కే ఆర్ధిక సహాయాన్ని అందించే సంస్థాగత, సంస్థాగతేతర ఏజెన్సీలను గూర్పి తెల్పండి.

- 12. Write about the Institutions for financing rural industries ប្រាសាធ ឯកក្នុងរាបដា ឧក្ខុដស់រាជាភាគ ឧក្ខេចជា សក្សបុរា (កេញ មិខ្យុខនិ
- 13. Write about the Scope and importance of farm credit, principles of farm credit. ఇంటు పరపతి యొక్క స్వభావం మరియు ప్రాముఖ్యతను, సూత్రాలను గూర్పై తెల్పండి.

(OR

- 14. Write about the Types of cost of credit, problems and remedial measures వ్యవసాయ పరపతి యొక్క రకాలు, సమస్యలను , సమస్యలను పరస్థలను తెల్పండి.
- 15. Explain the role of commercial and regional rural banks వాణిజ్య మరియు ప్రాంతీయ గ్రామీణ బ్యాంకుల యొక్క పాత్రను గూర్ని బ్రాయుము.

(OR)

- 16. PACS-APCOB-NABARD PACS - APCOB - NABARD
- 17. Write on Analysis of 3' C 3 "స్" ల ఐశ్లేషణ ను గూల్ప తెల్బండి.

(OR)

18. Write on Analysis of 3' R. " 3R" ల ఐన్లేషణ ను గూర్పి ఐవరించండి

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A'" Grade)

III B. Com (General), V Semester (For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Cluster - II: (a) Corporate Accounting Model Question Paper COM160::ACCOUNTING & AUDITING STANDARDS

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions

5x3=15 Marks

- Accounting Principles అకాంటింగ్ సూత్రాలు
- Accounting Standards అకౌంటింగ్ స్టమాణాలు
- 3. 'A' Limited produces chemical 'X' which has following production cost per unit Raw Material=Rs.5; Direct Labour=Rs.2; Direct Expenses=Rs.3; Normal Capacity=5,000 units per annum; Actual Production=4,000 units; Fixed Production Overhead=Rs.20,000 per annum. The Company has 2,000 units of unsold stock lying with it at the end of year. You are required to value the closing stock. ఏ లిమిటెడ్ వారు X అను కెమికల్ ని ఉత్పత్తి చేసినారు దాని యొక్క ఉత్పత్తి వ్యయం ఒక యూనిట్ కి ఈ విధంగా

ఉంది. ముడిసరుకు రూ.5; ప్రత్యక్ష శ్రమ రూ.2; ప్రత్యక్ష ఖర్చులు రూ.3; సాధారణ సామర్ద్యం సం. 5000యూనిట్లు; ప్రస్తుత ఉత్పత్తి 4000 యూనిట్లు; స్టిర ఉత్పత్తి ఖర్చులు సం. రూ.20000; ముగింపు కాలానికి సంస్థలో

- 4. On 01.01.2017 'C' Corporation has 1800 equity shares outstanding. On 31.05.2017, it issued 600 equity shares for cash (without Bonus claim). On 01.11.2017 it bought back 300 equity shares. Calculate weighted average number of shares as on 31.12.2017. 01.01.2017 సంవత్సరానికి C సంస్థ నెందు 1800 ల చెల్లెంచవల్సిన ఈక్యిటీ వాటాలు ఉన్నవి. 31.05.2017 న 600 ఈక్విటీ వాటాలను నగదు ద్వారా జాలీ చేసినారు. 01.11.2017 న 300 ఈక్విటీ వాటాలను తిలగి కొనుగోలు చేసినారు.31.12.2017 కాలానికి భరిత సగటు వాటాలను కనుగొనము.
- 5. AS-10: Accounting for Fixed Assets AS-10: స్ట్రీర ఆస్తుల కొరకు అకౌంటింగ్
- 6. AS-22: Accounting for Taxes AS-22: పన్నుల కౌరకు అకౌంటింగ్
- 7. Auditing Evidence ఆడిటింగ్ సాక్ష్యము
- 8. USGAAP and Indian GAAP. USGAAP ಮಲಯು ಭಾರತ GAAP

SECTION – B

Answer the following questions

9. Discuss about the significance of Accounting Standards అకౌంటింగ్ ప్రమాణాల యొక్క ప్రాముక్కతను గూర్పై చర్చించండి.

5x7 = 35 Marks

(OR)

- 10. Explain the role of Accounting Standards Board (ASB) in formulation of Accounting భారతచేశములో అకౌంటింగ్ ప్రమాణాలను నిర్మించడంలో అకౌంటింగ్ ప్రమాణాల బోర్డు పాత్రను చివరించండి.
- 11. 'B' Company Limited charged depreciation on its Asset on Straight Line Method basis. For the year ended 31-03-2018 it changed to Written-Down Value basis. The impact of the change when computed from the date of the asset coming to use amounts to Rs.20 lakhs being additional charge. Decide how it must be disclosed in profit and loss account. Also, discuss when such changes in method of depreciation can be adopted by an enterprise as per AS-6. B ජරබති වකාහියි බాරා අභුාවතා ද්රේ බංගායාව හියුමණි ජරාగායව ජඩුයිර සව්ෆීතිස. సంవత్సర ముగింపు కాలానికి తగ్గుతున్న విలువ పద్దతికి తరుగుదల మాలినది. ఈ పలిణామము వలన ఆస్త్రీ యొక్క ಭರ್ರು ಅದನಮುಗಾ ರುಾ.20ಲಕ್ಷಲು ಪಿರಗಿನದಿ. ಬಿಸಸಿ ಎಂತ ವರಕು ಲಾಭ ನವ್ಬಾಲ ಘಾತಾಲ್ ಬಹಿಸ್ಗತಂ ವೆಯವಲಯುನು మరియు AS-6 ప్రకారము తరుగుదల పద్ధతిలో మార్పును ఏ విధముగా తీసుకొనునో చర్చించండి.

- 12. Explain the objectives and scope of valuation of Inventories. **ವಸ್ತುವುಲನು ಅಂ**ವನ್ ವೆಯಡಂ ಯುಕ್ಕ ಲಕ್ಷ್ಯಾಲನು ಮರಿಯು ವರಿಧಿ**ನಿ ವಿವರಿಂ**ದಂಡೆ
- 13. On 31.03.2018, Gaint Ltd. sold equipment to Small Ltd. and simultaneously leased it back for 12 Years. Prominent information at this date is as follows:

Sale Price

: Rs.4,80,000

Carrying amount

: Rs.3,60,000

Estimated remaining economic life

: 15 years

From the financial year 2017-1018, how much should Gaint Ltd. report as deferred gain from the sale of equipment?

ಗಿಯಿಂಟು ಶಿಮಿಟಿಡ್ ವಾರಿವೆ ಒಕ ಏರಿಕರಮುನು ಸ್ಮಾಲ್ ಶಿಮಿಟಿಡ್ ವಾರಿಕೆ ಅಮ್ನಬಡಿನದಿ ಮರಿಯು ಅದೆ ವಿಧಮುಗಾ ದಾನಿನಿ .ಬಿನಿ ಯುಕ್ಕ ಸಮಾವಾರಮು ಈ ಕ್ರಿಂಬಿ ವಿಧಮುಗಾ ಈನ್ನಬಿ .ಪಿರಿಗೆ ಇಪ್ಪಿಂಬಿ ಶಿಜುಕು .ಸಂ 12

ಅಮ್ಮ ಕಪ್ಪು ಧರ ರೂ.4.,80,000.

කාංරාජා ම්තා පිම් බාණු කා ජා 3.,60,000.

ಅಂದನಾ ವೆಯಬಡಿನ ಮಗಿಲಿನ ಆಶ್ವಕ ಕಾಲಮು .ಸಂ 15

చేయడం ద్వారా వాయిదా వేసిన సంవత్సరానికి గెయింటు లిమిటెడ్ వాలచే పలకరమును ఆమ్మకము 18-2017 .లాభాలను కనుగొనము

(OR)

- 14. Write a note on disclosure in Annual Financial Statements. **వార్షిక ఆర్ధిక నివేచికలను బహిర్గతం చేయ**డం గూర్చి వ్రాయుము.
- 15. Explain the need for and objectives of Auditing Standards. అకౌంటింగ్ ప్రమాణాల యొక్క అవసరము మరియు లక్ష్యాలను వివరించండి.

(OR)

- 16. Make a note on Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. ఆడిటింగ్ మరియు హామీ ప్రమాణాల బోర్డు గురించి వ్రాయుము.
- 17. What are the merits and limitations of IFRS? IFRS యొక్క లాభాలను మరియు పరిమితులను వ్రాయుము.

(OR)

18. Explain IFRS implementing challenges in India. భారతదేశములో IFRS ను అమలుచేసినపుడు వచ్చు సమస్యలను వివరించండి.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B.Com - General (EM&TM)-Semester V

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Cluster – II: (b) Corporate Accounting

Model Question Paper

COM161::ACCOUNTING FOR GOVERNMENT ENTITIES

Max. Marks: 50

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Section A

(5X3=15)

Answer any FIVE from the fallowing questions

 Consolidated fund of India భారతదేశ ఏకీకృత నిధి

- 2. Write a brief note on commercial accounting system. ವಾಣಿಜ್ಯ ಗಣಕ ವಿಧಾನಂ పై సంక్షేప్త ವ್ಯಾಕ್ಯ ಪ್ರಾಯುಮು.
- 3. Public Accounts Committee ప్రభుత్వ గణక సభ
- 4. Write a note on Review of Accounts. గణక పునర్వచారణ పై వ్యాక్య వ్రాయుము
- 5. Write a brief note on GAS. ప్రభుత్వ గణక ప్రమాణాల పై వ్యాక్య వ్రాయుము.
- 6. State the objectives of IGFRS. భారత ప్రభుత్వ ఆర్ధిక నివేదికల ప్రమాణాల ఉద్దేశ్యాలను తెలుపండి.
- 7. Give a pro forma of financial statement. ఆర్ధిక నివేదిక యొక్క నమూనాను చూపుము.
- 8. Explain of the amendments to corporate law. కార్బోరేట్ సంస్థల చట్ట సవరణలను గూర్చి క్లుప్తంగా వివరింపుము.

Section B

Answer the questions (answer any one from each combination)

(5X7=35M)

9. Explain the features and scope of GASAB. ప్రభుత్వ గణక ప్రమాణాల సలహా సంఘం

[OR]

- 10. How is government accounting system different from commercial accounting? వాణిజ్య అకౌంటింగ్ నుండి ప్రభుత్వ అకౌంటింగ్ ను ఏ ఐధంగా వేరు చేయవచ్చు?
- 11. Explain to the role of PAC. PAC పాత్రను బవరింపుము.

- 12. Explain general regulations of civil and commercial code affecting companies. ఆంపెనీలలో అమలవుచున్న సీవిల్ మరియు వాణిజ్ఞ చెట్టాల క్రమమును వివరింపుము.
- 13. Explain the standard setting procedure for accounting standards. గణక ప్రమాణాల కొరకు ఏర్బాటవుతున్న వాస్త్రవిక పద్ధతులను ,విధానాలను వివరింపుము.

[OR]

- 14. Write a note on compliance with IGAS and IGFRS. IGASమరియు IGFRS ల మధ్య పెళ్ళికలను తెలువుము.
- 15. Explain about financial reporting in public sector undertakings and government companies. ప్రభుత్వ మరియు ప్రభుత్వ ఆదిన కంపెనీల ఆర్ధిక నివేటకలను గూర్పి వివరింపుము.

[OR]

- 16. What are the objectives and scope of Indian Government Financial Reporting Standards? IGFRSయొక్క ఫరిధి మరియు ఉద్దేశ్యాలు ఏవి?
- 17. How do you examine the audits and accounts of the ministries and public? ప్రభుత్వ మంత్రిత్వ సంస్ధల్లో గణకాలను మరియు ఆడిట్ ను ఏ విధంగా పరీక్షించెదవు?

[OR]

18. Explain the Government Accounting Standards. ప్రభుత్వ గణక ప్రమాణాలను వివరింపుము.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B.Com - General (EM&TM)-Semester V

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Cluster – III: (a) Insurance Model Question Paper

COM172::LIFE INSURANCE

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions.

 $(5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Pensions and Annuities. పెన్నమ్ల మరియు వార్షికలు
- Group Insurance.
 సమూహాపు భమా
- Riders. పాలసీలకు అదనపు చేర్పులు (రైడర్స్)
- Death claims. మరణాంతర క్లైమ్స్
- 6. Surrenders. ක්රාවාණිවා ක්වාක්
- 7. Tax planning. పన్ను ప్రణాజిక
- 8. Joint life policy. జాయింట్ జీవిత భమా పాలసీ

SECTION — B

Answer ALL the following questions.

 $(5 \times 7 = 35 \text{ Marks})$

9. What are the fundamental principles which govern all insurance contracts?

భేమా కాంట్రాక్ట్ లకు గాను గల ప్రాదమిక సూత్రాలు ఏవి .

Or

10. Explain the various types of policies issued in life insurance and gave their relative merits. జీవిత భమాకు గాను జారీ చేయు వివిద రకములు అయిన పాలసీ లను గూల్ప వివరింస్తూ ,వాటి యొక్క ప్రయోజనలు తెల్పండి .

11. Explain the applicability of 'insurable interest' in life insurance.

జీవిత భేమాలో భేమా ఆశక్తి కి గాను ఉపయోగము గూర్చి వివరించండి

Or

12. Explain the procedure for issuing a life insurance policy.

ස්බత భేమా పాలసీ జారీ చేయుటకు గాను గల విధానమును గూల్చ వివరించండి .

13. What is social insurance? What are the various social insurance schemes available in India? సామాజిక భేమా అనగానేమీ ? భారతదేశములో లభిస్తున వివిద రకములైన సామాజిక భేమా స్మీములు ఏవ

Or

14. What is assignment of life insurance policy? What are the conditions governing valid assignment? జీవిత భేమా పాలసీ అసైనమెంట్ అనగానేమీ ?చెల్లదగిన అసైనమెంట్ గాను షరతులు ఏవి .

15. List out the popular plans available to general public. సాధారణ ప్రజలకు అందుబాటులో ఉన్న జనరంజక భేమా ప్లానులను తెలపండి

Or

- 16. What factors have contributed to the increasing significance of children's insurance plans in India? భారతదేశములో పిల్లల భమా పాలసీలు ఎక్కువగా ఉండుటకు గాను ఏ కారణాలు ప్రాముక్యతా సంతరించుకున్నాయి .
- 17. What do you mean by claim settlement? How can the claim be settled on maturity? క్లెయిమ్ పలషాంరము అనగానేమీ ? క్లెయిమ్ ల పలషాంర్థన్ని గడువు తేదీ నాడు ఏ విధముగా పలష్యలస్తారు .

Or

18. Briefly explain the items included in consumer protection act relating to Insurance and its claims.

బినియోగదారుని రక్షణ చట్టములో భీమా మరియు భీమా క్లెయిమ్ గూర్చి పాందుపర్చబడిన అంశాలను గూర్చి క్లుప్తముగా బివరించండి.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B.Com - General (EM&TM)-Semester V

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Cluster – III: (b) Insurance Model Question Paper

COM173::NON-LIFE INSURANCE

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions. $(5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$

- Meaning of non life insurance. జీఐతేతర భమా అర్ధం.
- 2. Importance of motor insurance. మోటార్ భమా యొక్క ప్రాధాన్యత.
- What is fire insurance? అగ్ని భమా అనగా నేబు?
- 4. Types of marine insurance. సముద్ర భమా రకాలు.
- 5. Crop insurance. పంట భమా
- 6. Calculation of premium under fire insurance. అగ్ని భమా క్రింజ ప్రేమయం లెక్కింపుము
- 8. Cattle Insurance. పశువుల భమా

SECTION — B

Answer ALL the following questions.

 $(5 \times 7 = 35 \text{ Marks})$

Write the salient feature of Indian general insurance market.
 భారత సాదారణ భమా మారెంట్ల మౌళిక లక్షణాలను వ్రాయండి .

Or

- 10. Explain the provisions included in general insurance corporation Act. సాదారణ భమా కార్పొరేషన్ చట్టం క్రింద పొందుపరచబడిన ఏర్పాట్లను వివలించండి
- 11. What is motor vehicle insurance? State the requirements for compulsory third party insurance.

మోటారు వాహనాల భీమా అనగానేమి? మూడవ పార్టీ భీమాకు గాను తప్పని సరిగా కావలసీన అవశ్యకలను తెలుపండి?

Or

12. How do you calculate compensation an structure formula basis as per motor vehicles Act 1988?

మోటారు వాహనాల చట్టం 1988 ప్రకారం" structure formula" ఆధారంగా నష్ట పలహారా n_a ఏ బధంగా లెర్మిస్తాపు ?

13. Discuss the scope of fire insurance. What are the various types of fire insurance policies?

 $^{\circ}$ గ్నిభమా పరిధిని చర్చించండి మరియు $^{\circ}$ గ్ని భమాకు గాను గల వివిధ పాలసీలు ఏవి?

Or

14. Distinguish between fire insurance and Marine Insurance. అగ్నిభమా మలయు సముద్ర భమాల మధ్య గల తేడా లేవి ?

15. What is meant by marine insurance? Describe the procedure for getting a policy of Marine insurance.
సముద్ర భేమా అనగా నేమ? సముద్ర భేమా పాలసీని తీసుకొనుటకు గాను గల విధానాన్ని విశదీకలంచండి.

Or

- 16. How can compensation be claimed in marine insurance? సముద్ర భమా పాలసీకి గాను పలహారాన్ని ఏ విధంగా పాందవచ్చును ?
- 17. What do you mean by agricultural insurance? What are the various types of polices available for agricultural insurances. పంట భమా అనగా నేమి? పంట భమాకు గాను లభ్యమయ్యే వివిధ రకాలైన పాలసీలు ఏవి?

Or

18. Trace out the problems of crop insurance. Also explain the considerations for crop insurance.

పంట భేమాకు గాను సమస్యలను తెబ్పి,దానికి గాను పలహారాలను గూర్చి వివరించండి.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B.Com (Computer Applications) EM & TM :: Semester - V

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Model Question Paper COMPUTER ACCOUNTING WITH TALLY

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max.Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVEQuestions. All questions carry equal Marks.

5 X 3= 15 M

- 1. What is meant by Computerized Accounting? Write various versions of Tally.
- 2. Creation of New Groups
- 3. How to displaying & altering Ledgers?
- 4. Explain how to Alter and deleting of vouchers.
- 5. Explain about the Printing of Reports.
- 6. Write the advantages of Computerized Accounting.
- 7. Write about Debit & Credit Note.
- 8. Explain any 5 short cut key used (other than voucher keys) in Tally.

SECTION - B

Answer ALL Questions from the Following:

 $5 \times 7 = 35M$

Give differences between Manual Accounting and Computerized Accounting.

(OR)

- Explain the Features and Advantages of Tally.
- 11. Explain how to Create a Company in Tally with an Example.

- 12. List out various pre-defined groups in Tally Explain Predefined Groups in Tally.
- 13. What are default Ledgers and explain how to create single ledger in Tally?
- 14. Explain how to create Multiple Ledgers in Tally.
- 15. Write various types of Accounting Vouchers available in Tally.

(OR)

- 16. How to prepare subsidiary books with the help of computers?
- 17. How to display financial Statements in Tally?

(OR)

18. Write about Trial Balance.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A⁺" Grade) III B.COM - Computer Applications (EM&TM), SEMESTER – V

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Model Question Paper

CAP155:: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Time: 2 ½ Hours Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE questions from the Following:

5 X3 = 15M

- 1. What are the disadvantages of file processing system?
- 2. Various attributes classification.
- 3. Advantages of Relational Algebra?
- 4. List and explain SQL data types?
- 5. Explain the structure of PI/SQL?
- 6. Explain about Generalization and Specialization?
- 7. What is a view? How can it be created? Explain with example?
- 8. Define a procedure? Explain about it syntax with example?

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions from the Following:

5 X 8 = 40M

9. Explain Architecture of DBMS with neat diagram.

(OR)

- 10. Explain about Data Models.
- 11. What is ER-Modeling? Write advantages and disadvantages of ER-Modeling.

(OR)

- 12. Explain basic building block of ER Modeling.
- 13. What is relational Model? Write about Key features of R-Models.

(OR)

- 14. Explain about EFCODD relational database rules.
- 15. What is SQL? Different types of commands in sql.

(OR)

- 16. Explain different types of join and set operators in SQL?
- 17. What are cursors? How to create them? Explain?

(OR)

18. How to create user defined function in pl/sql with syntax and example.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A*" Grade)

CBSE/Semester System

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

III B.COM - Computer Applications (EM&TM), SEMESTER - V Model Paper

CAP156:: E-COMMERCE

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE questions from the Following:

5 X 3 = 15M

- 1. Porter's Value Chain Model.
- 2. Electronic Marketing in B2B.
- 3. Electronic Payment Systems.
- 4. Encryption techniques.
- 5. Multimedia delivery.
- 6. Business Strategies.
- 7. Internet Based EDI.
- 8. Extranet Services.

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions from the Following:

5 X 7 = 35M

9. What is e-Commerce? Explain advantages and disadvantages of e-commerce.

(OR)

- 10. Explain characteristics of B2B e-Commerce?
- 11. Explain about EDI and its nuts and bolts.

(OR)

- 12. Explain the role of software agents for B2B e-Commerce.
- 13. Explain architecture of internet, intranet and extranet?

(OR)

- 14. Electronic payment systems: issues and challenges.
- 15. What is online payment system? Explain in detail. Also, discuss the various risks associated with it.

(OR)

- 16. Explain internet protocols.
- 17. Explain Web based client/ server.

(OR)

18. Business models of extranet applications

III B. Com (General, Computers)

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A+" Grade)

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Model Paper

COM150::Management Accounting

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE of the following:

5 X 3 = 15M

- Define Management Accounting. Explain its Objectives?
 నర్వహణ గణక శాస్త్రాన్మి నిర్వచించి, లక్ష్యాలను వివరింపుము.
- Break Even Chart బ్రేక్ ఈవెన్ చార్ట్
- 3. Calculate the trend percentage from the following figures taking 2013 as the base and interpret them:

ఈ క్రింది వివరాలకు 2013 వ సంవత్సరాన్మి ఆధార సంవత్సరంగా తీసుకుని ప్రవృత్తి శాతాలను లెక్కౌంచి, వివరించండి.

Sales	Stocks	Profit before tax
అమ్మకాలు	సరుకులు	పన్నుకు ముందు లాభం
1,881	709	321
2,340	781	435
2,655	816	458
3,021	944	
3,768		527 672
	లమ్మకాలు 1,881 2,340 2,655 3,021	అమ్మకాలు సరుకులు 1,881 709 2,340 781 2,655 816 3,021 944 3,768 1,154

4. Write about the Cash from Operations.

కార్యకలాపాల నుండి నగదును గూర్చి బ్రాయుము.

 What are the limitations of Ratio analysis. సబ్బత్తుల బన్లేషణ యొక్క పలబుతులేది. 6. From the following Balance Sheets, prepare a Schedule of Changes in Working Capital.

Liabilities	2016	2017	Assets	2016	2017
Capital	10,000	10,000	Cash	5,500	5,400
Profit & Loss A/c	5,200	15,400	Debtors	3,400	6,400
Long term loan	6,000	8,000	Stock	5,400	9,200
Short term loan	2,400	2,400	Long term		
Creditors	3,600	3,600	Investments	7,000	12,000
Outstanding wages	1,400	800	Plant	10,600	9,600
Income tax payable	3,800	3,400	Prepaid insurance	400	800
	22.400				
	32,400	43,600		32,400	43,600

ఈ క్రింది ఆస్తి అష్కల పట్టీల నుండి నిర్వహణ మూలదనంలో మార్పులు చూపే నివేదికను తయారు చేయండి.

అష్టలు	2016	2017	ఆస్తులు	2016	2017
మూలధనం	10,000	10,000	ನಗದು	5,500	5,400
లాభ నష్టాల థాతా	5,200	15,400	రుణగ్రస్తులు	3,400	6,400
దీర్ఘకాలిక ఋణం స్వల్పకాలిక ఋణం	6,000	8,000	సరుకు	5,400	9,200
රා ශದ•ඡ වා	2,400	2,400	దీర్ఘకాలిక పెట్టుబడులు ప్లాంటు		3,200
ವಿಶ್ಲಿಂದಾಲ್ಸಿನ ವೆತನಾಲು	3,600	3,600	్ ముందుగా చెల్లించిన భీమా	7,000	12,000
చెల్లించాల్సిన ఆదాయపు పన్ను	1,400	800		10,600	
a	3,800	3,400		400	9,600
				.00	800
	32,400	43,600			
What is Funds flow	state			32,400	43,600

7. What is Funds flow statement? Explain its uses? బధుల ప్రవాహం సమేదిక అనగాం నేదు? ఉపయోగాంలను బవరింపుము.

8. Current Ratio 4:1, Quick Ratio 3.2:1, Current Liabilities 25,000. Find out Current assets, working capital & Stock.

ప్రస్తుత బచ్చత్ర 4:1, శిష్టు బచ్చత్ర 3.2:1, ప్రస్తుత అష్టలు రూం. 25,000. ప్రస్తుత ఆస్తులను, బర్వహంణ ముంలధనాం $n_{\rm g}$ మలయు సరురు బలువను లెక్కించండి.

Answer any ALL questions:

9. What are the differences between Cost Accounting and Management Accounting?

(OR)

10. The following Balance Sheets are given:

Liabilities	2016	2017	Assets	2016	2017
Equity Share Capital	3,00,000	4,00,000	Goodwill	1,15,000	90,000
Redeemable Pref.		25-21-50	Land and Buildings	2,00,000	1,70,000
Capital	1,50,000	1,00,000	Plant	80,000	2,00,000
General Reserve	40,000	70,000	Debtors	1,60,000	2,00,000
P&LA/c	30,000	48,000	Stock	77,000	1,09,000
Proposed Dividend	42,000	50,000	Bills Receivables	20,000	30,000
Creditors	55,000	83,000	Cash in Hand	15,000	10,000
Bills Payable	20,000	16,000	Cash at Bank	10,000	8,000
Provision for Taxation	40,000	50,000			
	1,03,100	1,03,200		1,03,100	1,03,200

You are required to prepare Comparative Balance Sheet.

ఆస్త్రి అప్పల పట్టేలు దిగువనీయబడినవి.

అష్టలు	2016	2017	ఆస్తులు	2016	2017
ఈక్కిటీ మూలధనం	3,00,000	4,00,000	గుడ్ బల్	1,15,000	90,000
ವಿ ಮೌವಸಿಯ ಆದಿಕ್ಯపು			భూమి-భవనాలు	2,00,000	1,70,000
మూలధనం	1,50,000	1,00,000	ခွဲ့ာဝటు	80,000	2,00,000
ನೌಧಾರಣ ರಿಜರ್ಯ್ಯ	40,000	70,000	రుణగ్రస్తులు	1,60,000	2,00,000
లా & న A/c	30,000	48,000		77,000	1,09,000
\$. 200000 - 100000	42,000	50,000	సరుకు	20,000	30,000
ప్రతిపాబిత డిబిడెండ్	55,000	83,000	వసూలు జిల్లులు	15,000	10,000
රායෙන්වා	20,000	16,000	చేతిలో నగదు	10,000	8,000
చెల్లింపు జిల్లులు	40,000	50,000	ಬ್ಯಾಂಕುಲ್ ನಗದು		0,000
పన్ను పర్వాటు	1,03,100	1,03,200		1,03,100	1,03,200

ತುಲನಾತ್ಮಕ ಆಸ್ತಿ ಅಷ್ಟಲ ಏಟ್ಟಿಸಿ ತಯಾರು ವೆಯಂಡಿ.

11. Prepare a Balance Sheet from the particulars furnished hereunder:

Stock Velocity : 6
Gross Profit Margin : 20%
Capital Turnover Ratio : 2
Fixed Assets Turnover Ratio : 4

Debt Collection Period : 2 months

Creditors Payment Period

: 73 days

Gross Profit was Rs.60,000

Excess of closing stock over opening stock was Rs.5,000 Difference in Balance Sheet represents Bank Balance. The entire sales and purchases are made on credit basis.

ದಿಗುವ ನಿಯಬಡಿನ ಏವರಾಲ ನುಂಡಿ ಆಸ್ತ್ರಿ ಅಪ್ಟ್ರಲ ಕಟ್ಟೆ ತಯಾರು ವೆಯಂಡಿ.

సరుకు వెలాసిటీ

- 6

స్టూల లాభం

- 20%.

స్టూల లాభం రూ. 60,000

మూలధన టర్మోవర్ నిష్పతి - 2

స్థీరాస్తుల టర్మోవర్ నివృత్తి - 4

రుణగ్రస్తుల వసూలు కాలం

- 2 నెలలు

రుణదాతల చెల్లింపు కాలం

- 73 ලිසාහා

ప్రారంభవు సరుకు కన్నా ముగింపు సరుకు రూ. 5,000 లు ఎక్కువ

ఆస్త్రీ అష్ట్రల పట్టే లోని తేడాను బ్యాంకు నిల్వగా తీసుకోవలెను.

ಮುತ್ತಂ ಅಮ್ಮ ಕಾಲು ಮರಿಯು ಕೌನುಗ್ ಕ್ಲನು ಅರುವು ವ್ಯವహೆರಾಲುಗಾ ಭಾವಿಂದಂಡಿ.

(OR)

12. The following are the profit and loss account and the Balance Sheet of XY Ltd. Company.

Dr

Trading and profit &loss a/c

Cr

Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	-
To Opening Stock To Purchases To Gross Profit	10,000 55,000 50,000	By Sales By Closing Stock	1,00,000 15,000
To Operating expenses To Interest To Selling Expenses To Net Profit	1,15,000 15,000 3,000 12,000 20,000	By Gross Profit	1,15,000 50,000
	50,000		50,000

200 W		ma .	
12	ance	5	rect

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Capital Profit & Loss Account Creditors Bills Payable	1,00,000 20,000 25,000 15,000	Land & Buildings Plant & Machinery Stock Sundry Debtors Bills Receivables Cash at Bank Furniture	50,000 30,000 15,000 15,000 12,500 17,500 20,000
	1,60,000		1,60,000

You are required to calculate the following Ratio's.

- a. Stock Turnover /Ratio
- b. Current Ratio
- c. Gross Profit Ratio
- d. Net Profit Ratio
- e. Liquidity Ratio

ఈ క్రింది లాభ నష్టాల థాతా ఆస్తి అష్టల పట్టీలు ,XY విమిటెడ్ కంపెనీకు సంబంధించినవి.

వివరాలు	లాభ నష్టాల ఖాతా		Cr
To సరుకు ప్రారంభపు To కొనుగోత్భ To లాభం స్టూల	10,000 55,000 50,000	మివరాలు By అమ్మకాలు BY సరుకు ముగింపు	మొత్తం (రూ) 1,00,000 15,000
To నిర్వహణ ఖర్చులు To వడ్డీ To అమ్మకపు ఖర్చులు To నికర లాభం	1,15,000 	BY స్థూల లాభం	1,15,000

ತ್ರಾತ್ತಂ (ಭಾ) ಮು•ಲಧನಂ രുന്ന 1,00,000 ඉගමුට (ආ) ల•భ నష్ట•ల ఱ•ఆ• భು•ಿು – ಭವನ•ಲು 50,000 ದುಣದ•ಹಲು 20,000 ಕ್ರೈಂಟು – ಯಂಕ್ಷಾಲು 25,000 ద్దాప్తలను ఇంటులు ಸರುಕು 30,000 15,000 ඉතුර ගැගෙරිණුන 15,000 భ్రుత్తులు ఇట్టులు ಐ•್ಯಂಛು ಕ್ಕೂ ಇ**ಬ**ಡು 15,000 12,500 17,500 **ಫ**ರ್ಡ್ನವರ 20,000 1,60,000

1,60,000

ఈ గ్రేయ విష్పత్తులను లెక్కించేంది

- a. సరులు టర్మోబర్ నిష్మత్తి
- b. ప్రసుతనస్పత్రి
- సూలలాధనిష్టత్తి
- d. నికరలాధనిష్మత్తి
- e. ರೃಷ್ಯಕ್ಕ ನಿಷ್ಪಕ್ತ
- 13. Distinguish between Cash flow statement and funds flow statement. నగదు ప్రవాహ నివేదికకు మరియు నిధుల ప్రవాహ నివేదికకు మధ్య తేడాలను తెల్పుము.

(OR)

- 14. From the following Balance sheet of XY Ltd as at 31-12-2016 and 31-12-2017, you are required to prepare:
 - (i) Schedule of Changes in Working Capital;

(ii) Funds Flow Statement.

Liabilities	2016	2017	Assets	2016	2017
Share Capital General Reserve P & L A/c Sundry Creditors Bills payable Provision for taxation Provision for doubtful debts	1,00,000 14,000 16,000 8,000 1,200 16,000	1,00,000 18,000 13,000 5,400 800 18,000	Goodwill Buildings Plant Investment Stock Bills Receivables Sundry debtors Bank	12,000 40,000 37,000 10,000 30,000 2,000 18,000 6,600	12,000 36,000 11,000 23,400 3,200 19,000 15,200
	1,03,100	1,03,200		1,03,100	1,03,200

Additional information:

- 1. Depreciation charged on plant was Rs.4,000 and on building Rs.4,000
- 2. Provision for taxation of Rs.19,000 was made during the year 2017
- Interim dividend of Rs.8,000 was paid during 2017.
 31-12-2016 మలయు 31-12-2017 సంవత్సరాలకు XY లిమిటెడ్ కు సంబందించిన ఆస్తే అష్టల పట్టేలు లగువసీయబడినవి.

,నివేదికనిర్వహ ణ మూలధనంలో మార్బులు చూపే నిధుల ప్రవాహ నివేదిక తయారు చేయండి

అష్కలు	2016	2017	కస్తులు	2016	2017
బాటా మూలధనం	1,00,000	1,00,000	గుద్ వల్	12,000	12,000
න-දා-ර ශ චසරා _{යි}	14,000 16,000	18,000 13,000	ಭವನ•ಲು	40,000 37,000	36,000 36,000
లాభ నష్టాల భాతా	8,000	5,400	ప్రాంటు	10,000	11,000
වවර රාශ රංජ වා	1,200 16,000	800 18,000	క్రాట్గాబరులు	30,000 2,000	23,400 3,200
క్రాపులను ఇచ్చులు	400	600	సరుకు	18,000	19,000
పన్ను కోసం ఏర్పాటు			వసూలు జిల్లులు	6,600	15,200
రాని బాకీల ఏర్పాటు			బిబిధ రుణగ్రస్తులు		
			బ్యాంకు		
	1,03,100	1,03,200		1,03,100	1,03,200

15. What is Cash Flow Statement? State its uses and limitations? నగదు ప్రవాహ నివేదిక అనగా నేమి? ఉపయోగాలను మరియు పరిమితులను తెల్పుము.

(OR)

16. Following are the comparative Balance Sheets of ABC Company:

Liabilities	2016	2017	Assets	2016	2017
Share Capital	70,000	74,000	Cash	9,000	7,800
Debentures	12,000	6,000	Sundry debtors	14,900	17,700
Sundry Creditors	10,360	11,840	Stock	49,200	42,700
Provision for doubtful			Land	20,000	30,000
debts	700	800	Goodwill	10,000	5,000
P & L A/C.	10,340	10,560			
	1,03,100	1,03,200		1,03,100	1,03,200

Additional Information:

- (i) Dividend totalling Rs.3,500 was paid
- (ii) Land was purchased for Rs.10,000 and amount provided for the amortisation of goodwill totalled Rs.5,000
- (iii) Debentures of Rs.6,000 were redeemed Prepare Cash Flow Statement.

ABC కంపెనీ తులనాత్మక ఆస్త్రీ అష్టల పట్టీలు క్రింది విధంగా కలవు.

စప్పలు	2016	2017	ఆస్తులు	2016	2017
ಪ್ರಾಪ್ತ್ ಮುೌಲಧನಂ	70,000	74,000	నగదు	9,000	7,800
డిబెంచర్లు	12,000	6,000	వివిధ ఋణగ్రస్తులు	14,900	17,700
	10,360	11,840		49,200	42,700
ත කරු ఋශ යං ඡలා			సరుకు	20,000	30,000
రాని బాకీల ఏర్బాటు	700 10,340	800 10,560	ಭೂಮಿ	10,000	5,000
లాభ నష్టాల ఖాతా			గుడ్ విల్		
	1,03,100	1,03,200		1,03,100	1,03,200

అదనపు సమాచారం:

- (ii) రూ.10,000/-లతో భూమిని కొనుగోలు చేసిం మరియు గుడ్ విల్ తగ్గింపు రూ.5,000
- (iii) ಡಿಪಂವರ್ಞ ಏಮೀವನಂ ರೂ. 6,000

ನಗದು ప్రవాహ నివేదికను తయారు చేయండి.

17. The sales and profit for two years are given below:

రెండు సంవత్సరాలకు సంబంధించిన అమ్మకాలు మరియు లాభాలు దిగువనీయ బడినవి.

	Sales (Rs.)	Profit(Rs.)	
	అమ్మకాలు	ಎಂಬಿಂದು	
2016	1,50,000	20,000	
2017	1,70,000	25,000	

Calculate: ಶಕ್ಷಿಂಪಂಡಿ:

a. P/V ratio P/V నిష్మత్తి

b. B.E.P

Sales required to earn a profit of Rs.40,000.
 రూ. 40,000/- లాభం సంపాబంచాలంటే అమ్మకాలు

d. Profit when sales are Rs.1,80,000. రూ. 1,80,000/- ల అమ్మకాల వద్ద లాభం.

(OR)

18. A company is manufacturing 48,000 units at 80% capacity. The selling price per unit is Rs.9. The expenses are as follows.

Rs.

Direct wages 62,000
Direct material 60,000
Variable overheads 22,000
Fixed overhead 80,000

The company received a Foreign order for 10,000 units at Rs.8.50 per unit. Give advice about the order.

ఒక కంపెనీ 80% సామర్ధ్యం వద్ద $48{,}000$ యూనిట్ లు ఉత్పత్తి చేస్తుంది. యూనిట్ అమ్మకపు ధర

రూ. 9/-, ఖర్పులు క్రింది బధంగా కలవు.

ప్రత్యక్ష వేతనాలు రూ. 62,000

ప్రత్యక్ష ఖర్చులు రూ. 60,000

చర ఓవర్ హెడ్స్ రూ.22,000

స్ట్రీర ఓవర్ హెడ్స్ రూ.80,000

యూనిట్ ఒకటికి రూ. 8.50 చొష్టన 10,000 యూనిట్ లకు విదేశీ ఆర్డర్ వచ్చినది. ఈ ఆర్డర్ పై మీ అభిప్రాయాన్ని తెల్పండి.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)

RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade) III B. Com (General, Computers & BIFS), VI - Semester Syllabus

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Model Paper COM309 :: Marketing

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE of the following

5x3 = 15M

1. Selling Concept

అమ్మకపు భావన

2. Marketing Environment

మారె_{డి}టింగ్ పలసరాలు

3. Consumer Behaviour

ಶಿನಿಯಾಗಧಾರುನಿ ప్రవర్తನ

4. Packaging and Labeling

ಪ್ಯಾಕಿಂಗ್ ಮರಿಯು ಲೆಬಿಶಿಂಗ್

5. Penetration Pricing

ಧರ ವ್ಯಾಪ್ತಿ

6. Online Marketing

అంతర్జాల మార్కెటింగ్

7. Publicity

ప్రచురణ

8. Objectives of Pricing

ಧರ ఉದ್ದೆ ಹ್ಯಾಲು

SECTION-B

Answer all the following questions

5x7 = 35M

9. What is the different concept of marketing? ಮಾರ್ಡಿಟಿಂಗ್ ಭಾವನಲ್ ಗಲ ಫೆದಾಲು ఏಮಿಟಿ?

(OR)

10. What is marketing mix variables?

మార్కెటింగ్ మిశ్రమ చర కారకాలు అంటే ఏమిటి?

11. What is buyer behavior? Explain the stages in buying decision process కొనుగోలు ధారుని ప్రవర్తన అంటే ఏమిటి ? కొనుగోలు నిర్ణయ ప్రక్రియలో గల దశలను గూర్ని వివరింపుము. (OR)

12. What is market segmentation? Explain the stages in buying decision process. మార్కెట్ ఖండన అంటే ఏదుటి? ఖండనలో గల దశలను గూర్చి వ్రాయుము?

13. What are various product management decision taken by a manager? నార్వాహుకుడు తీసుకునే వివిధ ఉత్పత్తి నిర్వహణ నిర్ణయాలు ఏమిటి?

(OR)

- 14. What is PLC? Explain the strategies followed at each stage of PLC. ఉత్పత్తి జోవిత చక్రం అంటే ఏమిటి? ఉత్పత్తి జోవిత చక్రములో అనుసలంచవలిసిన ఫ్యూహాలు గూల్ప వివలంచండి.
- 15. Explain the importance and factor influencing pricing ధర నిర్ణయమును ప్రభావితం చేసే కారకాలను మరియు ధర నిర్ణయం యొక్క ప్రాముక్కతను వివరించుము (OR)
- 16. Explain the different pricing strategies? What are new product pricing methods?

వివిధ రకాల ధర నిర్ణయ ఫ్యూహాలను వివరించండి . కొత్త వస్తువుల ధర నిర్ణయ పద్ధతులు ఏమిటి ?

17. Explain Promotion mix. ప్రేశ్యమీక మిశ్రమము గూర్పి వ్రాయుము.

(OR)

18. What are distribution channels? Explain their sole and importance in marketing. పంపిణీ వ్యవస్థ అంటే పబుటి? మార్కెటింగ్ లో పంపిణీ వ్యవస్థల యొక్క పాత్ర మరియు ప్రాముక్యతను గూర్పి ప్రాయుము.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B. Com (General, Computers & BIFS), VI - Semester Syllabus (For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

MODEL PAPER COM148::AUDITING

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

Section-A

Answer any FIVE of the following

క్రిందివాటిలో ఐదింటికి సమాధములిమ్ము.

5x3=15M

1. Error of commission

ಅಕಾರ್ತ್ಯಾಕರಣ ದ್ ೆಫಾಲು

2. Auditing Vs Investigation

ఆడిటింగ్ VS - తోధన

3. Government audit

ప్రభుత్వ ఆడిట్

4. Internal audit

అంతర్గత ఆడిట్

5. Audit Note Book

ఆడిట్ నోట్ బుక్

6. Internal check

ලටමරුම් මතුම්

7. Vouching of credit sales

అరువు అమ్మకాల వోచింగ్

8. Disqualifications of auditors. ఆడిటర్ అనరతలు

Section-B

Answer any FIVE of the following

5x7 = 35M

క్రింది అన్ని ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధనములిమ్ము.

9. Define Auditing. Explain its objectives? ఆడిటింగ్ ను నిర్వచించి, ఆడిట్ ద్వేయాలను వివరించండి.

(OR)

- 10. Explain the good qualities of an Auditor. ఆడిటర్ కు ఉండాల్సిన మంచి లక్షణాలను వివరించండి.
- 11. Write different types of Audits in brief. వివిధ రకాల ఆడిట్ లను ట్లుప్తంగా వివరించండి.

(OR)

- 12. Differentiate between Internal audit and External audit. అంతర్గత ఆడిట్ కు బహిర్గత ఆడిట్ కు మధ్య గల తేడాలను తెల్పండి
- 13. What are the components of audit program? ఆడిట్ ప్రేకిగ్రాం లోని అంశాలేవి?

(OR)

- 14. What are the steps to be taken at the commencement of new audit? ទ្រឹស្ន ៤៨៤ សា ភ្ជាប់០ដុលជធាតម ជីង់ស្លាស្តិស ជង់មា ឯង?
- 15. Explain to vouch the cash transactions. నగదు వ్యవహారాలను వోచింగ్ చేసే బిధానం తెల్పండి.

(OR)

- 16. State the difference between vouching and verification. వోచింగ్ మరియు తనిభీ మధ్య గల వ్యత్యాసాలను తెల్పండి.
- 17. Explain the procedure for appointment of an auditor in a joint stock company. జాయింట్ స్ట్రాక్ కంపెనీ లో ఆడిటర్ నియామక విధానాన్ని వివరించండి.

(OR)

18. What is an audit report? Explain Clean Audit Report. ఆడిట్ లెపోర్ట్ అనగానేమి? శుద్ధ ఆడిట్ లెపోర్ట్ ను గూల్చి వివలించండి.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A'" Grade)
III B.Com (General), VI SEMESTER
(For Admitted Batch 2019 – 2020)
MODEL QUESTION PAPER

COM193::FINANCIAL REPORTING

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

1. Answer any FIVE of the following questions.

 $5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ M}$

- 1. Financial Statements
- 2. Financial Reporting
- 3. A Simple problem on 'Goodwill calculation'
- 4, Consolidation
- 5. Need for Reporting
- 6. Director's Report
- 7. Economic Value Added (EVA)
- 8. Market Value

SECTION-B

II. Answer the following questions

 $5 \times 7 = 35 \text{ M}$

9. What are the issues and problems of 'Financial Statements ? Explain

(OR)

- 10. Discuss recent trends in 'Financial Reporting'
- 11. A Simple Problem (on calculation of Minority Interest/treatment of Pre-acquisition and Post-acquisition Profits).

(OR)

- 12. Make a note on 'Consolidation Procedures'
- 13. What are Reporting requirements? Explain

(OR)

- 14. Explain about National Financial Reporting Authority (NFRA).
- 15. What is 'Corporate Governance Reporting'? Explain.

(OR)

- 16. Explain about 'Corporate Social Responsibility Reporting'.
- 17. What do you mean by 'Shareholders' Value'? Explain.

(OR)

18. Discuss about 'Reporting on Price Level Changes'.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B. Com (General), EM/TM-VI - Semester (For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

MODEL PAPER

COM194:: EMERGING AREAS IN ACCOUNTING

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions.

 $5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ M}$

- Limitations of Historical Cost Accounting. దారత్రక వ్యయ అకాంటింగ్ పరమతులు
- 2. Advantages of Human Resources Accounting. మానవ వనరుల అకౌంటింగ్ ప్రయోజనాలు
- Need for Social Responsibility Accounting. సామాజిక బాధ్యత అకౌంటింగ్ ఆవశ్యకత.
- Advantages of Inflation Accounting. ద్రవ్యాల్పణ అకాంటింగ్ ప్రయోజనాలు.
- Current Cost Accounting concept. ప్రస్తుత వ్యయ అకౌంటింగ్ భావన.
- Concept of Green Accounting. హలత అకాంటింగ్ భావన.
- 7. Types of Environmental Accounting. పర్యావరణ అకాంటింగ్ రకాలు
- 8. Fund Accounting. నిధి అకౌంటింగ్

SECTION-B

Answer the following questions

 $5 \times 7 = 35 M$

9. Define Social Accounting. Explain objectives of Social Accounting. సామాజిక అకాంటింగ్ ను నిర్యచించి సామాజిక అకాంటింగ్ ధ్యేయాలను ,వివరించండి.

(OR)

- 10. Explain advantages and disadvantages of social accounting. ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಅಕೌಂಟಿಂಗ್ ప్రయోజనాలు మరియు లోపాలను ఐవరించండి.
- 11. A firm has started its business with a capital of Rs. 5,00,000. It has purchased fixed assets with Rs.2,50,000 in cash. It has kept Rs.1,30,000 as working capital and incurred Rs.1,20,000 on recruitment, training and developing the engineers and a few workers is assessed as Rs.4,00,000. Show these items in the balance sheet. ఒక వ్యాపార సంస్థ రూ. 5,00,000 తో వ్యాపారాన్ని ప్రారంభించినది. రూ. 2,50,000 నగరుతో స్టీరాస్థిని కొనుగోలు చేసింది. నిర్వహణ మూలధనం రూ. 1,30,000 కలిగి ఉన్నది మలయు అంజినీర్ల నియామకం, శిక్షణ మలయు అభివృద్ధి కొరకు వెచ్చించినది రూ. 1,20,000. కాల్మకుల కొరకు అంచనా వేసిన మొత్తం రూ. 4,00,000. ఈ అంశాలను ఆస్త్రి అష్టల పట్టీలో చూపుము.

(OR)

12. Write about the position of HRA in India. భారత చేశంలో మానవ వనరుల అకౌంటింగ్ స్టీతిని గూర్వి వ్రాయుము. 13. A firm had Rs.2,00,000 as eash at bank on 1-4-2017. The consumer price index on the date was 200. During the year ended 31st march,18 the receipt and payment were as stated below.

Sales	ine jem em	Index	Cost		Index
June 1 st	1,05,000	210	Sept.15 th	2,15,000	215
Jan.15 th	3,45,000	230	Nov.20 Th	1,50,000	240
			Dec 1 st	2,00,000	225

2017 పెప్రిల్ 1వ తేదిన ఒక సంస్థ రూ. 2,00,000 బ్యాంకు నిల్వను కలిగ్ ఉన్నది. ఆ రోజు వినియోగధార్ల ధరల సూచ్ 200. 31 మార్చ 2018 తో అంతమయ్యే సంవత్సరానికి వసూక్కు మరియు చెల్లింపులు క్రించి విధంగా ఉన్నవి.

అమ్మకాలు		సూచీ	వ _్ యం		సూచీ
జూన్ 1	1,05,000	210	సెప్టెంబర్ 15	2,15,000	215
සත්වර 15	3,45,000	230	నవంబర్ 20	1,50,000	240
			డిసెంబర్ 1	2,00,000	225

- Explain present approaches to price level changes.
 ధరల స్థాయి మార్పులలో వచ్చే ప్రస్తుత విధానాలను వివరిచుము.
- 15. Explain the concept of Environmental Accounting. పరాంభరణ అకౌంటింగ్ భావనను గూర్పి వివరించుము.

(OR)

- 16. Explain the evaluation of Environmental Accounting Reports. పర్యావరణ అకౌంటెంగ్ సెవేదికల మూల్యాంకనం గూర్పి వివరించుము .
- 17 Explain about special areas in accounting. అకాంటింగ్ లో గల ప్రత్యేక వభాగాలను వివరించుము.

(OR)

18. Explain the following.

క్రించి వాటిని వివరించుము.

- (i) Intrinsic Accounting
- (ii) Resource consumption Accounting
- (iii) Forensic Accounting

(iv) Fund Accounting

ഉഠക്ക് കട്ടൂറല്ലാറ്

อลณิทศ ๒๕ ๐ฮื ๐ก็

ವ್ಯವಘರಿಕ ಅಕೌಂಪಿಂಗ್

ನಿಧಿ ಅಕೌಂಪಿಂಗ್

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A⁺" Grade) III B.Com (General & BA-ESC), VI SEMESTER (FOR ADMITTED BATCH 2019-20) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

COM199::FINANCIAL SERVICES

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions.

 $5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ M}$

1. Non Banking Institutions నాన్ బ్యాంకింగ్ సంస్థలు

2. Kinds of Financial Services

విత్త సేవల రకాలు

3. Functions of Merchant Banks

మర్చంట్ బ్యాంకుల విధులు

4. Features of Venture Capital

వెంచరు మూలధన లక్షణాలు

5. Difference between Leasing and Hire Purchase లిజింగ్ అద్దె కొనుగోలు మధ్య తేడాలు ,

6. Objectives of Credit Rating

క్రెడిట్ రేటింగ్ ఉద్దేశ్యాలు

7. Limitations of forfeiting

සුනු ත්වඩාණවා

8. NSDL, CSDL

SECTION-B

Answer the following questions

 $5 \times 7 = 35 M$

9. Explain the role played by the Financial Services in promoting a country's economy.

దేశ ఆర్ధిక వ్యవస్థను ప్రెశ్నేహించడంలో ఆర్ధిక సేవలు పోషించిన పాత్రను వివలించండి

(OR)

10. Describe Fee Based Service.

రుసుం ఆధారిత ఆర్ధిక సేవలను వర్ణించండి.

11. Define Merchant Banking and explain the differences between Commercial Banking and Merchant Banking with regard to Services provided by them మర్చంట్ బ్యాంకింగ్ ను సిర్వచించి మర్చంట్ బ్యాంకింగ్ లు ,వాణిజ్య బ్యాంకింగ్ ,సమకూర్పుతున్ సేవల

ಮರ್ಪ್ವೆಂಐ ಬ್ಯಾಂತಂಗ ನು ಸರ್ವವಂದ ಮರ್ಪ್ವಂಟ ಬ್ಯಾಂತಂಗ ಲು ,ಹಾಣಜ್ಯ ಬ್ಯಾಂತಂಗ ,ಸಮರ್ಟಾಲ್ಬು ಅನಿ ದ್ರವ್ವ್ಯ ವಾಟಿ ಮರ್ಧ್ಯಗಲ ತೆಡಾಲನು ದಿವರಿಂದಂಡಿ .

(OR)

12. What is Securitization? What are the benefits of Securitization? సేక్యులటైజేషన్ అనగానేమ ?సేక్యులటైజేషన్ వల్ల చేకూరు ప్రయోజనాలేవ?

Define Leasing and explain Legal aspects of Leasing. ರಿಜಿಂಗಿನು ನಿರ್ವವಿಂಪಂಡಿ ಮರಿಯು ಶಿಜಿಂಗ್ ಯುಕ್ಕ ಪಟ್ಟಕುರಮನ ಅಂಶಾಲನು ವಿವರಿಂಪಂಡಿ.

(OR)

- 14. Write an essay on Housing Finance ಗೃಟ್ ದ್ರವ್ಯ ಸಚ್**ಯಂಪು ಒ**ಕ ವ್ಯಾನಾನ್ನಿ ಪ್ರಾಯಂಡಿ.
- 15. Explain the advantages and limitation of Credit Rating

(OR) 16. Discuss the role of Mutual Funds in Indian Economy. భారత ఆర్ధిక వ్యవస్థ లో పరస్పర నిధుల పాత్రను చెల్చించండి.

17. What are the types of Factoring? ವಿವಿಧ ರಕಾಲ ಫ್ಯಾಕ್ಟರಿಂಗ್ ಶೆa?

(OR)

18. What do you mean by depository system? Explain the advantages of depository system. డిపాజిటరీ వ్యవస్థ అనగానేమి.డిపాజిటరీ వ్యవస్థ యొక్క ప్రయోజనాలను వివరించండి ?

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B. Com (General & BA-ESC), VI - Semester Model Question Paper

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

COM200 :: MARKETING OF FINANCIAL SERVICES

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max. Marks: 50

Section - A

Answer any FIVE of the following.

 $5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. What are the elements of Services?
- 2. What do you mean by 'Service Counters'?
- 3. Service Quality
- 4. Service Productivity
- 5. Promotion Strategies
- 6. Channels of Service Promotion
- 7. Credit Services
- 8. Financial Service Firms

Section - B

Answer the following questions

5x7 = 35 Marks

- 9. Write the differences between Goods and Services (OR)
- 10. Explain 'Integrated services Management'.
- 11. How do you manage people for Service Advantage?

(OR)

- 12. Define the term 'Customer Loyalty' and Explain
- 13. Explain the pricing strategies.

(OR)

- 14. Discuss about B2B Marketing?
- 15. Discuss about Cost and Revenue Management.

(OR)

- 16. What are the Channels for service provisions?
- 17. Explain about Investment services.

(OR)

18. Discuss about the Insurance Services.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B. Com (General), VI - Semester (For Admitted Batch 2019-20) Model Question Paper

COM205 :: Marketing of Insurance Products

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions.

 $5 \times 4 = 15 \text{ M}$

- 1. Marketing of Services
- 2. Products Marketing
- 3. Services Marketing
- 4. Marketing Insurance Services
- 5. Promotional Mix
- 6. Buyers
- 7. Brand Building
- 8. HDFC Life

SECTION-B

Answer all the questions

5x7 = 35 Marks

- 9 What it distinguish between Product Marketing and services marketing? (OR)
- 10. Explain the 7 Ps of Marketing.
- 11. Use of Relationship Marketing in Insurance Explain

(OR)

- 12. What are the factors determining service quality of insurance products?
- 13. Explain the Strategies for Marketing of Insurance.

(OR)

- 14. Explain the changing profile of Indian Insurance buyer.
- 15. Explain factors influencing Promotional mix.

(OR)

- 16. Explain the personal selling vs advertising.
- 17. Explain factors influencing Promotional mix.

(OR)

18. Explain the marketing methods

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B. Com (General), VI - Semester Syllabus (For Admitted Batch 2019-20) Model Question Paper

COM206:: Insurance Regulatory Framework

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions.

 $5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. Motor Vehicle Act, 1988
- 2. Indian Railways Act
- 3. Categorization of Surveyors
- 4. Inspection
- 5. Anti Money laundering
- 6. Assignment and Transfer of policies
- 7. Exemptions to Sec 64 VB
- 8. Free look period

SECTION-B

Answer all the questions

 $5 \times 7 = 35 \text{ Marks}$

9. Explain the functions of IRDA

(OR)

- 10. Explain the Bill of Lading Act
- 11. Explain in detail Validity and Renewal of license

(OR)

- 12. Explain the Procedure for Registration of Insurance companies
- 13. Obligation of Insurers for rural and Social sector

(OR)

- 14. IRDA regulations on Advertisements Explain
- 15. Explain about Assignment and Transfer of policies

(OR)

- 16. Prohibition of Rebates Explain
- 17. Explain the Pre and Post stage of Insurance Cycle.

(OR

18. Explain about Grievance Redressal - Complaint handling

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A'" Grade)

III - B.Com (Computer Applications)

(From the Admitted Batch of 2018-19)

VI - Semester

MODEL PAPER

CAP160-WEB TECHNOLOGY Cluster-I(a)

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE questions from the Following:

 $5 \times 3 = 15M$

- Write about key features of LAN and WAN.
- 2. What are the Lists? How they are created?
- 3. Write a CSS code to add different colors to visited/ unvisited links.
- 4. Describe various data types used in Java Script.
- 5. Write a program to implement factorial of a given number using java script.
- 6. How to declare and initialize arrays in java script?
- 7. List any 3 methods in date and window object.
- 8. What is DHTML? How it is differ from HTML?

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions from the Following:

 $5 \times 7 = 35M$

9. Explain various network topologies with neat sketches.

- 10. Explain about the following tags their properties with suitable example:
 - i) Frames ii) Anchor iii) Image iv) Bgcolor
- 11. Explain the following terms related to CSS: i) Font size ii) Font weight iii) Text decoration iv)Text alignment.

(OR)

- 12. Explain about inline and embedded style sheets with example.
- 13. How to declare functions in JavaScript? Write a JavaScript to find the sum of 'n' even numbers and display the result.

(OR)

- 14. Write about various string manipulation and mathematical function in JavaScript.
- 15. Explain about the following events with suitable example: i) OnChange Event ii) On Focus Event iii) On Blur Event iv) On Click Event

- 16. What is an exception? How to handle exceptions in JavaScript?
- 17. Write a DHTML to change the background color of a button, mouse over three colored table cells and the background color will change.

(OR)

18. Explain the concept of multiple pages single download and text only menu system.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A+" Grade)

III - B.Com (Computer Applications)

(From the Admitted Batch of 2018-19)

VI - Semester

MODEL PAPER

CAP161-PHP and MySQL Cluster-I(b)

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE questions from the Following:

 $5 \times 3 = 15M$

- 1. Discuss different operators available in PHP.
- 2. Write a php Script to list data in the table?
- 3. Write a script for login page with validation.
- 4. Discuss any five Date functions of php.
- 5. What are Cookies? Explain how Cookies are Set, View and Del.
- 6. What issession? How variables are handled in the sessions?
- 7. Create a PHP form to read the employee details from the console.
- 8. Develop a function to display "Hello" by using PHP.

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions from the Following:

5 X 7 = 35M

9. What is varaible? Explain scope of variable.

(OR)

- 10. Write about different data types available in PHP.
- 11. Write about different operators in PHP.

(OR)

- 12. Explain about arrays in PHP.
- 13. Explain string functions in PHP.

(OR)

- 14. What is a form, how to create a form using PHP.
- 15. Creating, open and delete files in PHP.

(OR)

- 16. Explain Mysql and MySqli functions?
- 17. How to create a database table, and viewing a database table using MySQL.

(OR)

18. Explain the procedure, how to connect to MySQL with PHP.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B.A (ESC) V Semester (For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Madel Question Paper

COMISSECENTRAL BANKING

Time: 2 % Hours

Mrs. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions

513=15 Marks

I. Central Bank Functions.

కేంద్ర బ్యాంకు విధులు

2. Management of RBI

අපරාදු ආදරණ කරුණක

3. RBI Act 1935

ರಜಯ್ಯ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕು ವೆಟ್ಟಂ 1935

Recent Developments in RBI

ರಜರ್ಯು ಬ್ಯಾಂತು ಲೌರ ಮಾತನ ಅಥವ್ಯವಿ ಲು

5. Repo Rates

ರವ್ ಕೆ*ಟ್ಸ್*

6. Exchange rate stability

మాంకవు రేట్ సిదత్వము

7. Basle Norms

තුබල් කහරරුක්තා

8. Prudential Norms

ಕ್ಷುಡಿನಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಿಬಂಧಿನಲು

SECTION - B

Answer the following questions.

5x7 = 35 M

 Explain Functions of Central Bank ട്og ഔംഗ്രോ വിട്ടു മറ്റാവ മാരാഹ്യ്.

(Or)

10. What is the role of Central Bank in developed and developing countries?
అధివృద్ధి చెందినా మరియు అధివృద్ధి చెందుతున్న చేశాలలో కేంద్ర బ్యాంకు పాత్రమ వివరించంకే.

 Narrate briefly the Interface between Reserve Bank of India and other Commercial Banks.

ಭಾರತಿಯ ರಜರು ಜ್ಯಾಂಕು ಮರಯು ವಿವಿಧ ಪಾಡಿಜ್ಯ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕುಲ ಮಧ್ಯ ಅಂತರ್ಕ್ನುಖಂನು ವಿವರಿಂದಂಡಿ.

(Or)

- 12. Explain the salient/principal features of R.B.I Act, 193.0 రజర్ము బ్యాంకు చట్టం 1935 యొక్క ముఖ్య లక్షణాలను వివరించండి.
- 13. Write about Credit control measures. పరపతి నియంత్రణ కౌలమానాలను గూర్పి బ్రాయండి.

(Or)

- Explain the Monetary policy statements of RBI భారతీయ రజర్ను బ్యాంకు యొక్క ద్రవ్య విధానాల నివేదికను వివరింపుము.
- 15. State the price controlling measures taken by R.B.I. ధరలు నియంత్రణకు గాను రిజర్ము బ్యాంకు చేపట్టిన చర్యలను వివరిచండి.

(Or)

- 16. What are the intervention mechanisms of R.B.I? Explain. భారత రజర్వు బ్యాంకు యొక్క మధ్యవర్తిత్వ యంత్రాంగాలు ఏవి.వివరించండి ?
- 17. Explain the R.B.I Regulation and Supervision of Banks. బ్యాంకులపై రిజర్ము బ్యాంకు వారి విధి మరియు పర్యవేక్షణలను వివరించండి.

(Or)

18. Explain the effect of liberalization and Globalization in banking sector. బ్యాంకింగ్ రంగంలో సరతీకరణ మలయు ప్రపంచీకరణ యొక్క ప్రభావాన్ని తెల్పండి.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A'" Grade)

III B.Com (BIFS) V Semester

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Model Question Paper

COM276:: COST AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE from the following questions

5 X 3 = 15 M

- 1. Objectives of management accounting
- 2. Profitability ratio
- 3. ABC Analysis
- 4. Current Ratio 4:1, Quick Ratio 3.2:1, Current Liabilities 25,000. Find out Current assets, working capital & Stock.
- 5. Trend Analysis
- 6. BEP Chart
- 7. Calculate EOQ

Annual Consumption - 6000Units

Cost of Ordering - Rs. 60

Carrying cost – Rs. 2

8. From the following information calculate:

P/V Ratio

Breakeven point.

	Rs.
Total Fixed Costs	4,500
Total Variable Costs	7,500
Sales	15,000

SECTION-B

Answer All the questions

 $5 \times 7 = 35 M$

9. Distinguish between Cost Accounting and Management accounting. OR

10. From the following particulars prepare Cost sheet as on 31st December 2016

Rs.		Rs.
1,00,000	Depreciation:	
30,0000	Factory plant	500
2,500	Office premises	1,250
500	Consumable stores	2,500
	Manager's salary	5,000
1,500	Director's fees	1,250
500	Office stationery	500
1000	Telephone charges	125
500		250
5,000	Salesmen's salaries	1,250
	Travelling expenses	500
		1,250
3,500	Warehouse charges	500
	1,00,000 30,0000 2,500 500 1,500 500 1000 500 5,000 2,500	1,00,000 Depreciation: 30,0000 Factory plant 2,500 Office premises 500 Consumable stores Manager's salary 1,500 Director's fees 500 Office stationery 1000 Telephone charges 500 Postage and telegrams 5,000 Salesmen's salaries 2,500 Travelling expenses Advertising

Office premises	500 1,000	Sales Carriage outward	1,89,500 375
Transfer to reserves Discount on shares written off	500	Income- tax	10,000
Dividend	2,000		

11. The Received side of the Stores Ledge Account shows the following particulars.

500units @ Rs.4/-January 1 Opening Balance 200units@Rs. 4.25 January 5 Received from Vendor January12 Received from vendor 150units@ Rs 4.10 January 20 Received from vendor 300 units @ Rs. 4.50

January 25 Received from Vendor 400units@4

Issue of materials were as follows:

Jan.4 - 200 units, Jan 10 - 400 units, Jan 15 - 100 units, Jan 19 - 100 Units, Jan 26 - 200 units Jan 30 - 250 units. Issues are to be priced on the principle of 'First in First out'.

- 12. Explain the advantages and disadvantages of FIFO & LIFO Methods.
- 13. Enumerate the advantages and limitations of Financial Statement Analysis.

OR

14. The following Balance Sheets are given:

Liabilities	2016	2017	Assets	2016	2017
Equity Share Capital	3,00,000	4,00,000	Goodwill	1,15,000	90,000
Redeemable Pref.			Land and		
Capital	1,50,000	1,00,000	Buildings	2,00,000	1,70,000
General Reserve	40,000	70,000	Plant	80,000	2,00,000
P & L A/c	30,000	48,000	Debtors	1,60,000	2,00,000
Proposed Dividend	42,000	50,000	Stock	77,000	1,09,000
Creditors	55,000	83,000	Bills Receivables	20,000	30,000
Bills Payable	20,000	16,000	Cash in Hand	15,000	10,000
Provision for	40,000	50,000	Cash at Bank	10,000	8,000
Taxation	50.005*00000000			100	
	1,03,100	1,03,200		1,03,100	1,03,200

You are required to prepare Comparative Balance Sheet.

15. Define Marginal Costing and explain its limitations.

OR

16. The sales and profit during the years were as follows.

<u>Year</u>	Sales	<u>Profit</u>
2015	2,40,000	30,000
2016	2,70,000	42,000

Calculate:-

P/v ratio (a)

Break Even Sales (b)

Profit when sales are Rs.1,50,000 (c)

Sales required to earn a profit of Rs.5,70,000 (d)

17. Explain the different types of ratios

OR

18. The following are the profit and loss account and the Balance Sheet of XY Ltd. Company.

Or

Or

Trading and profit &loss a/c

Cr

D. Trad	ing and profit &	&loss a/c	CI
Dr Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Opening Stock To Purchases To Gross Profit	10,000 55,000 50,000	By Sales By Closing Stock	1,00,000 15,000
To Operating expenses To Interest To Selling Expenses To Net Profit	1,15,000 15,000 3,000 12,000 20,000	By Gross Profit	1,15,000 50,000
	50,000		50,000

Balance Sheet

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Capital Profit & Loss Account Creditors Bills Payable	1,00,000 20,000 25,000 15,000	Land & Buildings Plant & Machinery Stock Sundry Debtors Bills Receivables Cash at Bank Furniture	50,000 30,000 15,000 15,000 12,500 17,500 20,000
	1,60,000		1,60,000

You are required to calculate the following Ratio's.

Stock Turnover /Ratio

Current Ratio

Gross Profit Ratio

Net Profit Ratio

Liquidity Ratio

Proprietary Ratio.

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III B.Com (BIFS) V Semester

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Model Question Paper

COM277:: FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND MARKETS

Max. Marks: 50 Time: 3 Hours

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE from the following questions

5 X 3 = 15 M

- 1. Indian Financial System.
- Financial Markets.
- 3. Non-Bank Financial Companies.
- Role of Financial Institutions.
- 5. Differences between Primary Market and Secondary Market.
- Types of Financial Markets.
- 7. Capital Market Instruments.
- 8. BSE and NSE

SECTION-B

Answer All the questions

5 X 7 = 35 M

9. Define Indian Financial System. Explain the various functions of Indian Financial System and Structure of Indian Financial System.

- 10. Functions and Structure of Financial Institutions and Financial Markets.
- 11. Structure and Role of Financial Institutions.

- 12. Explain Role and Structure of Non-Bank Financial Companies.
- 13. Types of Financial Markets, Components of Money Market, Components of Capital Markets.

- 14. Differences between Money Market and Capital Market.
- 15. Define Discuss Money Market Instruments and Capital Market Instruments.

Explain the Different Types of Bonds Available in the Market.

17Functions and Objectives of Stock Exchange.

OR

18. Explain Role of SEBI in Investor Protection.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B.Com (BIFS) V Semester

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Model Question Paper

COM279:: Banking Regulations and Practices

Time: 2 ½ Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE from the following questions

5 X 3 = 15 M

- 1. Indian Banking System.
- 2. Banking Sector Reforms..
- 3. Tools of Monetary Control.
- 4. CRR & SLR.
- 5. Internet Banking Guidelines.
- 6. Non-Performing Assets.
- 7. Asset Classification.
- 8. Letter of Credit.

SECTION-B

Answer All the questions

5 X 7 = 35 M

9. Define Indian Banking System. Explain the Banking Sector Reforms.

OR

- 10. Evolution and Structure of Indian Banking System in India.
- 11. Objectives, Functions & powers of RBI.

OR

- 12. Explain the Tools of Monetary Control.
- 13. Regulation of Payment Systems.

OR

- 14. Regulation of Money Market Instruments.
- 15. Define Non-Performing Assets and explain Income Recognition & Asset Classification.

OR

- 16. Explain the Provisioning Norms of Non-Performing Assets.
- 17. Explain Types of Securities.

OR

18. Explain concepts of Hypothecation; Pledge; Mortgage; Indemnities and Guarantees.

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III B.Com (BIFS), VI Semester (FOR ADMITTED BATCH 2019-20)

MODEL PAPER

COM281::Investment Management

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max. Marks: 50

 $5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ M}$

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions.

1. Gambling

Types of Financial Asset

3. Primary Market

4. Functioning of Stock Exchanges

5. Types of Risk

6. Bond Valuation

7. Technical Analysis

8. ROC

SECTION - B

Answer ALL the following questions.

 $5 \times 7 = 35 \text{ M}$

9. What are the objectives of investment in securities?

(OR)

- 10. What steps would an investor flow to make an investment.
- 11. What is capital markets? Discuss its objectives and importance.

- 12. Explain objectives and functions of BSE and NSE.
- 13. What is risk? How can Risk of an asset be calculated? Explain.

(OR)

14. Calculate the Standard Deviation of returns of stock having the following Probability distribution:

Probable Returns %	Probability of Occurrence
10	.10
20	.15
-15	.20
20	.25
30	.30

15. Mr. Kumar is considering the purchase of a 7% Preference share of ₹5.000 redeemable after 5 years at par. What should be willing to pay now to purchase the share assuming that the required rate of return is 8%?

(OR)

- 16. What do you understand by bonds in perpetuity? How are they valued? Explain
- 17. How is Fundamental Analysis useful to a prospective investor?

(OR)

18. What is industrial analysis? What are the key characteristics in industrial analysis?

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III B.COM (BIFS) w.c.f 2019-20

Semester VI-Model Paper

COM 282: General Insurance and Practice

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

Section-A

Answer any 5 of the following

 $(5 \times 3 = 15M)$

- 1. Insurance Market Structure
- 2. Classification of Insurance Market
- 3. Components of Insurance Policy
- 4. Claim Forms
- 5. Fire Insurance Coverage
- 6. Liability
- 7. Crime Insurance
- 8. Arbitration

Section-B

Answer the following

 $(5 \times 7 = 35M)$

9. Explain the salient features of Indian General Insurance Market

- 10. Explain the structure of Indian Insurance Market
- 11. What do you mean by Insurance Contract? Explain the elements in an insurance contract.

(OR)

- 12. Explain the contents of an insurance proposal form.
- 13. Define fire insurance and state the conditions of fire insurance

(OR)

- 14. What are the important documents for Motor Insurance Policy?
- 15. Explain various General Insurance products.

- 16. Explain different classes of engineering insurance.
- 17. Explain the preliminary procedure of a claim.

18. Explain the process of claim management.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM Grade

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Model Question Paper

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20) III BBA, SEMESTER – V COM290: BUSINESS LAWS

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following.

 $5 \times 3 = 15M$

- 1. Kinds of Offer
- 2. Free Consent
- 3. Remedies to Breach of Contract
- 4. Quasi Contracts
- 5. Concept of pledge
- 6. Distinguish between sale and agreement to sell
- 7. Essentials of Sale of Contract
- 8. Objectives of Consumer Protection Act 1986.

SECTION - B

Answer all the following.

 $5 \times 7 = 35M$

- 9. What are the essentials of validcontract?
- 10. Explain the different types of Contract.
- 11. Explain the different modes of Discharge of Contract.

ΩP

OR

- 12. What are the rules relating to Contingent Contracts?
- 13. Distinguish between contract of guarantee and contract of indemnity?

OR

- 14. Discuss Contract of Indemnity and Rights and Duties of Indemnity Holder.
- 15. Write about the implied conditions andwarranties.

OR

- 16. What are the rights and duties of an unpaidseller?
- 17. Explain the Redressal machinery under the consumer protectionAct

OR

18. Write about Competition Act, 2002.

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III - B.B.A:: Semester - VI (For Admitted Batch 2019-20) CLUSTER-I (EB)

CAP:: Business Networks

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE questions from the Following:

 $5 \times 3 = 15M$

- 1. Who are stake holders?
- Applications of business networks.
- 3. Write a note on commercial issues in business networking systems.
- Legal and ethical issues in CRM.
- 5. What do you mean by OLAP?
- Different layers of business networks.
- Servers.
- 8. Customer database.

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions from the Following:

5 X 7 = 35M

9. Explain social network. Also state business form..

(OR)

- 10. Explain the relation and inter-relation between stakeholders.
- 11. What is network security? Explain layers of business network.

(OR)

- 12. Write a note on uses and applications of business network.
- 13. What is Network? Also explain business networking systems.

(OR)

- 14. Write a brief note on cloud computing and spectrum.
- 15. How to establish network connection with customers. Also state the general guidelines in this regard.

(OR)

- 16. What do you mean by CRM? What is database?
- 17. Explain the essence and contents of master data management.

(OR)

18. What is data integration? List out the differences between OLTP and OLAP.

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BBA GENERAL

Restructured Course

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

SEMESTER- V CLUSTER -II (HR) TALENT MANAGEMENT

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max Marks: 50 M

PART - A

Answer any FIVE Questions. All questions carry equal Marks.

5 X 3 = 15 M

1. Talent Management

- 2. Mapping
- 3. Data recording and Analysing
- 4. 360 degrees feedback
- 5. Career Planning
- 6. Parameters of Employee Engagement
- 7. Employee Engagement
- 8. Succession Planning

PART - B

Answer ALL the Questions. All questions carry equal Marks

5 X 7 = 35 M

9. Explain the Significance of Talent Management.

(Or)

- 10. How to provide HR leadership to business in Talent Management.
- 11. Explain the methods of data collection for Mapping.

(Or)

- 12. Write briefly about the Competency Model from raw data.
- 13. Explain how 360 degrees feedback as a development tool.

(Or)

- 14. Explain about Performance linked remuneration system.
- 15. Explain the conceptual framework of Employee Enagagement.

(Or)

- 16. What are the behaviors associated with Engaged employees? Explain.
- 17. How to identify the second line leaders for developing their Capabilities.

(Or

18. How to taking up lateral hiring whwn there is discontinuity in the succession plans.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A'" Grade)

III - B.B.A:: Semester - V

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

CLUSTER-II (HR)

COM239 :: INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions

(5 X 3 = 15 Marks)

- 1. Importance of Industrial relations
- Types of disputes
- 3. Functions of trade unions
- 4. Objectives of WPM
- 5. Necessity of collective bargaining
- 6. Organs of Industrial peace
- 7. Weakness of Trade unions
- 8. Levels of participation

SECTION -B

Answer all questions.

(5 X 7 = 35 Marks)

Max Marks: 50

9. What are the meaning of Industrial Relations? Describe its nature and scope.

(OR)

- 10. Describe the functional requirement of successful industrial relations.
- 11. What are the various causes for arising Industrial Disputes? Explain

(OR)

- 12. How to settlement of industrial disputes? Describe its mechanism.
- 13. What is the Trade Union Describe the various principles of Trade Unionism

(OR)

- 14. Discuss the growth of Trade union movement in India.
- 15. What are the objectives of workers participation in management? Describe various forms of participation in management.

(OR)

- 16. Describe various causes of failure of joint management council.
- 17. What are the features of collective bargaining? Describe its importance.

(OR)

18. Explain the principles of collective bargaining system in India.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVRAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A'" Grade) VI SEMESTER B.B.A. GENERAL MODEL QUESTION PAPER COM287::BUSINESS STRATEGY Section - A

Answer any FIVE of the following

 $5 \times 3 = 15$ Marks

- 1. Scanning of Business Environment
- 2. Core Competencies
- 3. Mergers and Acquisitions
- 4. Strategic Vision
- 5. Strategic Analysis
- 6. Functional Plans
- 7. Strategy formulation
- 8. Expansion or Growth strategy

Section - B

Answer all the questions

 $5 \times 7 = 35$ Marks

9. Define Business Strategy! Explain the need for Business Strategy

Or

- 10. Explain the various functions of business strategy
- 11. Explain the role of strategic thinkers in strategic analysis

Or

- 12. Explain the need for strategic analysis and environmental scanning
- 13. Explain the various steps in strategy formulation

Or

- 14. What are the various types of strategies?
- 15. Explain the various steps in strategic planning process

Or

- 16. What are the issues to be addressed in strategy implementation?
- 17. Explain in detail the strategic management process

Or

18. Explain the role of strategic management in policy making

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

Model Question Paper (For Admitted Batch 2019-20) III BBA, SEMESTER – VI

COM288: MEDIUM AND SMALL ENTERPRISES MANAGEMENT

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following.

 $5 \times 3 = 15M$

- 1. Major Problems of SME.
- 2. Backward Area Development
- 3. KIABD
- 4. TEKSOC
- 5. Venture Capital
- 6. Subsidies and Incentives
- 7. BIFR (Board for Industrial & Financial Reconstruction).
- 8. Role of SIDO.

SECTION - B

Answer all the following.

 $5 \times 8 = 35M$

- 9. Enumerate the significance of medium and small enterprises in Indian Economy.

 OR
- 10. Explain the Role of Government in promoting small and Medium Enterprises.
- 11. What is location of units? In what way location is important for small and medium enterprises?

OR

- 12. What is registration of small and medium enterprises? Explain the process of registration with DIC
- 13. Explain the sources of Finance available to small and mediumenterprises.

OR

- 14. List out various marketing functions of small and mediumenterprises
- 15. How to prevent sickness in small and mediumenterprises?

OR

- 16. What is sickness? Explain itscauses.
- 17. Enumerate the significance of Rural Industries in IndianEconomy.

OR

- 18. Attempt the following:
 - (i) DIC. (ii) What are ancillaryindustries?

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(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade) III BBA, SEMESTER- VI

Model Question Paper

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

COM289::Project Evaluation & Management

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max Marks: 50

PART - A

Answer any FIVE questions.

 $(5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Types of Projects
- 2 Product Mix
- 3. Technical Analysis
- 4. PERT
- 5. Pay Back Period
- 6. Manpower Planning
- 7. Human Aspect
- 8. Project Termination

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions.

 $(5 \times 7 = 35 \text{ Marks})$

9. Explain the Generation and Screening of Ideas in PEM

- 10. Write about Problems of Project management
- 11. Explain Markets and Demand Analysis briefly

- 12. Explain the Estimation of Sales and Production in Analysis of Project
- 13. What is the Post Project Review in Project evaluation

- 14. Explain about the Methods of evaluation in Project evaluation
- 15. What is the Human Ergonomics? Explain briefly

- 16. Explain about the Pre requisites for Successful Project Implementation
- 17. What are the Types of Project Termination? Explain briefly

18. Write the evaluation of Termination Possibilities.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III - B.B.A:: Semester - VI (For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

CLUSTER - I (EB)

CAP:: e-Payments System MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

 $5 \times 3 = 15M$ Answer any FIVE questions from the Following:

- 1. Uses of RSA.
- 2. What is NEFT?
- Describe about SWIFT. 3.
- What is meant by virtual currency? 4.
- What do you mean by SBT? 5.
- 6. Digital wallets.
- What are Hash functions? 7.
- What is Fedwire? 8.

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions from the Following:

5 X 7 = 35M

9. Define e-Cash. Explain the objectives and Importance of e-Cash.

(OR)

- 10. Enumerate the recent trends in e-Cash.
- 11. Explain the process of Real Time Gross Settlement System (RTGS).

(OR)

- 12. Explain the functioning of Fedwire.
- 13. Discuss various cryptographic methods and explain their Importance.

- 14. Briefly explain about Asymmetric Cryptography.
- 15. Explain the need for Obopay along with its Merits and Demerits.

(OR)

- 16. Explain advantages and disadvantages of wireless payments.
- 17. Explain the functioning of EIPP providers.

18. Enumerate the working of: i)Biller service providers. ii) customer service providers.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A+" Grade)

III - B.B.A:: Semester - VI (For Admitted Batch 2019-20) CLUSTER - I (EB)

CAP:: Social Media and e-Marketing MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE questions from the Following:

 $5 \times 3 = 15M$

- Objectives of Social Marketing.
- 2. Digital consumers.
- 3. Features of Twitter.
- 4. Lead generation platform.
- 5. Merits of Merchandising.
- 6. Uses of LinkedIn.
- 7. What is meant by Public Relations?
- Define Strategic marketing.

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions from the Following:

 $5 \times 7 = 35M$

9. Explain social media planning process.

(OR)

- 10. Differentiate between social media marketing and strategic marketing.
- 11. Explain the merits and demerits of social media marketing segments.

(OR)

- 12. Explain various functions of online communities.
- 13. Enumerate the role of social media in marketing research.

(OR)

- 14. Explain the operations of various social media sites.
- 15. Define e-marketing. Explain objectives and importance of e-marketing.

(OR)

- 16. Explain merits and demerits of online advertising.
- 17. Briefly explain various methods of e-marketing.

(OR)

18. Enumerate the mode of public relations.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III - B.B.A:: Semester - VI

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

CLUSTER - II (IIR) MODEL QUESTION PAPER COM243::GLOBAL HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Max. Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions

(5 X = 15 Marks)

- 1. Problems of IHRM
- 2. Expatriate Vs Inpatriate
- 3. Need for expatriate training
- 4. Advantages of international staff policies
- 5. International labour relations
- 6. Approaches of international compensation
- 7. Cross cultural value
- 8. Information technology impact of IHRM

SECTION -B

Answer ALL questions.

(5 X 7 = 35 Marks)

- 9. What are the similarities and differences between domestic and international HRM? (OR)
- 10. What is IHRM? Describe its nature, importance and objectives of IHRM.
- 11. What is the recruitment polices adopted in International recruitment?

(OR)

- 12. What are the most important factors involved in the selection decision?
- 13. Describe the main objectives and approaches of international compensation policies.

(OR)

- 14. Discuss the major factors associated with appraisal of expatriate managerial performance.
- 15. What are the Challenges faced in Training expatriate managers? Describe the current scenario in International Training and Development.

(OR)

- 16. Describe various types of expatriate training.
- 17. What is the factors influence compensation policy in International HRM?

18. What is the social security measures adopted across the countries? Explain

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A⁺" Grade)

III - B.B.A:: Semester - VI (For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

CLUSTER – II (IIR) MODEL QUESTION PAPER COM244::TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

Max. Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions

(5 X 3 = 15 Marks)

- 1. Objective of training
- 2. Training period
- 3. Vestibule training
- 4. Purpose of development
- 5. In-Basket
- 6. Audio-visual aids
- 7. Importance of development
- 8. Special project

SECTION -B

Answer all questions.

(5 X 7 = 35 Marks)

9. What are the objectives of training and development?

(OR)

- 10. Describe the need for identification of training and development.
- 11. What is the policy and programs adopted in training and development?

(OR)

- 12. How to decide the training period? Descry the polices adopted in training of different employees.
- 13. Describe the various methods adopted for on the job training.

(OR)

- 14. Discuss the major factors associated with case study method and role play method.
- 15. What are the Challenges faced in development program? Describe the purpose of Development.

(OR)

- 16. Describe various stages in development program.
- What is the concept of coaching? Describe the various techniques adopted in coaching.

(OR)

18. What is the importance of counselling? Describe the management games.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B. Com – Hons. (AT), V - Semester Syllabus (For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

COM270: TAX PLANING AND MANAGEMENT

MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 ½ Hours Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following

5x3 = 15 M

- 1. Tax Evasion
- 2. Tax Planning
- 3. Perquisites
- 4. HUF
- 5. Types of Companies
- 6. SEZs
- 7. Dividend
- 8. Firm

SECTION - B

Answer the following

5x7 = 35 M

- 9. What is meant by tax management? Describe the elements to be covered under it.
 OR
- Throw light on the need and importance of tax-planning. Explain various types of tax planning.
- 11. Explain briefly tax planning for salaried persons.

OR

- 12. Explain the applications Sec 80C in reducing the tax bill of salaried persons.
- 13. Explain the assessment of HUF and Firms.

OR

- 14. Explain the allowance and disallowance for remunerations paid to partners.
- 15. What is meant by Company? Explain the tax rates and relating to company Assessment provisions

OR

- 16. Explain the dividend distribution tax and deemed dividend.
- 17. Discuss tax planning according to the forms of small business organization.
- 18. What are the exemptions and provisions relating to SEZs, Software Parks?

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A'" Grade)

III B. Com – Hons. (AT), V - Semester Syllabus (For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

COM270: TAX PLANING AND MANAGEMENT

MODEL PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

5x3 = 15 M

Answer any FIVE of the following

- 1. Tax Evasion
- 2. Tax Planning
- 3. Perquisites
- 4. HUF
- 5. Types of Companies
- 6. SEZs
- 7. Dividend
- 8. Firm

SECTION - B

Answer the following

5x7 = 35 M

- 9. What is meant by tax management? Describe the elements to be covered under it.

 OR
- 10. Throw light on the need and importance of tax-planning. Explain various types of tax planning.
- 11. Explain briefly tax planning for salaried persons.

OR

- 12. Explain the applications Sec 80C in reducing the tax bill of salaried persons.
- 13. Explain the assessment of HUF and Firms.

OR

- 14. Explain the allowance and disallowance for remunerations paid to partners.
- 15. What is meant by Company? Explain the tax rates and relating to company Assessment provisions

OR

- 16. Explain the dividend distribution tax and deemed dividend.
- 17. Discuss tax planning according to the forms of small business organization.

OR

18. What are the exemptions and provisions relating to SEZs, Software Parks?

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Accredited by NAAC "A+" Grade)

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & APPLICATIONS

III-B.Com (AT) - <u>Tally with GST</u> - SEMESTER - V (For Admitted Batch 2018-19) MODEL OUESTION PAPER

Time: 3Hrs

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE Questions. All questions carry equal Marks.

 $2Q \times 5M = 10 M$

- 1. What is meant by Computerized Accounting? Write various versions of Tally.
- 2. How to displaying & altering Ledgers?
- 3. Write GST rate allocation to stocks?
- 4. Explain any 5 short cut key used (other than voucher keys) in Tally.

SECTION - B

Answer ALL Questions from the Following:

 $4Q \times 10M = 40 M$

- 5. Give differences between Manual Accounting and Computerized Accounting. (OR)
- 6. What are the components of GST?.
- Explain how to Create a Company in Tally with an Example.
 (OR)
- 8. Discuss the GST Rates.
- 9. What are default Ledgers and explain how to create single ledger in Tally? (OR)
- 10. Explain how to create Multiple Ledgers in Tally.
- 11. Write various types of Accounting Vouchers available in Tally. (OR)
- 12. Explain the GST invoice?

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)
VI – Semester, II B.Com (A&T)
(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)
(Model Question Paper)
COM141 – Accounting for Service Organisations

Time: 2 1/2 Hours Max Marks: 50

SECTION - I

Answer any FIVE from the following.

5x3=15 Marks

- 1. Difference between Double Entry System and Double Accounting System?
- Give a Proforma of Profit and Loss Account of Banking Company.
- 3. Re-Insurance, Annuity, Surrender value
- 4. Slip System.
- 5. Explain about Different types of Policies.
- 6. What are the features of Double Accounting system?
- 7. Draw a Profarma of Revenue account in General Insurance Company.
- 8. Distinguish between Life Insurance and General Insurance.

SECTION - II

Answer the following questions.

5x7=35 Marks

9. Following balances are extracted from the books of CLS Corporation as on 31-03-2017. Credit Balances: Equity Shares 1,64,700; Debentures 60,000; Sundry Creditors on open Accounts 300; Depreciation fund 75,000; Sale of Current 39,000; Meter rent 1500;

Balance of Net Revenue Accountas on 1st April, 2016.

Debit Balances: Capital Expenditure on 31-03-2017 2,85,000; Capital Expenditure during 2016-17 18,300; Sundry Dr's for current supplied 12,000; Other Debtors 150; Stores in Hand 1,500; Cash in hand 1,500; Cost of generation of electricity 9,000; Cost of distribution of electricity 1,500; Rent, Rates Taxes 1,500; Management expenses 3,600; Depreciation 6,000; Interim Dividend 6000; Interest on Debentures. Prepare Capital Account, Revenue Account, Net Revenue Account, Balance sheet from the above trial balance.

(OR)

- 10. From the following particulars draw up Capital Account and General Balance Sheet as on 31st march, 2017 on double accounting system. Authorized capital Rs.30,00,000; Subscribed capital Rs.26,00,000; 11% Debentures Rs. 4,00,000: Trade Creditiors Rs.1,60,000; Reserve Rs.1,50,000; Trade Debtors Rs. 3,80,000; Cash in hand and at Bank Rs.3,50,000; Investments Rs.1,50,000; Stock Rs.2,40,000. Expenditure to 31st march 2016: Land Rs. 1,20,000; Shafting etc.,Rs.13,50,000; Machinery Rs. 4,00,000; Building Rs.1,30,000. The expenditure during the year ended 31-03-2017 was Rs.2,50,000 has been created. The balancing item of Rs.1,60,000 may be taken as profit to the company.
- 11. Explain in brief various provisions of Banking Regulations Act, 1949.

- 12. Write short notes on 1) Investments 2) Advances 3) Deposits 4) Contingent Liability
- 13. From the fallowing information prepare profit and loss account of VANI Bank for the year ended on 31-03-2017. Interest on Loans Rs. 2,59,000; Interest on fixed deposits Rs. 3,17,000. Rebate on bills discounted Rs. 49,000; Commission Rs. 8200; Payments to employees Rs. 54,000; Discount on bills discounted Rs. 1,55,000; Interest on cash credits Rs. 2,23,000; Rent and Taxes Rs. 18000; Interest on over drafts Rs. 1,54,000; Director's fees Rs. 3000; Auditors Rs. 1,200; Interest on savings bank deposits Rs. 68,000; Postage, Telegrams Rs. 1,400; Printing and stationery Rs. 2,900. Sundry charges Rs. 1,700.

Additional Information:

- (a)Provide for contingencies Rs. 20,000.
- (b) Transfer Rs. 1,55,700 to reserve fund.
- (c) Transfer Rs.20,000 to central government.

(OR)

14. The following figures are extracted from the books of NEW Bank Ltd., as on 31-03-2017. Interest on discount received Rs.40,60,000; Interest paid on deposits Rs.24,04,000; Issued and subscribed capital Rs.10,00,000; Reserve under section 17 Rs.7,00,000; commission, exchange and brokerage Rs.1,80,000; Rent received Rs.60,000; Profit on sale of investment Rs.1,90,000; Salaries and allowances Rs.2,10,000; Director's fees and allowances Rs.24,000; Rent and taxes paid 1,08,000; Stationary and printing Rs.48,000; Postage and Telegrams Rs.40,000; Other expenses Rs.10,000; Audit fees Rs. 8,000; Depreciation on bank's properties Rs. 25,000.

Additional information:

- (a) A customer whom a sum of Rs.5,00,000 has been advanced has become insolvent and it is expected only 40% can be recovered from his estate. Interest due at 15% on his debt has not been provided in the books.
- (b) Provision for bad and doubtful debts on other debts necessary Rs.1,00,000.
- (c) Rebate on bills discounted on 31-3-2016, Rs.10,000 and Rebate on bills discounted on 31-3-2017.
- (d) Provide Rs.7,00,000 for income tax.
- (e) The directors desire to declare 10% dividend. Prepare the Profit and Loss account in accordance with law.
- 15. A Life Insurance Corporation gets its valuation made once in every two years. The Life Insurance fund on 31-03-2017 amounted to Rs.41,92,000 before providing for Rs. 32,000 for the share holders dividend for the year 2016-17. Its actual valuation on 31-03-2017 disclosed net liability of Rs. 40,40,000 under the assurance and annuity contract. An interim bonus of Rs.40,000 was paid to the policy holders during the period ending 31st march, 2017. Prepare a statement showing the amount now available as bonus to policy holders.

- The Revenue Account of a Life Insurance Company shows the Life Insurance Fund at the end of the year 2017 at Rs. 31,20,800 before Taking in to account the fallowing items.
 - (i). Claims intimated but not admitted Rs. 40,000.
 - (ii). Bonus utilised in reduction of premium Rs. 6,500.
 - (iii). Interest accrued on securities Rs.12,500.
 - (iv). Outstanding premiums Rs.11,000.
 - (v). Claims covered under re insurance Rs. 12,000.

Pass the necessary journal entries, giving effect to the above omissions

17.From the fallowing particulars ascertain the claim to be lodged in respect of consequential loss policy. The Policy is for Rs.4,90,000 with an indemnity period for 6 months. Fire Occurred on 01-07-2016 and affected sales for 3 months. Sales for 12 months ending 30-6-2016 amounted to Rs.5,00,000 and for the accounting year ended 31-12-2015 amounted to Rs.2,00,000. Sales for 3 months ending 30th September, 2015 and 2016 were Rs. 1,00,000 and Rs. 4,000 respectively.

(OR)

18. Explain about using terminology in General insurance claims.

III B.Com (A &T), SEMESTER - VI

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

COM267: ADVANCED CORPORATE ACCOUNTING

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following.

 $(5\times3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Minority interest
- 2. Disposal of Surplus
- 3. Double Accounting system
- 4. Cost of sales adjustments
- 5. Monetary working Capital Adjustments
- 6. HRA in India
- 7. Nature of social responsibility
- 8. Liquidator

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions

 $(5\times7 = 35 \text{ Marks})$

9. The balance sheet of A Ltd. and B. Ltd., on 31st Dec 2020 were as under.

Liabilities	A Ltd.	B Ltd.	Assets	A Ltd.	B Ltd.
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Share Capital in shares of Rs.10each	100000	25000	Land and Buildings	30000	
General reserve	15000	5000	Plant & Machinery	100000	
P&L Account 1.1.2015	20,000	10,000	Debtors	5000	15000
Profits for 2015	25,000	12,500	Stock	20,000	42,500
Creditors	25,000	15,000	Cash	5000	5000
Bills Payable	7,500		1500 shares in B. Ltd. Cost	32,500	
			Bills receivables		5000
	192500	67500		192500	67500

Shares were acquired by A Ltd., on 1st July 2015. Bills receivable held by B Ltd. are all accepted by A Ltd. Included in the debtors of B ltd., is Rs. 10,000 owing by A Ltd. in respect of goods supplied. Prepare Consolidated Balance sheet.

OR

10. What are advantages and Disadvantages of holding companies?

11. Following balances are extracted from the books of CLS Corporation as on 31-03-2017. Credit Balances: Equity Shares 1, 64,700; Debentures 60,000; Sundry Creditors on open Accounts 300; Depreciation fund 75,000; Sale of Current 39,000; Meter rent on open Accounts 300; Depreciation fund 75,000; Sale of Current 39,000; Meter rent on open Accounts on 1st April, 2016. 1500; Balances of Net Revenue Accounts on 1st April, 2016. 1500; Balances: Capital Expenditure on 31-03-2017 2,85,000; Capital Expenditure during 2016-17 18,300; Sundry Debtors for current supplied 12,000; Other during 2016-17 18,300; Sundry Debtors for current supplied 12,000; Other Debtors 150; Stores in Hand 1,500; Cash in hand 1,500; Cost of generation of Debtors 150; Cost of distribution of electricity 1,500; Rent, Rates Taxes 1,500; electricity 9,000; Cost of distribution of electricity 1,500; Rent, Rates Taxes 1,500; Management expenses 3,600; Depreciation 6,000; Interim Dividend 6000; Interest on Debentures. Prepare Capital Account, Revenue Account, Net Revenue Account, Balance sheet from the above trial balance.

OR

12. From the following balances as on 31st March, 2016 appearing in the ledger of the Universal Electric Supply Corporation Ltd., you are required to prepare Revenue Account and Net Revenue Account.

Account and Net Revenue Account.	DEBIT	CREDIT
PARTICULARS		6,00,000
Equity share		2,00,000
Debentures	1,50,000	
Land on 31-03-2015	60,000	
Land purchases during the year	1,60,000	
Mains including cost of laying to 31-3-2015	76,000	
Mains Expended during the year	5,50,000	
Machinery on 31-3-2015	66,000	
Machinery purchased during the year		1,000
Sundry creditors		2,50,000
Depreciation Fund Account	40,000	
Sundry Debtors for current supplied	500	
Other Book Debts	6,000	
Stores in hand	4,000	
Cash in hand	30,000	
Cost of generation of electricity	9,000	
Cost of distribution of electricity	9,000	1,50,000
Sale of current		
Meter rent		5,000
Rents, Rates and Taxes	12,000	
Establishment expenses	21,000	
Interest on Debentures	10,00	0
Interim dividend	20,00	0
Depreciation	20,00	0
Net Revenue Account balances on 31-3-2015		28,500
Net Revenue Account balances on 31-3-2015	12,34,50	0 12,34,500

13. What do you mean by accounting for changing prices? What are the advantages and Disadvantages of Inflation accounting.

14. Ascertain Net Monetary result as at 31st March, 2013 from the data given below.

. Ascertain Net Monetary result as at 31	1-4-2012	31-3-2013
	15,000	21,000
Cast at Bank	45,000	54,000
Accounts Receivables	75,000	50,000
Accounts Payable	75,000	
General Price Index Numbers:		100
1 st April 2012		125
31st March 2013		120
2013-13 Average		

15. what are the important methods of Human Resource Accounting.

OR

- 16. What are the social responsibilities of a Business Organization?
- 17. What is Liquidation? Explain the different types of liquidation of company.

OR

18. Govinda Company went into liquidation. Its assets realized Rs. 3, 50,000 excluding amount realized by sale of securities held by the secured creditors. The following was the position.

Share Capital:

1000 Shares of Rs. 100 each:

Secured creditors	Rs.
(Securities realized Rs.40, 000)	35,000
Preferential Creditors	6,000
Unsecured Creditors	1, 40,000
Debentures having a floating charges	2, 50,000
Liquidation expenses	5,000
Liquidators remuneration	7,500
Prepare Liquidators Final Statement of A	ccount.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A+" Grade)

III B. Com - Honours (Accounting & Taxation), VI - Semester (For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

COM273 :: GST Procedures and Practices **Model Paper**

Time: 3Hrs

Max. Marks: 60

SECTION -A

Answer ANY FIVE of the following Questions

5x3 = 15M

- 9. GSTN
- 10. Composite Supply
- 11. Debit Notes Credit Notes
- 12. UTGST
- 13. Output Tax
- 14. Annual Returns
- 15. Input Service Distributor
- 16. Bill of Entry

SECTION -B

Answer the following Questions

 $5 \times 7 = 35M$

9. Briefly explain the Genesis of Goods and Services Tax in India

- 10. Briefly explain the Indirect Tax Reforms in India
- 11. Explain the registration of Supplier under CGST

Or

- 12. Explain the procedure for CGST.
- 13. Explain the provisions relating to Time and Value of Supply of Goods and Services under CGST

Or

- 14. Describe the types of GST in India.
- 15.Explain about the assessment procedure and audit of taxable persons under CGST

- 16. Explain about various returns to be filed by regular business under GST Act, 2017
- 17. What are the various types of customs duties under the Act

Or

18. Explain in detail the Export Procedure under the Customs Act

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B.A (ESC) V Semester (For Admitted Batch 2019-20) Model Question Paper COM166::CENTRAL BANKING

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions

5x3=15 Marks

- 1. Central Bank Functions.
 - కేంద్ర బ్యాంకు విధులు
- 2. Management of RBI
 - రిజర్ము బ్యాంకు నిర్వహణ
- 3. RBI Act 1935
 - రిజర్ను బ్యాంకు చట్టం 1935
- 4. Recent Developments in RBI లజర్ము బ్యాంకు లోని నూతన అభివృద్ధి లు
- 5. Repo Rates

ರೆವಃ ರೆಟ್ಸ್

- 6. Exchange rate stability
 - మారకపు రేట్ స్త్రీరత్వము
- 7. Basle Norms

బాసిల్ నిబంధనలు

8. Prudential Norms పుడెబ్రయల్ బబంధనలు

SECTION - B

Answer the following questions.

5x7 = 35 M

9. Explain Functions of Central Bank కేంద్ర బ్యాంకు యొక్క విధులను వివలించండి.

(Or)

10. What is the role of Central Bank in developed and developing countries? అభివృద్ధి చెందినా మలయు అభివృద్ధి చెందుతున్న దేశాలలో కేంద్ర బ్యాంకు పాత్రను వివరించండి. Narrate briefly the Interface between Reserve Bank of India and other Commercial Banks.
 భారతీయ రాజర్ము బ్యాంకు మరియు వివిధ వాణిజ్య బ్యాంకుల మధ్య అంతర్ముఖంను వివిరించండి.

(Or)

- 12. Explain the salient/principal features of R.B.I Act, 193.0 రజర్ము బ్యాంకు చట్టం 1935 యొక్క ముఖ్య లక్షణాలను వివరించండి.
- 13. Write about Credit control measures. పరపతి నియంత్రణ కొలమానాలను గూల్ప వ్రాయండి.

(Or)

- 14. Explain the Monetary policy statements of RBI భారతీయ రిజర్యు బ్యాంకు యొక్క ద్రవ్య విధానాల నివేదికను వివరింపుము.
- 15. State the price controlling measures taken by R.B.I. ధరలు నియంత్రణకు గాను రజర్యు బ్యాంకు చేపట్టిన చర్యలను వివరిచండి.

Or)

- 16. What are the intervention mechanisms of R.B.I? Explain. భారత లజర్వు బ్యాంకు యొక్క మధ్యవర్తిత్వ యంత్రాంగాలు ఏవి.వివరించండి ?
- Explain the R.B.I Regulation and Supervision of Banks.
 బ్యాంకులపై రజర్వు బ్యాంకు వారి విధి మరియు పర్యవేక్షణలను వివరించండి.

(Or)

18. Explain the effect of liberalization and Globalization in banking sector. బ్యాంకింగ్ రంగంలో సరజీకరణ మలయు ప్రపంచీకరణ యొక్క ప్రభావాన్ని తెల్పండి.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B.A (ESC) V Semester

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Model Question Paper

COM167::RURAL AND FARM CREDIT

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max, Marks: 50

5 X 3 = 15 Marks

SECTION- A

- Financial inclusion ಅಂದ ನೆಂಡ
- 2. Self Help Groups agence was nowen
- Rural Industries గ్రామం సంచ్రమలు
- Kosam Credit Card కినింస్ జైడిట్ ఆంగ్ర్
- Cost of Credit మ్మయు పరాపతి
- 6. NABARD సాబార్త
- 7. Analysis of 3' C. 3 ిస్లువైషణ
- General Credit Card (GCC) సాధారణ క్రెడిట్ జార్డ్

SECTION- B

Answer from the following శ్రీయ అగ్ని ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధానం ప్రాయండే. $5 \times 7 = 35 \text{ Marks}$

 Write about the objectives and significance of rural credit గ్రామణ పరపత యొక్క ధ్యేయాలు మరియు ప్రాముఖ్యతను తెల్పండి.

(OR)

- Explain the Classification of Rural credit గ్రామణ పరపత యొక్క పెర్టికరణ ను తెల్పండి
- Elucidate the institutional and Non Institutional Agencies for financing agriculture and rural development.
 - ವ್ಯವಸಾಯ ಮರಿಯು ಗ್ರಾಮಿಣ ಅಥವ್ಯದ್ಧಿ ಕೆ ಆರ್ಥಕ ಸರ್ಪಯಾಸ್ಕ ಅಂದಿಂದೆ ಸಂಸ್ಥಾಗ**ತ, ಸಂಸ್ಥಾಗತೆ**ತರ ಏಔಸ್ಸಿಲನು ಗುಾರ್ವ ತಿಲ್ಪಂಡಿ.

- 12. Write about the Institutions for financing rural industries ႐ူးစီးက ဆံဗုန္ပည္သံၿမိဳး အင္စ္ဂ မ సహాయాన్న అందించే సంస్థలను గూల్ప తెల్పండి
- 13. Write about the Scope and importance of farm credit, principles of farm credit. వ్యవసాయ పరపతి యొక్క స్వభావం మరియు ప్రాము ϕ_6 తను, సూత్రాలను గూర్చి తెల్పండి.

- 14. Write about the Types of cost of credit, problems and remedial measures వ్యవసాయ పరపతి యొక్క రకాలు, సమస్కలను , సమస్కలను పరిస్కరించే చర్మలను తెల్ప**ం**డీ.
- 15. Explain the role of commercial and regional rural banks ವಾಣಿಜ್ಯ ಮರಿಯು ಪ್ರಾಂತಿಯ ಗ್ರಾಮಿಣ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕುಲ ಯುಕ್ಕ ಪಾಹ್ರನು ಗೂರ್ವಿ ಪ್ರಾಯುಮು.

(OR)

- 16. PACS-APCOB-NABARD PACS - APCOB - NABARD
- 17. Write on Analysis of 3' C 3 "సి" ల విశ్లేషణ ను గూల్చి తెల్పండి.

(OR)

18. Write on Analysis of 3' R. " 3R" ಲ ವಿಶ್ಲೆಷಣ ನು ಗೂಲ್ಪ ವಿವಲಂచಂಡಿ

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B.Com (BIFS) V Semester

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Model Question Paper

COM278:: Financial Services

Max. Marks: 50

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

SECTION-A

5 X 3 = 15 M

Answer any FIVE from the following questions

1. Financial Services.

- Classification of financial services.
- Merchant Banking.
- 4. Qualities for merchant bankers.
- 5. Fund unit vs. share- origin.
- Difference between factoring and discounting.
- 7. CRISIL ICRA.
- 8. Financial lease vs. Operating lease

SECTION-B

Answer All the questions

 $5 \times 7 = 35 M$

9. Define objectives & characteristics and classification of financial services.

OR

- 10. Financial Service sector in India and Regulatory framework for Financial Service sector in India.
- 11. scope and functions of merchant banking.

- 12. Explain the Progress of merchant banking in India.
- 13. Characteristics and types of lease.

- 14. Advantages of leasing limitation of lease financing.
- 15. Features and scope of venture capital.

OR

- 16. Functions of credit rating and credit rating Agencies in India.
- 17. Functions, advantages of mutual fund.

18. Functions and benefits of factoring and types of factoring.

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B.COM (BIFS) VI - SEMESTER

(For the Admitted Batch 2019-20)

COM283::MARKETING OF FINANCIAL SERVICES

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time: 2 1/2 Hours		Max Marks: 50
	CITI CITIES	

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following

 $5 \times 3 = 15M$

- 1. Characteristics of Services
- 2. Macro Environment of Financial Services
- 3. Product Development in Financial Services
- 4. Role of Communication in Services Marketing
- 5. Personal financial services marketing strategy
- 6. Cross selling Distribution channel
- 7. Service quality in financial services
- 8. Brand Image in marketing financial services

SECTION - B

Answer the following questions

 $5 \times 7 = 35M$

- 9. Distinguish between product and services marketing
- 10. Explain the recent trends in financial services marketing
- 11. Explain the role of communication in services marketing
- 12. Explain briefly the services marketing mix
- 13. Describe the strategies for selling personal financial services
- 14. Explain the role of advertising for marketing of financial services
- 15. Explain the various types of distribution channels for financial services

- 16. Briefly explain the evaluation of performance of sales force persons 17. Explain the various strategies for sustaining brand image of financial services
- 18. Explain the role of technology in marketing of financial services

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III BBA (GENERAL)

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

COM291::TAXATION Model Question Paper

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE questions

5X3 = 15M

- Assessment year
- 2. Person
- 3. allowances
- 4. Perquisites
- 5. Deductions of business income.
- 6. Exempted u/s capital gains.
- 7. Assessment procedure
- 8. VDS Schemes

SECTION-B

Answer all questions

5X7 = 35M

9. How do you determine the Residential Status of different assesses.

OR

- 10. Explain any 15 exempted Incomes.
- 11. What are the deductions allowed from Annual Value of House Property while computing the Income from House Property?

OR

12. Mr. Madhava aged 45 years is working as assistant in the marketing department if TTD Ltd. Bangalore. His salary income details are as follows.

Basic salary Rs. 15000 pm

Dearness allowance Rs. 5000pm

Dearness pay Rs.2000pm

Commission Rs. 45000pa

Entertainment allowance Rs. 700 pm (Rs.6000 spent on entertainment during the year)

House Rent allowance Rs. 7500 pm (Rent paid Rs.9000 pm)

Compute taxable salary for the Assessment year 2016-17

 Explain the various expenses which are not allowed for calculation of Income from Business

OR

14. Profit and Loss account of M/S Raju & Company

General expenses	7,000	Gross Profit	1,40,000
Fire Insurance Premium	2,000	Bad debts	4,000
Bad debts	1,000	Interest from Govt.	4,000
Salaries	65,000	Rent Received from employees	12,000
Advertisements (in Cash)	22,250	Interest from debtors for delayed payment	6,000
Proprietor's Salary	12,500		
Interest on Capital	3,000		
Motor Car Expenses	750		
•	1,66,000		1,66,000

General expenses include Rs. 4,000/- paid as compensation to an old employee whose services were terminated the interest of the business and Rs. 2200/- by way of help to a poor students. Depreciation calculated according to the rates comes to Rs. 2900/- sales tax was paid on 1-5-2015. Date of filing of return is 31-7-2015. Compute business income.

- 15. Mr. Ramananad inherited 20 acres of agricultural land in urban limits form his father during 1979. The FMV on 1-4-1981 was Rs. 38,000 per acre. He made improvements during the P.Y 1985-86 at cost of Rs. 3,000/- per acre (CII 133). On 17-8-2015 he sold 10 acres at Rs. 12,50,000/- per acre and expenditure on transfer was 4%. He made the following appropriations.
 - a) Purchased another of 10 acres of agricultural land at Rs. 1,90,000/- per acre.
 - b) Purchased residential house for Rs. 24,00,000/-
 - c) Paid Rs. 9,00,000/- for a bank loan for private purpose.

Compute taxable capital gain. (Cll 1981-82 =100; 2015-16 = 1081)

OR

- 16. what are the deductions available in computation of Income from other sources?
- 17. briefly explain about income tax authorities.

OR

18. Tax recovey and Tax refunds.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B. Com - Hons. (AT) V - Semester

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Model Question Paper

COM160::ACCOUNTING & AUDITING STANDARDS

Time: 2 1/2 Hours.

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions

5x3=15 Marks

1. Accounting Principles

- 3. 'A' Limited produces chemical 'X' which has following production cost per unit Raw 2. Accounting Standards Material=Rs.5; Direct Labour=Rs.2; Direct Expenses=Rs.3; Normal Capacity=5,000 units per annum; Actual Production=4,000 units; Fixed Production Overhead=Rs.20,000 per annum. The Company has 2,000 units of unsold stock lying with it at the end of year. You are required to value the closing stock.
- 4. On 01.01.2017 'C' Corporation has 1800 equity shares outstanding. On 31.05.2017, it issued 600 equity shares for cash (without Bonus claim). On 01.11.2017 it bought back 300 equity shares. Calculate weighted average number of shares as on 31.12.2017.
- 5. AS-10: Accounting for Fixed Assets
- 6. AS-22: Accounting for Taxes
- 7. Auditing Evidence
- 8. USGAAP and Indian GAAP.

SECTION - B

Answer the following questions

5x7 = 35 Marks

9. Discuss about the significance of Accounting Standards

(OR)

- 10. Explain the role of Accounting Standards Board (ASB) in formulation of Accounting Standards in India.
- 11. 'B' Company Limited charged depreciation on its Asset on Straight Line Method basis. For the year ended 31-03-2018 it changed to Written-Down Value basis. The impact of the change when computed from the date of the asset coming to use amounts to Rs.20 lakhs being additional charge. Decide how it must be disclosed in profit and loss account. Also, discuss when such changes in method of depreciation can be adopted by an enterprise as per AS-6.

(OR)

- Explain the objectives and scope of valuation of Inventories. 12
- 13. On 31.03.2018, Gaint Ltd. sold equipment to Small Ltd. and simultaneously leased it back for 12 Years. Prominent information at this date is as follows:

Sale Price

: Rs.4,80,000

Carrying amount

: Rs.3,60,000

Estimated remaining economic life

: 15 years

From the financial year 2017-1018, how much should Gaint Ltd. report as deferred gain from the sale of equipment?

(OR)

- 14. Write a note on disclosure in Annual Financial Statements.
 - 15. Explain the need for and objectives of Auditing Standards.
 - (OR)
 16. Make a note on Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.
 - 17. What are the merits and limitations of IFRS?

(OR)

18. Explain IFRS implementing challenges in India.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A*" Grade)

III B. Com - Hons. (AT), V - Semester Model Question Paper (For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

COM149::COST ACCOUNTING Max Marks: 50

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

SECTION - A

5 X 3 = 15 M

Answer any FIVE Questions. All questions carry equal Marks.

- Objectives of Cost accounting.
- Cost center and Cost unit
- ABC analysis
- 4. Difference between allocation and apportionment Calculate the earnings of the workers A and B under Taylor differential piece rate system.

Normal rate per hour Rs.10

Standard output per hour 10 units

Differentials to be applied:

80% of the piece rate for below standard

120% of the piece rate for above standard

In a day of 8 hours 'A' produced 60 units and 'B' produced 100 units

- From the following information calculate:
 - P/V Ratio
 - Break Even Point. 2.

Break Even	Rs.
Total Fixed Costs	4,500
Total Variable Costs	7,500
Sales	15,000
Suice	

- 7. Limitations of Standard Costing
- 8. Normal loss & Abnormal loss

SECTION - B

Answer ALL the Questions. All questions carry equal Marks

 $5 \times 7 = 35 M$

9. What is Cost Accounting? Explain the advantages of Cost Accounting. (OR)

10. From the following particulars prepare Cost sheet as on 31st December 2016

	Rs.		Rs.
Direct material			500
Direct wages	30,0000	Factory plant	
Wages of foreman	2,500	Office premises	1,250
Electric power	500	Consumable stores	2,500
Lighting:		Manager's salary	5,000
Factory	1,500	Director's fees	1,250
Office	500	Office stationery	500
Storekeeper's wages	1000	Telephone charges	125

Oil and water Rent: Factory Office Repairs and Renewals: Factory plant Office premises Transfer to reserves Discount on shares written off	500 5,000 2,500 3,500 500 1,000 500	Postage and telegrams Salesmen's salaries Travelling expenses Advertising Warehouse charges Sales Carriage outward Income- tax	1,250 500 1,250 500 1,89,500 375 10,000
	2,000	nt shows the following part	iculars.

250

11. The Received side of the Stores Ledger Account shows the following p

500units @ Rs.4/-January 1 Opening Balance January 5 Received from Vendor 200units@Rs. 4.25 January12 Received from vendor 150units@ Rs 4.10 300 units @ Rs. 4.50 January 20 Received from vendor 400units@4 January 25 Received from Vendor

Issue of materials were as follows:

Jan.4 – 200 units, Jan 10 – 400 units, Jan 15 – 100 units, Jan 19 – 100 Units, Jan 26 – 200 units Jan 30 - 250 units. Issues are to be priced on the principle of 'First in First out'.

12. From the following particulars prepare Store Ledger by Weighted average price method.. January 1st 2016 Balance 100 units at Rs.10 per unit

Purchases

Date	Units	Rate
January 15	40 units	Rs.11 per unit
February 25	60 units	Rs.12 per unit
March 25	50 units	Rs. 10 per unit
Issues		
Date	Units	

January 20th 80 units February 20th 30 units March 10th 40 units

13. Kumaresh Ltd. has three production departments A,B,C and two service departments D and E. Following figures are extracted from the records of the company:

	Rs.
Rent and Rates	5,000
Indirect Wages	1,500
Depreciation of Machinery	10,000
General Lighting	600
Power	1,500
Sundries	10,000
Following further details are available:	manos€sitti fü 600

Floor Space (sq. metres) Light Points Direct Wages(Rs.) H.P. of Machines Value of Machinery (Rs.)	Total 10,000 60 10,000 150 2,50,000	A 2,000 10 3,000 60	B 2,500 15 2,000 30	C 3,000 20 3,000 50	D 2,000 10 1,500	E 500 5 500
value of Machinery (Rs.)	2,50,000	60,000	80,000	1,00,000	5.000	5.000

Apportion the costs to various departments on the most equitable basis by preparing a Primary Departmental Distribution Summary.

(OR)

14. A worker produced 100 articles during 44 hours in a week.

Hourly wage rate is Rs.19. The estimated time to produce 1 Article in 30 minutes. Under incentive scheme this time is allowed is increased by 20%.

Calculate Gross wage under:

(c) Time rate

(c) Rowan plan

(d) Halsey plan

15. A B C Chemical Company Ltd produced three chemicals during the month of July by three consecutive processes in each process 2% of the total weight put in is lost and 10% is scrap which from processes I and II realizes Rs. 10/- a ton and from process III Rs. 20 a ton. The products of three processes are dealt with as follows:

three processes are dealt	with as follows:	Process - I	Process – II	Pro	cess – III	
Passed on to the next pro Send to warehouse for sa		75% 25%	50% 50%	10	- 0%	
Expenses incurred: Raw Materials Manufacturing wages General Expenses	Rs. 1,20,000 20,500 10,300	Tons 1000 	Rs. 28,000 18,520 7,240	Tons 140 	Rs. 1,07,840 15,000 3,100	Tons 1348
Prepare process cost acco		(OR)	C.L.I. Cri	0		

16. What is Job Costing? Explain the features and advantages of Job Costing?

17. The sales and profit during the years were as follows.

Year	Sales	<u>Profit</u>
2015	2,40,000	30,000
2016	2,70,000	42,000

Calculate:-

- (e) P/v ratio
- (f) Break Even Sales
- (g) Profit when sales are Rs.1,50,000
- (h) Sales required to earn a profit of Rs.57,000

(OR)

- 18. From the following information calculate:
 - a) Material price variance
 - b) Material usage variance
 - c) Material cost variance
 - d) Material mix variance.

	Stand	ard	Act	ual
Material "A"	Quantity 20	Price	Quantity 30	Price
Material "B"	30	8	40	9
		**	***	

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade) III B. Com – Hons. (AT), V - Semester Syllabus

(For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

MODEL PAPER COM148::AUDITING

Max. Marks: 50 Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Section-A

Answer any FIVE of the following

5x3=15M

- 1. Error of commission
- 2. Auditing Vs Investigation
- 3. Government audit
- 4. Internal audit
- 5. Audit Note Book
- 6. Internal check
- 7. Vouching of credit sales
- 8. Disqualifications of auditors.

Section-B

Answer any FIVE of the following

5x7 = 35M

- 9. Define Auditing. Explain its objectives?
 - (OR)
- 10. Explain the good qualities of an Auditor.
- 11. Write different types of Audits in brief.

(OR)

- 12. Differentiate between Internal audit and External audit.
- 13. What are the components of audit program?

(OR)

- 14. What are the steps to be taken at the commencement of new audit?
- 15. Explain to vouch the cash transactions.

(OR)

- 16. State the difference between vouching and verification.
- 17. Explain the procedure for appointment of an auditor in a joint stock company. (OR)
- 18. What is an audit report? Explain Clean Audit Report.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B. Com (Accounting & Taxtion), VI - Semester Syllabus (For Admitted Batch 2019-20)

Model Paper COM150 - Management Accounting

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE of the following:

 $5 \times 3 = 15M$

- Define Management Accounting. Explain its Objectives?
- 3. Calculate the trend percentage from the following figures taking 2013 as the base and interpret them:

et them: Year	Sales	Stocks	Profit before tax
	1,881	709	321
2013 2014	2,340	781	435
2015	2,655	816	458
2016	3,021	944	527
2017	3,768	1,154	672

- 4. Write about the Cash from Operations.
- 5. What are the limitations of Ratio Analysis.
- 6. From the following Balance Sheets, prepare a Schedule of Changes in Working Capital.

Liabilities	2016	2017	Assets	2016	2017
Capital	10,000	10,000	Cash	5,500	5,400
Profit & Loss A/c	5,200	15,400	Debtors	3,400	6,400
Long term loan	6,000	8,000	Stock	5,400	9,200
Short term loan	2,400	2,400	Long term		
Creditors	3,600	3,600	Investments	7,000	12,000
Outstanding wages	1,400	800	Plant	10,600	9,600
Income tax payable	3,800	3,400	Prepaid insurance	400	800
	32,400	43,600	•	32,400	43,600

8. Current Ratio 4:1, Quick Ratio 3.2:1, Current Liabilities 25,000. Find out Current

assets, working capital & Stock.

 $5 \times 7 = 35 \text{ M}$

9. What are the differences between Cost Accounting and Management Accounting?

(OR)

10. The following Balance Sheets are given:

). The following Balanc	e Sheets are	given:		2016	2017 90,000
Liabilities	2016 3,00,000	2017 4,00,000	Assets Goodwill Land and	1,15,000 2,00,000	1,70,000
Equity Share Capital Redeemable Pref. Capital General Reserve P & L A/c Proposed Dividend Creditors	1,50,000 40,000 30,000 42,000 55,000 20,000 40,000	16,000	Buildings Plant Debtors Stock Bills Receivables Cash in Hand Cash at Bank	80,000 1,60,000 77,000 20,000 15,000 10,000	2,00,000 2,00,000 1,09,000 30,000 10,000 8,000
Bills Payable Provision for Taxation	1,03,100			1,03,100	1,03,200
A. 2017, C. 1981 (1995)		· T	Langa Cheet		

You are required to prepare Comparative Balance Sheet.

11. Prepare a Balance Sheet from the particulars furnished hereunder:

:6 Stock Velocity : 20% Gross Profit Margin :2 Capital Turnover Ratio : 4 Fixed Assets Turnover Ratio

: 2 months Debt Collection Period

Creditors Payment Period : 73 days

Gross Profit was Rs.60,000

Excess of closing stock over opening stock was Rs.5,000

Difference in Balance Sheet represents Bank Balance.

The entire sales and purchases are made on credit basis.

(OR)

12. The following are the profit and loss account and the Balance Sheet of XY Ltd. Company.

Trading and profit & loss a/c

Rs. 10,000 55,000 50,000	By Sales By Closing Stock	1.00.000
55,000	By Sales By Closing Stock	1,00,000
2770		
1,15,000 15,000 3,000 12,000 20,000	By Gross Profit	1,15,000 50,000
	3,000 12,000 20,000	3,000 12,000

B	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Liabilities Capital Profit & Loss Account Creditors Bills Payable S h e	1,00,000 20,000 25,000 15,000	Land & Buildings Plant & Machinery Stock Sundry Debtors Bills Receivables Cash at Bank Furniture	50,000 30,000 15,000 15,000 12,500 17,500 20,000

You are required to calculate the following Ratio's.

- a. Stock Turnover /Ratio
- b. Current Ratio
- c. Gross Profit Ratio
- d. Net Profit Ratio
- e. Liquidity Ratio
- f. Proprietary Ratio.
- 13. Distinguish between Cash flow statement and funds flow statement.

(OR)

- 14. From the following Balance sheet of XY Ltd as at 31-12-2016 and 31-12-2017, you are required to prepare:
 - (i) Schedule of Changes in Working Capital;
 - (ii) Funds Flow Statement.

	2016	2017	Assets	2016	2017 12,000
Share	1,00,000 14,000 16,000 8,000 1,200 16,000	1,00,000 18,000 13,000 5,400 800 18,000	.000 Goodwill 00 Buildings 00 Plant 0 Investment Stock	37,000 10,000 30,000 2,000 18,000 36.0 11.0 23.4 3,20 19,0	36,000 36,000 11,000 23,400 3,200 19,000 15,200
	1,03,100	1,03,200	Duint	1,03,100	1,03,200

Additional information:

- Depreciation charged on plant was Rs.4,000 and on building Rs.4,000 1.
- Provision for taxation of Rs.19,000 was made during the year 2017 2.
- Interim dividend of Rs.8,000 was paid during 2017.
- 15. What is Cash Flow Statement? State its uses and limitations?

(OR)

16. Following are the comparative Balance Sheets of ABC Company:

Liabilities Share Capital Debentures Sundry Creditors Provision for doubtful debts P & L A/C.	2016 70,000 12,000 10,360 700 10,340	2017 74,000 6,000 11,840 800 10,560	Assets Cash Sundry debtors Stock Land Goodwill	2016 9,000 14,900 49,200 20,000 10,000	7,800 17,700 42,700 30,000 5,000
*	1,03,100	1,03,200	£	1,03,100	1,03,200

Additional Information:

- Dividend totalling Rs.3,500 was paid (i)
- Land was purchased for Rs.10,000 and amount provided for the amortisation (ii) of goodwill totalled Rs.5,000
- Debentures of Rs.6,000 were redeemed (iii) Prepare Cash Flow Statement.
- 17. The sales and profit for two years are given below:

Saics	and promition	iwo years are given	ociow.
		Sales (Rs.)	Profit(Rs.)
20	16	1,50,000	20,000
20	17	1,70,000	25,000
Calcu	late:		
(a)	P/V ratio		
(b)	B.E.P		
(c)	Sales requir	ed to earn a profit o	f Rs.40.000
(d)	Profit when	sales are Rs.1,80,0	00.

(OR)

18. A company is manufacturing 48,000 units at 80% capacity. The selling price per unit is Rs.9. The expenses are as follows.

	Rs.
Direct wages	62,000
Direct material	60,000
Variable overheads	22,000
Fixed overhead	80,000

The company received a Foreign order for 10,000 units at Rs.8.50 per unit. Give advice about the order.

(OR)

18. A company is manufacturing 48,000 units at 80% capacity. The selling price per unit is Rs.9. The expenses are as follows.

	Rs.
Direct wages	62,000
Direct material	60,000
Variable overheads	22,000
Fixed overhead	80,000

The company received a Foreign order for 10,000 units at Rs.8.50 per unit. Give advice about the order.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

III B.Com (A&T), VI SEMESTER

(For Admitted Batch 2019 - 2020)

COM253 – BUSINESS LAWS

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions.

 $5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ M}$

- 1. Write about the Voidable Contracts.
- 2. Write about Illegal Contracts.
- 3. Essential elements of Valid Offer.
- 4. Consideration
- 5. Write about Contingent Contracts.
- 6. What are the differences between Sale and Agreement to Sell?
- 7. Explain the Contract of Sale.
- 8. Explain the Cyber Crimes.

SECTION - B

Answer ALL the following questions.

 $5 \times 7 = 35 M$

- 9. Explain the essential elements of a valid contract.
 - (OR)
- 10. "All the Agreements are not Contracts, but All the Contracts are Agreements" -Explain.
- 11. Define Acceptance. Discuss its Legal rules.

(OR)

- 12. 'No Consideration, No Contract' Explain.
- 13. Explain different modes of discharge of contract.

- 14. What are the remedies for breach of contract.
- 15. Explain the implied Conditions and Warranties.

- 16. What are the rights of an Unpaid Vendor?
- 17. Explain the aims and objectives of Information Technology Act, 2000.

(OR)

18. Write about Digital Signature.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

BBA LOGISTICS, SEMESTER- I

Model Question Paper

(For Admitted Batch 2023-24)

LD2301 - FUNDAMENTALS OF LOGISTICS

Time: 21/2 Hrs. Max Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE questions.

 $(5\times3=15 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Logistics Cost
- 2. Logistics Out Sourcing
- 3. Global logistics
- 4, Warehousing
- 5. E-Commerce
- 6. Multi-modal transportation
- 7. Supply Chain
- 8. Exim bank

SECTION -B

Answer ALL questions.

 $(5\times7=35 \text{ Marks})$

9. (a) Explain the principles of logistics

(OR)

- (b) Explain the need for logistics
- 10. (a) Define Customer service. Explain the elements of customer service.

(OR)

- (b) Define Out sourcing. Explain the levels of logistics outsourcing.
- 11. (a) What are the strategic issues in global logistics?

(OR)

- (b) Define transportation. Explain the various types of transportation.
- 12. (a) Briefly explain the trends of marketing in E-Commerce.

(OR)

- (b) Briefly explain the categorization of shipments.
- 13. (a) Explain the role and functions of EXIM bank in detail.

(OR)

(b) Explain the terms (i) Liquid logistics (ii) Cold chain (iii) Rail logistics

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade) BBA (LOGISTICS)

ADMITTED BATCH 2023-24 I SEMISTER MODEL PAPER

LD2302:: MATERIALS MANAGEMENT

TIME:2 ^{1/}2 hrs MAX.MARKS:50

SECTION-A

Answer any **FIVE** from the following questions. $5\times3=15$.

- 1. Importance of material management.
- 2. Negotiation and Bargaining.
- 3. Purchase cycle.
- 4. Define EOQ.
- 5. Need of inventory.
- 6. Statistical quality control.
- 7. Cost reduction techniques in inventory.
- 8. Safety issues in material handling.

SECTION -B

Answer **All** the questions.

 $5 \times 7 = 35$

- 9. (a) Define material management and explain the scope and objectives of materials management (or)
- (b) What is supply chain management? Discuss the objectives and components of SCM 10 (a)) Discuss the purchasing and procurement activities under material management.

(or)

- (b)Define purchasing. Briefly discuss about the purchasing methods.
- 11 (a) Discuss the various types of inventory

(or)

- (b). Briefly explain the steps involved in materials requirement planning.
- 12 (a) Discuss the incoming material quality control techniques.

(or)

- (b) Explain brief note on concept of value engineering and value analysis.
- 13. (a) Explain the functions and importance of stores layout.

(or)

(b) Explain the principles of material handling system.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)RAJAHMUNDRY

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade) BBA (LOGISTICS) ADMITTED BATCH 2023-24

I SEMISTER MODEL PAPER

LD2303:: WAREHOUSE AND DISTRIBUTION OPERATION

TIME:2 ¹2 hrs MAX.MARKS:50

SECTION-A

Answer any **FIVE** from the following questions. $5\times3=15$.

- 1. Benefits of warehousing.
- 2. Associate Warehouse.
- 3. Advanced shipment notice.
- 4. Put away of goods.
- 5. Importance of packing.
- 6. Channels of distributions
- 7. Personal protective equipment
- 8. 5' concept of shop floor

SECTION-B

Answer All the questions.

 $5 \times 7 = 35$

10 (a)Explain the broad functions in a ware housing.

(or)

- (b) Explain the different types of ware houses.
- 10 (a) Explain the various stages in receipt of goods

(or)

- (b) Explain the procedure for arranging of good Dock
- 11 (a) What are the quality parameters in packing?

(or)

- (b) Explain the importance of proper packing of materials.
- 12 (a) Explain the Emerging trends in warehousing sector

(or)

- (b) Explain the significance of physical distribution
- 13. (a) Explain the various safety levels and procedures in a warehouse

(or)

(b). Explain the procedure for identification of Hazardous cargo.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), RAJAMAHENDRAVAARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

I B.B.A LOGISTICS, SEMESTER -II MODEL QUESTION PAPER

(FOR ADMITTED BATCH 2023 -2024)

LG2301 - ENTERPRISE RESOURCE PLANNING

TIME 2 ½ Hrs Max Marks:50

SECTION -A

Answer Any Five Questions

(5x3=15 Marks)

- 1. What is an Enterprise?
- 2. Name the ERP software solutions?
- 3. How the vendor solutions classified?
- 4. Define consultants?
- 5. Define ERP Implementation?
- 6. Define Maintenance of ERP?
- 7. Define Business?
- 8. Define CRP?

SECTION -B

Answer ALL Questions

(5x7=35 Marks)

9 (a). Evolution of ERP?

(or)

- (b).Explain in detail about the issues to be considered in planning design and implementation of cross functional integrated ERP systems. ?
- 10 (a). Write in detail about Business Process Management?

(or

- (b) Small, medium and large enterprise vendor solutions?
 - ₱ production planning module
 - ♣ Purchasing module
- 11 a). Explain ERP implementation methodology?

(or)

- 11 b). Briefly explain Data Migration process and its methods?
- 12 a). Explain the success and Failure factors of ERP?

(or)

- 12 b). Write in details about Organizational impact of implementation?
- 13 a) Write the following shortly.
 - The ERP add-ons
 - The Web enabled application of ERP

(or)

13 b). Explain in details about the cloud computing for ERP?

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE AUTONOMOUS RAJAHMUNDRY

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade) II BBA LOGISTICS, SEMESTER-II ADMITTED BATCH 2023-24

MODEL QUESTION PAPER LD2304 FREIGHT FORWARDING (OCEAN AND AIR CARGO)

TIME: 2 ½ Hours Marks: 50 MARKS

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions

(5 X3 = 15 MARKS)

- 1. Certificate of origin.
- 2. ICEGATE and Insurance
- 3. Bulk load handling
- 4. Vendor management
- 5. Freight Forwarding
- 6. Cargo handling
- 7. Importer and exporters code
- 8. 8.Letter of credit.

SECTION-B

Answer the following questions

(5X 7=35 MARKS)

10.(a) Explain the regulations pertaining to custom clearance.

Or

- (b) Explain freight forwarding processes.el
- 10. (a)Explain the Do's and Don'ts while handling different documents during customs clearance.

Or

- (b) Explain the stages of Documentation Process.
- 11. (a) Explain the procedures for pre-operating checks and operational checks to be performed for every shipment.

Or

- (b) Explain in brief the procedure for checking shipping bill.
- 12. (a) What are the different types of cargo? Explain in detail.

Or

- (b) Discuss the basic regulations pertaining to cargo movement by Air, Sea and Land.
- 13. (a) Explain the procedure for dealing with loss or damage to goods.

Or

(b) Explain the terms (i) Carting and (ii) Stacking

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

I BBA LOGISTICS, SEMESTER- II

Model Question Paper

((For Admitted Batch 2023-24)

LD2305- FORECASTING AND INVENTORY MANAGEMENT TIME:212 hrs. Max Marks: 50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE questions.

(5 x3 = 15 Marks)

- 1. Demand forecasting
- 2.0bjectives of S&OP
- 3. Short term forecasting Techniques
- 4. Purpose of Inventory
- 5. Types of goods
- 6. EOQ
- 7. Inventory management Uncertainity
- 8. Profit Margin

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions.

(5 x7 = 35 Marks)

9. (a) Distinguish between demand planning v/s Forecasting

(OR)

- (b) What are the types of demand forecasting?
- 10. (a) Explain different types of methodologies in FIM.

(OR)

- (b) Explain the role of Technology Information Forecasting and Assessment Council.(TIFAC)
- 11. (a) Write about the Multi-Echelon Inventory System.

(OR

- (b) Explain the use of computers in inventory management.
- 12. (a) What is the requirement of codes? Explain.

(OR)

- (b) What are the costs associated with inventory?.
- 13. (a) What are the steps to improve inventory management?.

(OR)

(b) Write the role of inventory management system.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY BBA (LOGISTICS) SEMISTER II MODEL PAPER

ADMITTED BATCH 2023-24

LD2306:: SURFACE TRANSPORTATION

TIME:2 1/2 hrs SECTION-A MAX.MARKS:50

Answer any FIVE from the following questions.

5×3=15

- 1. Surface transportation
- 2 .Vehicle tracking system
- 3. Intermodal transportation
- 4. Loss on damage of goods in transit
- 5. Safety data sheet
- 6. Safety procedures
- 7. Customer management
- 8. DG Handling

SECTION -B

Answer All the questions.

5×7=35

9(a) Explain the role of transportation in Logistics.

(or)

- (b) Explain the various land transport carriers and their load capacities.
- 10(a) Explain the various reasons of delay during transit.

(or)

- (b) Explain about the transportation optimization.
- 11 (a) Explain the organization structure in a transport organization.

(or)

(c)Explain the importance of safety data sheet and labels. 12(a) Explain the benefits of efficient transportation system.

(or)

- (b) Explain various government regulations on transportation in India.
- 13. (a) Explain various factors influencing rail logistics.

(or)

(b). Explain the various features and facilities offered by rail logistics

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

II BBA LOGISTICS, SEMESTER-III

Model Question Paper

(For Admitted Batch 2022-23)

L21C20::LIFE SKILL DEVELOPMENT PRACTICAL

Time: 2I/2 Hrs Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE questions.

 $(5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. What are the soft skills?
- 2. Time management.
- 3. Social media etiquette.
- 4. Types of non-verbal communication.
- 5. Group discussion.
- 6. Leadership styles.
- 7. Problem solving skills.
- 8. Types of verbal communication.

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions.

 $(5 \times 7 = 35 \text{ Marks})$

9. (a) Explain the importance of soft skills during transaction from campus to corporate.

(OR)

- (b) What is the importance of soft skills? Explain in detail.
- 10. (a) What are the essentials and barriers of non-verbal communication.

(OR)

- (b) What are the essentials and barriers of verbal communication?
- 11. (a) Explain different types of interviews.

(OR)

- (b) What are the essentials for preparing cv/resume and effective profiling?
- 12. (a) What do you mean by intrapersonal and inter personal skills? Explain briefly.

(OR)

- (b) Explain different types of leaderships skills required in the present corporate world.
- 13. (a) Explain the procedure for group discussion.

(OR)

(b) What are the preparations for interview handling?

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE AUTONOMOUS), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade) II BBA LOGISTICS, SEMESTER- III

Model Question Paper

(For Admitted Batch 2022-23) L21C16- MIS FOR LOGISTICS

Time: 2 1/2 Hrs Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE questions.

 $(5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Challenges in MIS for Logistics
- 2. Architecture and Infrastructure of Information system
- 3. Types of Data Mart
- 4. Business Intelligence & Analytics in Dataware house
- 5. Copy Rights and Patent
- 6. Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP)
- 7. Project Management
- 8. Business Software Tools

SECTION - B

Answer ALL questions.

(5 x7= 35 Marks)

- 9. (a) Explain the components of Information Management System
 - (OR)
- (b) Explain about various Cloud Computing
- 10. (a) Explain the components of Dataware house

(OR)

- (b) Explain the basic Network components and layers of OSI Model
- 11. (a) Explain about Intellectual property rights

(OR)

- (b) Explain Strategic planning and Dissemination of Information Technology
- 12. (a) Explain Supply Chain Management

(OR)

- (b) Explain Customer Relationship Management
- 13. (a) Explain System Development Process

(OR)

(b) Explain Business Intelligence in the Enterprise

Government College (A) Rajamahendravaram Re-Accredited by NAAC with A+ Grade II BBA(Logistics) Semester-III (For the admitted batch 2022-23) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time: 2 1/2hrs MaxMarks:50

SECTION-A

L2IC17- INTERNATIONAL LOGISTICS MANAGEMENT

Answer any FIVE of the following

5X3-15 M

- 1. Concept of international logistics
- 2. Seven R's of logistics management
- 3. Transport cost
- 4. Role of Clearing agent
- 5. Definition of fright
- 6. Containerization
- 7. International insurance
- 8. Brokerage

SECTION-B

Answer the following

5X7-35M

9.A) Differentiate the supply chain and logistics management

(OR)

- B) Meaning of international logistics? Concept and components of international logistics?
- 10. A) various modes of transport?

(OR)

- B) Definition of international market? International market channels?
- 11. A) what is multi mode transport? Characteristics of transport?

(OR)

- B) What is International air transport? Air cargo tariff structure.
- 12. A) Discuss the role & functions of containerization

(OR)

- B) Briefly explain export clearance at ICD, CONCOR, ICDS UNDER CONCOR 13
- 13.A) Explain about terms of payment?

(OR)

B) What is customs clearance? Briefly explain that?

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade) II BBA (LOGISTICS) III SEMISTER MODEL PAPER

ADMITTED BATCH 2022-23

L21C18::RETAIL LOGISTICS AND E-COMMERCE

9.(a)Explain the Macro and Micro aspects for supply chain
TIME:2 1/2 hrs MAX.MARKS:50

SECTION-A

Answer any **FIVE** from the following questions.

5×3=15.

- 1.Importance of logistics.
- 2. Out-bound shipments
- 3. Assembling
- 4. Reverse logistics
- 5. Order processing
- 6. Activities in Order processing
- 7. E-Commerce
- 8. Business to Business(B2B)

SECTION-B

Answer All the questions.

5×7=35

(or)

- (b) Explain the concept and the scope of retail logistics
- 10 (a) Explain the interface of market forecasting methods in logistics

(or)

- (b) Explain about Retail marketing
- 11 (a) Explain the types of reverse logistics

(or)

- (b) Explain the best practices in reverse logistics.
- 12 (a) What are the roles and responsibilities associate order processing?

(or)

- (b) Briefly explain about E-Commerce logistics
- 13. (a) Write the difference types of E-Commerce

(or)

(b) Write the difference types of electronic payment systems

GOVERNMENTCOLLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVRAM (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade) II B.B.A. LOGISTICS-SEMESTER III ADMITTED BATCH 2022-23 MODEL OUESTION PAPER L2IC21::LINER LOGISTICS

Time: 2 % Hrs. Max Marks: 50

SECTION - A

I. Answer any FIVE of the following

5x3 = 15 Marks

- 1. Tramp trades
- 2. Basic Ship Layout
- 3. Dangerous goods
- 4. Liner Shipping Operations
- 5. Unitization
- 6. Bill of Lading
- 7. INCO Terms
- 8. Liabilities of the agent

SECTION - B

II. Answer All the Questions

5x3 = 15 Marks

9.a. Explain the various types of ships or vessels used in liner trade.

OR

- b. Briefly explain about the port organization.
- 10. a. Explain the role of ship officers and agents in liner shipping operations.

OR

b. List out the various methods of cargo handling in shipping operations. 11. a. Explain the various types of containers and their measurement metrics.

OR

- b. Explain the legal and insurance implications of container trade.
- 12. a. Explain the features of UK Bill of Lading 1855.

OR

- b. Explain the various clauses of Bill of lading.
- 13. a. Explain the various methods of payment in international trade.

OR

b. Explain the legal aspects of bill of lading.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade) II BBA (LOGISTICS)-SEMISTER III MODEL PAPER ADMITTED BATCH 2022-23 L21C15::MARKETING MANAGEMENT

TIME:2 1/2 hrs MAX.MARKS:50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE of the following.

5×3=15M

- 1. Define marketing.
- 2. Product concept.
- 3. Market segmentation.
- 4. Product life cycle.
- 5. Define pricing.
- 6. Distribution channel.
- 7. Sales management.
- 8. Online marketing.

SECTION -B

Answerthe following questions.

5×7=35M

- 9. (a) What is marketing? Explain the various concepts of marketing.
 - (or)
 - (b) What is marketing mix? Explain its elements.
- 10 (a) Explain the psychological factors influencing consumer behavior.

(or)

- (b) What is market segmentation? Explain the need for market segmentation.
- 11 (a) What is product life cycle? Explain the stages of it.

(or)

- (b) Define pricing? Explain objectives and policies of pricing.
- 12 (a) What are the various types of distribution channels.

(or)

- (b) What is promotion mix? Discuss various elements of promotion mix.
- 13. (a) What is advertising? State its functions.

(or)

(b) Explain social responsibility and ethical issues in marketing.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

II B.B.A LOGISTICKS, SEMESTER-III

Model Question Paper

(For admitted Batch 2022-2023)

L21C19::WORD & PRESENATION TOOLS-PRACTICAL

Time:2 1/2Hrs Max Marks:50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE Questions

(5x3=15 Marks)

- 1. Describe all the Editing Techniques of Ms Word?
- 2. What is Power Point Presentation? Why it is used?
- 3. Explain Creating Tables in MS-WORD?
- 4. What is Slide Shorter View?
- 5. How do you Check Spellings and Grammar of a MS Word Document?
- 6. Explain and Using Tool Bars?
- 7. Explain At least Three Slides In MS Power Point?
- 8. Discuss about Texts in Align, Left, Right justify and Centre?

SECTION-B

Answer All Questions

(5x7=35 Marks)

9. (a).Explain Features of MS-Word?

(OR)

- (b). Explain the various menus of MS Word?
- 10. (a). Write a Short note on Windows OS?

(OR)

- (b). Explain Text Formating Facility of MS Word Document?
- 11. (a). What is Power Point Presentation? Explain the Components of Power Point Presentation?

(OR)

- (b). Write a short note on various Page Layouts Options available in MS Word?
- 12. (a). What is Mail Merging? Describe the Steps of Mail Merging?

(OR)

- (b). Explain How Bullets are added in MS Word Document?
- 13. (a). How to create the Steps involved in Power Point Presentation?

(OR)

(b). Explain Organization chart with minimum Three Hierarchical Levels in MS Power Point Presentation?

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade) II BBA LOGISTICS SEMISTER -IV

(Form the admitted batch 2022-2023)

L21C22: PORT TERMINALS LOGISTICS

TIME:2 1/2 hrs MAX.MARKS:50

SECTION-A

Answer any **FIVE** from the following questions.

5×3=15.

- 1. Major ports India.
- 2 .Role of ports.
- 3. Privatization of terminals.
- 4. Window system in a terminal.
- 5. Major port trust Act.
- 6. Berth reservation schemes.
- 7. Port Tariff
- 8. Pilots and their duties.

SECTION -B

Answer All the questions.

5×7=35

9 (a) What is a port? Difference between Major and Minor ports.

(or)

- (b) How to New ports to be developed in India? Explain.
- 10 (a) What is privatization of Terminals state Reason for privatization.

(or)

- (b) Explain about Agreement between the existing port terminals and the new operator.
- 11 (a) What are the Facilities available in a terminal.

(or)

- (b)Explain about window system in terminal.
- 12 (a)Major port Trust Act provisions.

(or)

- (b)Explain the various berths in a port.
- 13. (a) Explain about Tariff Authorities of major port.

(or)

(b). Explain about compensation and confiscation of cargo to adjust dues.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE(AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with A+Grade)
II BBA LOGISTICS -SEMESTER IV

(Form the admitted batch 2022-2023)
MODEL QUESTION PAPER

L21C25::LOGISTICS NETWORK DESIGN

TIME:2 1/2 MAX MARKS=50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE of the following questions

5 X 3 = 15 M

- 1. Logistics network facilities
- 2. Write on logistics network design with Price discount
- 3. What about location and size of warehouses?
- 4. Which warehouse should service which customers?
- 5. Write on transportation rates.
- 6. Describe the strategic decision.
- 7. Optimisation
- 8. Data Aggregation

SECTION-B

Answer the following questions

5 X 7= 35 M

9. (a) What are the components of logistics network?.

Or

- (b)Explain the three models of network design.
- 10. (a) Describe the key issues of network design.

Or

- (b) Write about best distribution channels.
- 11. (a) What is data required for network design? And explain the listing of all products. Or
 - (b) Write about Order patterns by frequency, size and season.
- 12. (a) How to determine optimal sourcing strategy? Briefly explain.

Or

- (b) What about configuration of the distribution network? How it satisfies product demands at specified customer service level?
- 13. (a) Describe the data collection information.

Or

(b) Explain the data validation and model.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)

RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

II BBA (LOGISTICS)-SEMESTER-IV

(W.e.f.2023-24 Admitted Batch)

L21C26::LOGISTICS 4.0

TIME: 2 1/2 hrs MAX.MARKS:50

SECTION-A

Answer any **FIVE** OF the following

5×3=15.

- 1. Trends of Big Data.
- 2. SMART Factory.
- 3 Evolution of Logistics.
- 4. Cloud computing.
- 5.Telemetric Technology.
- 6.Technology in procurement.
- 7. Opportunities of logistics 4.0
- 8.Logistics 4.0 Era.

SECTION-B

Answer All the questions.

 $5 \times 7 = 35$

9. (a) Write the impact of Digitalization on connected Economy.

(or)

- (b) Explain briefly about Industry 4.0
- 10 (a) Big data and analytics-Explain?

(or)

- (b) Digital transformation of supply chain management.
- 11 (a) Write the changes in Business Models.

(or)

- (b) Write the different types of inventory control systems.
- 12 (a) Write the different technology in logistics and warehousing 4.0

(or)

- (b) Write the Impact of Digital Technologies on the inventory management techniques.
- 13. (a) Write the Advantages and disadvantages of Logistics 4.0

(or)

(b)Explain different kind of business issues in logistics 4.0

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade) II BBA LOGISTICS- SEMISTER -IV MODEL PAPER

DDA LUGISTICS- SEIVIISTER -IV IVIUDEL PAP

(Form the admitted batch 2022-2023)
L21C23:: DATA ANALYSIS USING SPREAD SHEET

TIME:2 1/2 hrs MAX.MARKS:50

SECTION-A

Answer any **FIVE** from the following questions.

5×3=15.

- 1. Define the terms work book and worksheet.
- 2. How to edit text in a cell.
- 3. How to copy worksheets with in a work book.
- 4. What is a formula.
- 5. Auto fill feature in Excel.
- 6. How to add chart notes in MS-Excel charts.
- 7. How to sort the cell data in MS-Excel.
- 8. Pivot table.

SECTION-B

Answer **All** the questions.

5×7=35

9 (a)Explan the uses of MS Excel.

(or)

- (b) Explain the parts of the worksheets with the help of a diagram.
- 10 (a) How to manage work sheet in MS Excel.

(or)

- (b) Explain how to format text in Excel.
- 11 (a) Explain the use of function Wizard in excel.

(or)

- (b) Explain various categories of excel functions with examples.
- 12 (a) Explain different types of charts in Excel? Explain how to create charts in Excel.

(or)

- (b) Explain about the filter feature in excel.
- 13. (a) Briefly explain pivot table in MS-Excel.

(or)

(b).Briefly explain about macros in MS-Excel.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

(Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade) (W.e.f.2023-24 Admitted Batch) II BBA (LOGISTICS)-SEMESTER-IV

L21C24 COMMERCIAL GEOGRAPHY

TIME:2 12 hrs MAX.MARKS:50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE OF the following.

5×3=15.

- 1. Physical environment.
- 2 .Latitudes.
- 3. Industrial Estates.
- 4. SEZS.
- 5. Time zones.
- 6. International dateline.
- 7. Importance of IATA.
- 8. Trade lines.

SECTION-B

Answer All the questions.

5×7=35

9 (a)Define environment? Explain different types of environment.

(or)

- (b) Discuss the factors effecting commercial activities of man.
- 10 (a) Explain India's population size and distribution.

(or)

- (b) Explain the following.1.Longitudes 2.Latitudes. 3Equator.
- 11 (a) Define transportation? Explain different types of transportation.

(or)

- (b) Briefly discuss about Air and Sea routes in India.
- 12 (a) What is mean by time zone. Discuss about process of calculation of time zones.

(or)

- (b) What are the various exercises can be prepared around time zones.
- 13. (a) Define trade. Explain the trade between the countries.

(or)

(b) What are the commercial airports? Explain the major airports in India.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

II BBA LOGISTICS SEMISTER -IV

(Form the admitted batch 2022-2023)

L21C27C::MULTI-MODAL TRANSPORTATION

TIME:2 1/2 hrs. MAX.MARKS:50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE from the following questions.

 $5 \times 3 = 15$.

- ${\bf 1} \ . In termodal \ transportation.$
- 2. Package carriers.
- 3. LASH transportation.
- 4. RORO
- 5. Bill of Lading.
- 6. Stuffing and De-stuffing.
- 7. Bharatmala.
- 8. Concept of ICP.

SECTION -B

Answer All the questions.

5x7=35

9 (a) State the differences between multimodal and intermodal transportation.

(or)

- (b) What are the different types of transportation Modes? Explain in detail.
- 10 (a) Elucidate the role of containerization in MMT.

(or)

(b) Mention the importance and features of national multi model transport committee 11 (a) Give the meaning of INCOTERMS, Explain the list and types.

(or)

- (b) Explain about multimodal transportation Act and its procedures.
- 12 (a) Elucidate the following. A) Rolling stock B) Cargo handling C)Stacking. (or)
- (b) Determine the layout and design of multimodal logistics parks.
- 13. (a) Discuss about Today-India's growing conflict between trade and transport.

(or)

(b). Explain about pricing integrated transport.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY (Re-Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade)

II BBA LOGISTICS SEMISTER -IV

(form the admitted batch 2022-2023)

L21C28C: COMMERCIAL ASPECTS OF TRANSPORTATION

TIME:2 1/2 hrs MAX.MARKS:50

SECTION-A

Answer any FIVE from the following questions.

5x3=15.

- 1. Concept of commercial viability.
- 2. Feasibility of Rail vs. Road
- 3. Booking process in railway.
- 4. Different types of tickets.
- 5. Write a note on agencies transportation
- 6. Delivery traffic on railways.
- 7. Rate fixation in transportation.
- 8. Explain about PRS.

SECTION-B

Answer All the questions.

5x7=35

- $9 \ (a) Explain \ the \ role \ and \ importance \ of \ commercial \ aspects \ of \ transportation.$
- (or
- (b) What are the functions of included in commercial aspects of transportation.
- 10 (a) Explain the passenger services in Indian railways. or)
- (b) Explain the passenger services in road sector.
- 11 (a) What are the different components of freight traffic. (or)
- (b) Explain the terms Demurrage and Wharfage in transportation.
- 12 (a) What are the costs involved in computing price of transportation.
- (or)
- (b) Differentiate the cost of service and value of service.
- 13. (a) Explain the various marketing strategies for commercial growth in railway. (b)Discuss about technology induced improvements in various aspects of commercial working.